The Irish Times.

SPECIAL EXTRA

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1927. VOL. LXIX. NO. 21,983.

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ROLL OF HONOUR.

IN MEMORIAM.
(1914-1918.)

BUTTLE—In fond, ever-loving memory of Albert Edward (Bertie), Lieutenant, Royal Irish R.fles. Died in France 2nd October, 1918.

COOPER—In ever-loving memory of Maurice Lea Cooper, D.F.C., Captain, Royal Air Force, beloved only son of John Hall and Gertrude Cooper, killed in action, in Belgium, October 2nd, 1918, aged 19 years and 9 months.

BIRTHS.

McGRANE—September 21, 1927, at the Private Nursing Home, 12 Upper Leeson street, to Mr. and Mrs. J. McGrane, "Hillside," Vernon Gardens, Clontarf, a daughter.

NOLAN—September 25, 1927, at 89 Lower Baggot street, the wife of D. J. Nolan, Munster and Leinster Bank, Navan, a daughter.

WHELAN—October 1, 1927, at the Private Nursing Home, 12 Upper Leeson street, to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick A. Whelan, 6 Tritonville avenue, Sandymount, a son

MARRIAGES.

CLARKE and REDMOND—September 28, 1927, at St. John's, Malone, by the Rev. Richard W. Seaver, B.D., Reginald F. Clarke, younger son of Mr. and Mrs. W. Clarke, Tara, Deramore Drive, Belfast, to Rhona F. Redmond, younger daughter of the late W. C. F. Redmond, D.L., R.I.C., and Mrs. Redmond, Langford, Deramore Park, Belfast.

HAWKINS and SIMMONS—September 28, 1927, at St. Mary's Church, Poole, by the Very Rev. Canon Okes-Perrin, Bernard Edwin, son of G. A. Hawkins, of Ashley House, Battledown, Cheltenham, to Amy Evelyn (Pat), second daughter of G. V. Simmons, of Ahlone, County Westmeath.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

BLOOD—September 29, 1927, at his residence, Trafalgar terrace, Monkstown, George Louis Blood, dearly surviving son of the late John Lloyd Blood, aged 80. Funeral (private), Dean's Grange, to-day. No flowers.

BREAKEY—October 2, 1927, at her residence, Ardcrate street, Navan, Mary Breakey, widow of the late William Breakey, J.P. Funeral at 2 o'clock to-morrow (Tuesday) to St. Mary's, Navan.

CLEARY—October 1, 1927, Teresa Cleary, of 11 Basile street, Dublin. R.I.P.

CONROY—September 28, 1927, in a Dublin hospital, Margaret J. D'Arcy, eldest daughter of the late John and Margaret D'Arcy Conroy, of Galway. Requiescat in pace.

COULSON—October 2, 1927, at her nephew's residence, Prospect House, Oakley road, Lavinia Ruth, widow of the late Corry Coulson.

DOWLING—October 1, 1927, at her residence, Commons, Clondalkin, Brizid, relict of the late William J. Dowling. Requiem Mass at 10 a.m. funeral at 3 p.m. to-day (Monday) from the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Clondalkin, family burial ground, Kilbride. American papers please copy.

EVANS—September 26, 1927, at Manitoba, Canada, Ann, husband of Margaret Evans, 43 Edenvale road, Ranelagh, beloved second son of the late R. T. Evans, Hillside, Greystones. Deeply regretted.

FREER—October 1, 1927, suddenly, William Owens Greer, Proprietor *Ulster Gazette*, Armagh, dearly loved son of the late residence, The Pavilion, Armagh, on Saturday (Tuesday), 4th inst., at 3 p.m., for family burying ground at St. Mark's, Armagh.

KELLY—October 2, 1927, at The Square, Kilcock, Mary, widow of the late James Kelly, R.I.P. Funeral arrangements later.

KING—October 2, 1927, at his residence, Avondale, Holywood, County Down, J. L. King, Government Auditor, Northern Ireland. Funeral private. No flowers.

MOLONY—October 1, 1927, at the residence of her niece, 23 Lower Mountpleasant avenue, Rathmines, Catherine Molony, late of 9 South King street, and widow of Michael Molony, of 90 Lower Dorset street, Dublin. R.I.P. Funeral this (Monday) morning to Glasnevin, after 10 o'clock Mass, from Haddington Road Chapel.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Ps. Jessie O'Donnell and sons, Clayton Cottage, Malahide road, desire to express their sincere thanks to the many kind friends who expressed sympathy in their sad bereavement by telegrams, letters, and floral tributes, and trust they will accept this as a grateful acknowledgment.

MONTH'S MIND.

Month's Mind Office and High Mass for late **Myles O'Rourke**, C.C., will be held in St. Aiden's, Seville place, Dublin, to-morrow (Tuesday) morning, October 4th, at 11 o'clock.

IN MEMORIAM.

CLARKE—In loving memory of our darling Emily, who passed away October 2nd, 1924, to the kingdom she adored. "For ever with the Lord." Deeply missed by her parents and brothers.

HAMILL—First Anniversary—In sad and loving memory of our dear father, Charles Henry Hamill, who died on October 3rd, 1926. R.I.P. Sacred heart of Jesus, have mercy on his soul. Inserted by his loving wife and children.

Masses will be celebrated for the repose of the soul of the late **Joseph Duncan** at Meath Street Church at 10 a.m. 4th and 5th inst. Inserted by comrades, Gate Porters, St. James's Gate Brewery.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS
In the Matter of
GEORGINA KIDGE, late of 16 Clyde road, in the City of Dublin, Widow, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Victoria, cap. 54, that the above-named Deceased, who died on the 2nd day of May, 1927, by her Will, dated the 2nd day of July, 1923, gave and bequeathed the following charitable legacies, that is to say :—

To the Royal City of Dublin Hospital, Upper Baggot street, the sum of two hundred pounds; to the Molyneux Asylum for the Female Blind of Ireland, Leeson Park, the sum of two hundred pounds; to the Select Vestry of the Parish of Christ Church, Leeson Park, in aid of the Parochial School Fund under their control, the sum of two hundred pounds.

Notice is hereby given that Probate of the said Will was, on the 19th day of September, 1927, granted to the Reverend Canon William Moore Gibbon, of Taney Glebe, Dundrum, Co. Dublin, Clerk in Holy Orders, and Mary Stubbs, of The Croft, Tatley, Hants, widow, both of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Saorstat Eireann (Probate).

Dated this 30th day of September, 1927.
THOMAS CROZIER and SON, 14 Fly place, Dublin, Solicitors for the Executors.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests and all whom it may concern.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
MARY CHRISTINA ENNIS, late of Lower Rowe street, Wexford, County Wexford, Spinster, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors, or to have any claims or demands against the Estate and Effects of the said Mary Christina Ennis, who died on the 21st July, 1927, are hereby required to furnish such claims in writing to or before the 28th October next to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors, by whom Probate was granted on the 28th September, 1927, forth of the District Registry, Waterford.

And Notice is hereby given that after said 28th October next the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of said deceased, having regard only to such claims or demands of which notice has been given as required.

Dated this 28th September, 1927.
M. J. O'CONNOR and CO., Solicitors, 3/4 Lower O'Connell street, Dublin, and Wexford.

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
REVEREND DENIS D. O'BRIEN, late of Fermoyle House, Emlagimore, County Kerry, Parish Priest, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors of, or otherwise having any claims against the estate of the said Reverend Denis D. O'Brien, deceased, who died on the 29th day of April, 1927, and Probate of whose Will was on the 22nd day of August, 1926, granted to the Reverend Nicholas Browne of Ballyferriter, Dingle, and Jeremiah J. Daly, of Cahereiveen; both in the County of Kerry, the executors therein named, are hereby required to furnish particulars in writing of such claims to the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executors on or before the 5th day of November, 1927, after which date the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which particulars shall have been given as above required.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1927.
E. and C. DOWNING, Solicitors for Executors, Tralee, Co. Kerry.

COUNTY OF LIMERICK.
SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCUIT.
BY THE CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE.
MICHAEL A. CORRIGAN, Chief State Solicitor, Plaintiff;
And
JAMES A. DOYLE, Solicitor, Defendant.

Pursuant to a Decree of the Circuit Court Judge of the County of Limerick, made in the above named suit, on the 10th day of November, 1926, and in the matter of the estate of Bridget O'Gorman, of 87 Henry street, in the City of Limerick, Spinster, Deceased, all persons claiming to be Next-of-Kin of the said Bridget O'Gorman, Deceased, who died on or about the 27th day of January, 1925, are, on or before the 17th day of October, 1927, to file evidence of such claims as Next-of-Kin, according to the Statute for the Distribution of Intestate Estates, of said Bridget O'Gorman, Deceased, or persons claiming to be the personal representatives of such of the said Next-of-Kin as are now deceased, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of said Decree.

All Next-of-Kin must produce evidence of their claim before the Circuit Court Registrar, of the County of Limerick, at the Courthouse, Limerick, on the said 17th day of October, 1927, being the time appointed for the adjudication of the claims.

Dated this 22nd day of September, 1927.
H. O'B. MORAN, Circuit Court Registrar for the County of Limerick.
JOHN L. POWER, Gilmalock, Co. Limerick, Solicitor for Plaintiff.
JAMES A. DOYLE, Solicitor for Defendant, 56 O'Connell street, Limerick.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
DISTRICT COURT OF THE COUNTY DUBLIN.
CLERK.—Take Notice that I, DELIA HUGHES, of Strawberry Hall, Knockmaroon, in the County of Dublin, do intend to apply at the next Annual Licensing Sessions for the County of Dublin, to be holden at Kilmainham, in and for the County of Dublin, for a Transfer and Confirmation of a Transfer of a Seven-day Licence to Sell Beer, Cider and Spirituous Liquors by Retail at and in the house situate at Astagob, Chapelizod, in the Parish of Castleknock, Barony of Castleknock, and County of Dublin.

Dated this 30th day of September, 1927.
DELIA HUGHES.
To Kenneth J. Reddin, Esq., District Justice of the County Dublin.
The Superintendents Garda Siochana, Howth, County Dublin.
The Clerk of the District Justice, Kilmainham Courthouse, Dublin.
The Pence Commissioners of said District.
W. J. SHANNON and CO., Solicitors, 19 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin.

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TENDERS are invited from competent builders for New Buildings at PARKGATE STREET, DUBLIN, for the LUCAN DAIRY COMPANY.
Drawings and specifications may be inspected at the offices of he Lucan Dairy Company at 23 and 24 Parkgate street, Dublin, on and after Monday 3rd October.
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RUBY PORT
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Porkers, under 4 stone	8d.	per cwt.	(dead weight)
" 4 " 5 "	8/-	"	"
" 5 " 6 "	8/8	"	"
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" 8 " 9 "	8/8	"	"
Pigs, 9 " 10 "	8/8	"	"
" 10 " 12 "	6/4	"	"
" 12 " 13 "	6/2	"	"
" 13 " 14 "	6/-	"	"
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Warmer Underwear
All Wool Combinations
Exceptional Offer of Ladies' Beautiful Cream All-Wool Combinations, guaranteed unshrinkable. Suitable for present wear. Woman's size ..... (Out size, 1/- extra). 7/11

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Great Offer of Ladies' All-Wool Ribbed Vests, soft, unshrinkable quality, nice weight for present wear. Clerys Price, each 2/6

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A Big Lot of Ladies' Splendid All-Wool Cardigans, suitable for present wear, two pockets. In shades of champagne, mauve, jade, tan, rose, white and black. Price, each 5/6

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Splendid Offer of Ladies' Dainty Winceyette Nightdresses, V neck, in pink, cream and sky, trimmed contrasting shades and floral hand-embroidery, as sketch. Price, each ... 4/11

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Wonderful Bargain Ladies' Cosy Ripplecloth Dressing Gowns, with stockinette back, one pocket, long sleeves; full size. In lovely shades of saxe, crimson and rose. Bargain Price, each 6/6

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A Big Lot of Ladies' Warm Fleeced Stockinette Cami-Bockers, with fine silk woven stripe and fancy shoulder straps. Full size. In shades of pink, sky, helio. Bargain Price 5/11

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Another Great Bargain Offer in Ladies' heavy silk-striped Stockinette Knickers, Directoire shape. Full size. In shades of grey, champ., saxe, sky and pink. Price 2/6

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Ladies' new Autumn Coats, beautifully cut from heavy all-wool Tweeds, self front belt, button through, 2 pockets. In Lovat and rust tweeds, with red overcheck. S.W. and W. sizes. Bargain Price, each 25/-

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An Exceptional Bargain in Splendid Quality Striped Flannelette, specially made and unshrinkable. An ideal fabric for Ladies' and Children's Underwear, also for Men's and Boys' Shirts and Pyjamas. In a neat range of stripes, including blue and white, fawn and white, rose and white, and heather stripe. Only, per Yard 8½

Special Offer of Ladies' Gloves
A Big Lot of Ladies' Imitation Buckskin Gloves, reversible cuffs with contrasting silk insertion and warmly lined. In beaver, brown, fawn and grey only. Per Pair 3/6

Seasonable Offer. Hot Water Bottles
A Big Purchase of these Splendid Durable Rubber Hot Water Bottles, guaranteed for 3 years. Size, 10 by 8 ins. Price (Post, 6d. extra.) 5/6

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Newest design in Ladies' Beautiful Black Lace Tunics, Skirt has three flounces of lace daintily frilled, as illust

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Mendip two/three seater	£380
Cotswold Tourer	£380
Sandown Special Tourer	£395
Broadway Saloon	£430
Manston Fabric Saloon (Leather upholstery, £12 12s. 0d. extra)	£430
Lonsdale Saloon	£430
Lynton Saloon Landaulette	£430
Grasmere three-quarter Landaulette	£475
Curzon Coupe	£475

THE 15 H.P. SIX-CYLINDER RANGE.

Mendip two/three seater	£430
Cotswold Tourer	£430
Sandown Special Tourer	£430
Broadway Saloon	£445
Manston Fabric Saloon (Leather upholstery £12 12s. 0d. extra)	£475
Lonsdale Saloon	£475
Lynton Saloon Landaulette	£505
Grasmere three-quarter Landaulette	£515
Curzon Coupe	£515

THE SHORT 20 H.P. SIX-CYLINDER RANGE.

Arundel two/three seater	£420
Taunton Tourer	£510
Braemar Special Tourer	£510
Stirling Saloon	£530
Cranwell Fabric Saloon (Leather upholstery £12 12s. 0d. extra)	£565
Eaton Saloon	£565
Conway Saloon Landaulette	£595
Carlisle three-quarter Landaulette	£515
Harlech Coupe	£515

THE LONG 20 H.P. SIX-CYLINDER RANGE.

Ascot Tourer	£895
Malvern Saloon Limousine	£920
Maidstone Saloon Landaulette	£920
Chester Enclosed Limousine	£960
York Enclosed Limousine	£960

THE 30 H.P. SIX-CYLINDER RANGE.

Shrewsbury Touring Landaulette	£1,350
Richmond Enclosed Limousine	£1,475
Winchester do. Landaulette	£1,475
Cheltenham Pullman Limousine	£1,540

Full details by return post of any or all models.
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52 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN
New Depot at Lower George's St., Cork.

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LOST AND FOUND.
LOST, Sunday, centre of city, Lady's Gold Wristlet Watch; sentimental value; big reward.—M 591.
STRAYED, Dark Female Donkey from Marley, Rathfarnham, forward.

SITUATIONS VACANT.
APPRENTICE—Girl Wanted, Grocery and China; no premium.—Z 1706, Gift," this office. 28 A
A Pupils of Sherry's Commercial College, 10 Marlborough street, Dublin, on obtaining the required standard of proficiency in Shorthand and Typewriting are assisted to situations.
A Lady seeking employment, domestic, otherwise, invited to apply Matron, Registry, Irish Times. 28 B
COUNTY Tipperary—Install Lady requires settled house and one child; comfortable home, but small salary; servant kept. Address, stating age, full particulars, copies references, "Z 1841, Housecraft," this office. 28 A
CORK and Japan—Sir "Irish Times" May be Glad to Hear of Vacancy for Port free 8d. Branch Office, 31 Westmoreland street, Dublin, and Royal Avenue, Belfast.
DUBLIN, Dress Department—Wanted, for a town shop in Munster, experienced Man to take charge; must be good at selling and keen on getting trade; good wages, outdoor and indoor. Address "Z 1837, Mercy," this office. 28 A
GROCERY and Provision—Manager Protestant; references essential; give particulars, wages required; state if married or single (outdoor). Address "Z 1734, Manager," this office. 28 A
GROCERY Apprentice Wanted, Protestant, Co. Cavan; fee £5 1916. Apprentice, this office. 30 A
HARDWARE—Junior Assistant, Protestant, Co. Down, timber and Coal Merchant's Office; state age, experience and salary expected, Indoors.—Z 1870, this office. 28 A
INSURANCE Company require Junior Clerk Male; must have been educated in own handwriting.—M 493, this office. 30 C
LINOTYPE Compositor, Provincial Jobbing Office; must have thorough mechanical knowledge; position permanent; state age, experience and wages required.—Z 1765, Linotype," this office. 30 C
MILLINERY—Assistant Wanted; first class hat-maker and trimmer; must be able to work under pressure; state age, experience, wages required; permanent position with good prospects. Apply, stating experience and salary required, to Abernathy Bros., Dungannon. 30 C
OPTICIAN will take on Articled Apprentice well educated Youth; premium required.—M 590, this office. 28 A
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WANTED, good Boy, Apprentice Grocery and Provisions. Address "Z 1702, Youth," this office. 28 A

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WANTED, confidential Secretary for Company; must have knowledge of Company Law; state age and qualifications.—M 345, this office. 28 B
WANTED, Charge Hand for Gent's Readymade and Outfitting Department, Protestant; state experience and salary, outdoor; also smart young Lady for Ladies' Outfitting Department, indoor. Address "Z 1850, Charge," this office. 30 B
WANTED, experienced Book-keeper for Wholesale manufacturing firm in the West of Ireland; apply, giving copies references and stating salary, "Z 1806, Bookkeeper," this office. 30 C
WANTED, expert Shorthand Typist for an extensive general and manufacturing firm in the West of Ireland. Apply, giving copies references and stating salary.—Z 1806, Typist," this office. 30 C
WANTED, experienced young Lady, take charge of Grocery and Millstuffs Department of extensive milling business in the West of Ireland. Apply, giving copies references and stating salary, "Z 1806, Bookkeeper," this office. 30 C
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has sent her personal representative, who has had years of experience in the Arden Salon in New York, to visit our toilet preparations department on

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A SPECIAL SALON

has been reserved, and ladies should take this opportunity to consult an expert and to receive her personal advice on the correct care and treatment of their skin. Private consultations without charge. Book your appointment now. 'Phone 4971.

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"A large range and choice variety of these Famous Wools always in stock at

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Write for Free Patterns.

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Obtainable at the following Dublin Stores:—
H. Macdonald, 20 Amiens Street Rd., Fairview.
Johnson and Co., 17/18 Charlotte St.
M. Lalor, 50 Lower Rutland St. & 4 Summerhill.
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P. Sherry, 50 Upper Buckingham St.
Thos City Cash Supply Stores, 34½ Amiens St.
Macnamara, 14 Talbot St.
Mrs. E. J. Brennan, 53 Upper Dorset St.
J. Stanley, 20 Seville Place, North Strand.
Wm. Bolton and Co., Ltd., Westmoreland St.
J. F. O'Neill, 60 Upper Dorset St.
J. & D. Kerwick, 46 Amiens St.
P. Winters, 9 Cornmarket.
Mrs. A. Murphy, 15 Johnston's Court, off Grafton St.
F. Billett, 45 Lower Buckingham St.
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If your Grocer does not stock "Diadem," send his name and address and we will send you a Free 7lb. Sample.
District Representative—Mr. Andrew Butler, 45 Lower Buckingham Street, Dublin.

BRITISH CATTLE TRADE.

FAT STOCK WEAKER.

At the British fat stock markets during the past week, rather heavy supplies of fat cattle were received at some centres. Quality and finish of the cattle was very variable; but a large proportion of the grass-fed beasts were sent forward short of finish. Trade generally remained in a depressed state, well-finished cattle met a fair trade, but other grades sold at low figures, and the state of the market was weak. Average quotations were lower. 1st and 2nd quality beef selling at 48s. 1d. and 41s. 11d. per live cwt. respectively.

Fat sheep and lambs were in good supply, some centres receiving more than sufficient for requirements. Complaints were numerous as to the finish of a large proportion of the lambs shown, and while well-finished lots and light-weight mutton were in fair request, demand generally was of a quiet nature, and prices displayed an easier tendency. 1st quality Downs and crossbreds averaging 42½d. per lb.

FAT PIGS.

Trade for fat pigs fell away, and baconers sold at lower prices. Porkers were in fair demand at some centres, but average quotations were lower for all classes. The average rates for 1st quality baconers and porkers were 10s. 3d. and 11s. 8d. per 14lbs. stone respectively, compared with 10s. 6d. and 11s. 9d. the previous week.

Veal calves were in heavy supply. Demand was quiet, and values were lower, 1st quality veal sold at 12d. per lb.

STORE STOCK.

Dairy cows were useful shows at most centres; a fair demand was maintained for the best calved cows, but other sorts sold at disappointing prices, in-calvers generally being cheaper. Trade for store cattle continued to be slow, only the best bunches of cattle in fresh condition being inquired for. Breeding ewes and lambs generally experienced a fair selling trade at about recent values. The markets were well supplied with store pigs, but purchasers were not so numerous, and prices were generally lower in sympathy with those ruling in the fat pig market. Store calves for rearing were not in great demand, and all except the best sorts were bought by butchers for slaughter.

THE SHANNON SCHEME.

LIMERICK CORPORATION'S CLAIM FOR DAMAGES.

Following upon a conference between Limerick Corporation representatives and Mr. H. Hackett, engineering inspector to the Ministry of Local Government, relative to a claim of the Borough Council against Messrs. Siemens Bauknion for compensation for extraordinary damage to city roads due to the Shannon power scheme traffic, it was decided on Thursday to refer the matter for decision of the Borough Surveyor, the engineer to Messrs. Siemens, whose representative was present, and the Local Government engineer.

It is understood that the Ministry of Industry and Commerce has intimated to Limerick Corporation that a supply of current during the coming winter will not be available from the temporary power station at Ardnacrusha. The news has been received with disappointment by the Corporation, which had hoped to provide for new consumers in respect of power and lighting. The Ministry's letter is in reply to representations recently made by the Corporation.

The question as to whether the water supply from Clareville Waterworks to Limerick City will be fully maintained when the Shannon scheme is in operation has engaged the attention of the Corporation for some time past. Yesterday, Professor Rishworth, C.E., technical adviser to the Ministry of Industry and Commerce in connection with the scheme, visited Limerick, and held a consultation with Mr. J. G. Peacocke, city surveyor. It was learned from Professor Rishworth that there would be no interference with the city water supply up to 1932.

SUDDEN DEATH OF MR. W. J. GREER.

Mr. William J. Greer, proprietor of the *Ulster Gazette*, Armagh, died suddenly yesterday. With three companions, he drove to visit a friend who resided between Dungannon and Ballygawley. He appeared to be in perfect health throughout the journey. About ten minutes after he arrived at his friend's house, however, he became ill, and within a few hours he died. Mr. Greer was very popular throughout Armagh, where he had acted as registration agent for many years.

WOMAN'S BODY FOUND ON HOWTH STRAND.

SUPPOSED FALL OVER CLIFF.

The body of a woman, yet unidentified, was found by a fisherman, Patrick O'Connor, on the seashore beneath Cliff Walk, Howth, Co. Dublin, last Friday evening. The body was within twenty feet of the incoming tide, and it is surmised that the woman fell over the cliff, which at this point is 150 feet high.

The woman was about 33 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches in height, and of medium build, with full face, long brown hair, slightly grey at temples; high cheek bones and artificial teeth. She wore a long marocain coat, lined with white meteriaf and trimmed with black braid; a black silk dress, dark green stockings, black shoes, fastened with straps; a red soft fur necklet, beige felt hat, with ornamental pin, and grey suede gloves. Around her neck was a plain gold chain, attached to which were two religious medals, and she wore pendant ear-rings. The underclothing was silk.

The body lies in Findlater's premises, Howth, awaiting a Coroner's inquest, which will be held to-day.

FALL FROM WINDOW.

INQUEST ON DUBLIN MAN.

Dr. Louis A. Byrne, City Coroner, held an inquest in Jervis Street Hospital last Saturday on Christopher Cole, an ex-British soldier, who died last Friday night as a result of having fallen from the window of his residence, 9 Ryder's row, Dublin, on the previous night.

Mrs. Cole, widow, said that her husband served in the Great War and suffered subsequently from epileptic fits. She has eight children; she had never heard her husband threaten to take his life.

Evidence was given by a Mrs. Annie O'Hara that she saw Cole at his window, and subsequently heard a thud on the footway, as if he had fallen out.

The medical evidence, given by Dr. Myers, house surgeon, showed that the deceased man's skull was fractured and the brain lacerated, death being due to shock and hæmorrhage.

A verdict of "accidental death" was returned.

THE WHEAT SUPPLY.

CANADA'S "RECORD" CROP.

The Canadian wheat crop, as now estimated, is 26 million cwt. larger on the year, and 23 per cent. above the average, and promises to be the second largest on record in Canada, being only exceeded by the harvest of 1923, when 254 million cwt. were secured. This heavy increase in the Canadian forecast, which has been accompanied by a small rise in the estimate of the United States crop, has led to a sharp fall in wheat prices recently, as will be seen from the following table of weekly average quotations per cwt.:—

Week ended.	Chicago, September future.	Winnipeg, October future.	Buenos Aires, October future.	Liverpool, October future.
1927	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July 6	11 1	11 3	11 1*	12 5
July 13	11 1	11 4	11 2*	12 6
July 20	10 9	11 2	11 0*	12 4
July 27	10 8	11 2	10 11*	12 4
Aug. 3	10 7	11 0	10 11	12 3
Aug. 10	10 9	11 4	11 0	12 3
Aug. 17	10 11	11 8	11 2	12 8
Aug. 24	10 9	11 4	11 1	12 7
Aug. 31	10 5	11 0	11 0	12 3
Sept. 7	10 5	10 9	10 11	12 1
Sept. 14	9 10	10 6	10 9	11 9
Sept. 21	9 9	10 4	10 8	11 7
Sept. 28	9 10	10 5	10 2	11 7

* September future.

PRICES DOWN.

Present prices are below those of a year ago, the decrease amounting to 7d. at Chicago and to 11d. at Liverpool, but to less than this at the other two markets. British wheat prices have also weakened, the decline being apparently accentuated owing to the damp condition of much of the new crop on the market. The latest *Gazette* average is 10s. 6d. per cwt., which compares with 12s. 7d. at the end of July and 11s. 1d. a year ago.

Northern Hemisphere Crops of 1927.—A summary of the available official estimates of production is given below in millions of cwt.:—

	1927.	1926.	Avg. 1921 to 1925.
United States and Canada	707	666	631
Europe (16 countries) ...	349	334	312
Asia (4 countries) ...	200	196	200
North Africa (3 countries)	34	29	29
Total of above	1,290	1,225	1,172

The statement is somewhat incomplete, as, in addition to Russia, no official estimates have yet been issued for France and Italy, the two largest wheat-producing countries in Europe apart from Russia, as well as for a few of the smaller European producers. It seems generally expected that the French crop will exceed the poor one harvested in 1926, but the position is somewhat doubtful in Italy. The wheat crops last year amounted to 124 million cwt. in France and to 113 million in Italy, these figures comparing with the five-year averages of 156 and 106 million cwt. respectively.

ADELAIDE HOSPITAL.

The Board of Management of the Adelaide Hospital met on Tuesday, 27th September, Dr. H. Bewley in the chair. Also present:—A. C. Aykroyd, Canon Baillie, Mrs. Louis Bewley, J. Crosbie, the Rev. J. O. G. Dougherty, Miss Fry, D. Goodbody, L. G. Gunn, M.D.; W. G. Harvey, M.D.; S. H. Lee, M.D.; Colonel Perrier, C. Pim, A. D. Price, S. G. Slator and J. A. Weir.

The report of the House Committee showed that 1,306 patients had been admitted to the wards since 1st January. Of these, 97 remained in the wards and 12 at the Convalescent Home, Rathfarnham.

The recommendation of the joint meeting of the House and Nursing Committee, held on 15th inst., that Sister Adams should be appointed Assistant Matron, in place of Sister Patterson, resigned, was unanimously approved. Sister Adams was called before the meeting of the Board, and the Chairman informed her of her appointment.

The Board also approved the appointment of Miss Wilson as Sister Tutor, in place of Sister Denniston, resigned.

Nurses Kingston and Mounsey, having secured 1st and 2nd places in the Dublin Metropolitan School for Nurses' Examination, they were called before the Board, and the Chairman presented them with the gold and silver medals awarded by the Dublin Metropolitan School.

The bank overdraft, amounting to £8,079 at the present time, is a source of great anxiety to the Board. Although the expenditure is cut down to the lowest limits, the ordinary income of the Hospital is insufficient for its maintenance, and the Board are most anxious that all friends of the Hospital should be aware of this fact

WOMAN AND HER HOME.

PAULINE'S LETTER *To Her Friend in the Country.*

DEAR MARY,—Dublin was quiet last week as a reaction from Civic Week, but I suppose it could afford to be, certainly one shop that made over 50 per cent. of its normal profit in that week, did not mind a rest. I am so pleased that a prize was given to a shop that had all its goods marked with their prices. It's really a great advantage. Judith has asked me to see about a winter coat for her, and I looked in several windows. Many of the coats were attractive, but they might have been any price. One can always go in and ask—theoretically—but it's not so easy when the assistants are rushing about attending to crowds of real live customers, and one interrupts with ones humble, "Would you tell me the price of that coat in the window?" There are very pretty reds and browns again and quite a lot of black, too, and then fur coats for the rich. Judith didn't tell me if she was one of the rich or not, so that I am rather relieved not to have to go on with it till I hear from her.

In one of your letters you mentioned Pyrex to me, the fireproof stuff. There is a new kind of Pyrex "out" now. It is engraved, and it is a great improvement on the plain that certainly was very plain. Dishes vary in price 9/11 and 12/6. The large size would hold sufficient for three or four people. There is also a Pyrex teapot, which ought to be very amusing, as one can see the tea through it. But what is really most after my own heart is the Pyrex tumbler. It can, of course, like all Pyrexes have boiling stuff poured into it. Well, before this was invented people presented you, especially when ill with a cold, with a boiling tumbler of something or another. Boiling milk or boiling water and lemon, or boiling punch. Boiling milk was the worst and hottest. I remember rousing screams of scorn by insisting that with the boiling tumbler a piece of paper should be sent up as I could not possibly hold it. And had I let it get cool enough to hold it the whole effect of the "hot" drink would be spoiled. Pyrex must have thought of me when he invented this tumbler because *it has a handle*. Tumbler with a handle, 1s. 5d.—without, 11d. Sixpence would never be so well spent as on that handle! There are other tumblers on the principle of those used in France for tea, coffee, and various drinks, that fit into a stand of plated silver, out of which they can be lifted.

You mentioned jam in your last letter. There is a new strainer to be had called the "Moha." It would not be suitable for jam, but I am sure it would be for jelly. It is supposed to be for everything that goes into a pulp. It has one, two, or three sleeves, and runs about 7s. 6d. or 8s. 6d. It has a small wooden barrel and two cutters and a handle with which to turn them. Bread can be crumbled, vegetables mashed, thick soups put through it. It makes lumpy food smooth, and is a substitute for both wire and hair collanders.

George's aunt asked Dora and me to go to a card party last Thursday. She is quite a gambler, so I made it clear Dora and I hadn't the money to be. She invited some other people like ourselves who don't play Bridge seriously. The kind of Bridge where you must not speak or laugh, and if you put out a card you are not allowed to snatch it back again, and so on. There is a blank for No Trumps. Someone gave it to her for her birthday, but we were curious about it and searched for the price, which was still on—10s. 6d. The old-way people had celluloid cards knocking about the table, with the trump on them, but they did knock about and get mixed up with the score and the other pack of cards, and there were cries all the time of, "What's trumps?" It is a very important thing about Bridge to know what trumps are. I have played several games almost from start to finish, thinking hearts were trumps, when diamonds were.

Dora won 5s. the other night; George lost a pound, and I began by winning 8s., and was finally 10d. down in Slippery Sam. It was great fun.—Yours, PAULINE.

PARIS LINGERIE.

Left—Chemise-pantalon, in rose-pink crêpe-de-chine, trimmed with fine lace, pin tucks and drawn threads.

Right—Combinaison-jupon, in heavy white crêpe-de-chine, the lace being cunningly inset on the corsage and on the skirt, in a very novel manner.

RECIPES FOR THE COOK.

PERNACHE RISSOLES.

Ingredients:—¼ lb. cold meat (any kind), minced; ¼ lb. fresh salt pork or cheap bacon, minced with it; a dust each of pepper, salt, mixed spice; a thick slice of white bread, soaked in milk, the yolks of 2 eggs.

Method:—Mix all this very well, and beat it till it is light. Then, at the last moment, stir in lightly the whites of the eggs, whipped to a stiff froth. Roll into small rissoles, using a little flour, but not enough to make a stiff, hard coat. Have ready a deep pan of fast boiling water. Drop in the rissoles, a few at a time, and boil them 4 minutes. Drain them, and serve on a hot dish, with a cream or parsley sauce poured over them.

STUFFED HERRINGS.

Ingredients:—6 herrings, 1 medium-sized apple, ½ oz. fat, ½ oz. flour, 1 gill liquid, 1 shallot, curry powder to taste.

Method:—Chop shallot. Peel, core and chop apple. Melt fat. Add flour, and fry till it is brown. Add curry powder before flour is quite finished. Add apple. Add liquid, and boil sauce for about two minutes. Bone herrings. Put a layer of stuffing on each fish, having skin outside. Roll up with the tail outside, or lay in pairs one or top of another.

Bake in a moderate oven till cooked—about ten minutes.

GATEAU DE HACHIS.

Ingredients.—1 lb. minced meat, 1 lb. hot boiled potato, rather dry, well sieved, 2 eggs, 1 teaspoonful grated onion, salt and pepper.

Method:—Mix all well together. Grease a plain round cake-tin liberally, and fill it well with the mixture. Bake in a brisk oven till well browned. Turn on to a dish, and with a knife, turn it out, bottom upwards, on a hot dish. Sprinkle it thickly with grated cheese, and slip it under the gas griller till the cheese has browned upon it. Serve very hot.

RAVIOLES.

Make a very thick white sauce, to which add the yolk of an egg and a good seasoning of grated cheese, with red pepper and salt to taste. The sauce should be so thick that it holds its shape, like a mould.

Cut slices of the white of stale bread about ½ in. thick. Stamp them into rounds with a fancy cutter. Spread each rounds thickly with the cheese sauce.

Beat up the white of the egg a little, and paint the surface of the sauce well with it. Have frying fat heated to smoking point; drop in the ravioles, one at a time. They will crisp up and turn a good brown almost at once. Drain. Serve them very hot, indeed.

MACARONI FRITS.

Ingredients—4 ozs. cooked macaroni (straight), 4 ozs. flour, 4 ozs. grated cheese, ½ pint milk or water, salt, pepper, cayenne, dry mustard, or celery salt.

Method.—Cook macaroni till quite tender. Prepare a thick batter, add seasoning, and mix well. Drop macaroni in finger lengths into batter, stir lightly; fry in boiling fat to a golden colour. Drain, then dust with cheese.

LEMON PIE.

Ingredients.—8 ozs. short pastry, ½ tablespoonful flour, ½-cup sugar, 1 egg, ½-cup milk, rind and juice of one lemon.

Method.—Mix flour and sugar, beat egg, add milk, and add this to the flour; grate rind, add this and juice to other ingredients; line small sandwich tin with pastry; pour lemon mixture in, cover with lid of pastry; bake in hot oven until nicely browned. Serve cold.

MARY GWYNNE HOWELL.

MICHAELMAS DAISIES.

BELOW the iron palings, down in the dark area, the Michaelmas daisies sway gracefully to and fro in the light breeze.

A lilac ballet against a blackened background.

Very beautiful seem the daisies to the child whose area garden this is.

In a powder-blue frock, in the cold deeper blue of the late afternoon, she likewise, had she known it, was part of a picture to be placed in the shrine of Memory.

A picture of beauty, fugitive, incomplete, yet unforgettable.

The refined, delicate-featured face—the face so frequently of Dublin's children—the pale cheeks just faintly flushed with the exertion of dancing in time to the Michaelmas daisies, seemed set in a soft maze of blue against the ballet of lilac and the dark wall.

"A wonderful garden," she is thinking (oh, surely she is thinking) is this one of mine, down in the area.

Above her basement home are flats whose window boxes are even now gay with the little Mexican orange and the pretty Aucuba Japonica.

But will ever anything pertaining to a garden seem to the child more entrancing than this dance of the Michaelmas daisies on an afternoon in October down in the depth of a city area?

D. H.

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FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

Although in many homes porridge appears daily on the breakfast menu, winter is its best season. Its wholesome flesh-forming and heat-producing qualities are well known, and it is just as suitable an article of food in the nursery as in the breakfast room.

To the cooks of long ago porridge gave endless trouble, because the oatmeal sold for the purpose required such lengthy boiling. Now, however, this trouble has been overcome, and five minutes cooks the wafer oats milled by Messrs. White, Tomkins and Courage, Ltd.

White's "wafer" oats are packed in damp-proof parchment, by which means their flavour is retained even in the dampest weather. The contents of these packets are claimed to be manufactured entirely from Irish oats, and to be free from impurities. The latter condition has been secured by the employment of modern methods and wonderful machinery.

If small children refuse to take porridge it is wiser not to give it to them for breakfast. Excellent little nursery puddings can be made from two tablespoonfuls of fine oatmeal, two dessertspoonfuls of flour, two and a half pints of milk and two eggs. Mix oatmeal and flour with some milk, boil the rest of the milk and mix with blended meal. Boil gently for five minutes, cool, and add the eggs. Bake for twenty minutes, and serve with sugar and cream.

PARIS FASHION NOTES.

AS the autumn season advances ribbons climb to higher points in the mode. To see the return of the ribbon is to see some indication of more elaborateness. Frocks are bound and banded in ribbons. Shirred ovals decorate the skirts of georgette or crepe-de-chine frocks. Gloves are cuffed in ribbons. Sashes are coming into favour once more. Large bows on frocks, or to the little collars, are evidence of returning feminism in dress. Red, yellow, grey and green are favourite shades in satin ribbon, with the ends clipped on the slant to give the effect of short fringes.

The Paris shops devote whole windows to the display of ribbons, a point significant in itself. There one may see two and three-inch ribbons in soft tones, in *degradé* shadings and in brighter colours, too—red, vivid green, King's blue and lustrous purple. Snake skin prints are displayed to suggest use in making an extra purse of envelope character, inasmuch as the width and pattern both lend themselves to this.

THE ARTIFICIAL FLOWER.

The artificial flower, which was recently worn on morning and afternoon toilettes alike, seems to have given place to an enormous chrysanthemum made in mousseline, which tones, of course, with the dress. The effect is very charming and the other day one of the most original notes was struck at a bridge-party by the wearer of a frock of pale bois de rose georgette, over which was a coat of kasha of the same colour, trimmed with strips of ostrich with long fronds, which were sewn diagonally round the cuffs and hem to a depth of about six inches. The tiny circle of rose-buds in a darker tone than the georgette, which were delicately placed on the right lapel of her coat, was exquisite.

VELVET.

Creators of fabrics have, for a twelve-month period, devoted their attention to the revival of velvet, the most luxurious, opulent, and flattering of all known dress materials. The standard to-day, as expressed in Paris, is for fine quality, for a refinement, richness, and beauty in dress-goods, and of these velvet is the flower. The day of velvet has arrived, with styles in which lines are taken into account.

The fashions of this season, with the fuller skirts, drapery, and a suggestion of curve in outline of figure, are presented by many of the best designers in a fine quality of silk velvet. It is employed with little or no trimming, the effect being attained of soft grace and drapery. This drapery is of slight effort, a skirt lifted ever so little, or wrapped about the figure.

A bias, or circular flounce attached to a deep bodice, which clings to the uncorseted figure, is, usually, the manner of handling velvet in the new models. The modern velvet is the chiffon velvet, light and supple, downy and lustrous, and requiring no trimming to supplement its charm.

COLOURS.

Colours most employed in Paris this season by the *couturière* of the *Haute Ecole*, are rarely beautiful: beige, rose-beige, mauve, rose-mauve, grey, rose-grey—rose, in fact, is introduced very subtly in many of the new colours—bronze, gold, of almost the shade once known, they say, as "old-gold," absinthe, Chartreuse, salmon, peach, and all the known blues, the browns, woods, the tangos, the citrons, and white in many shades—ivory, cream, opal, and rose-white. Metal cloths are exceedingly fashionable, and are not of the harsh kind that made such a brazen appearance a few seasons ago, but of fine, frosty, white silver, and pale gilt tissue. These line some of the chiffon, lace and tulle evening frocks, and are combined as a detail of rather extreme significance, with velvet and satin.

BRIDAL DRESS.

Silver lace is being used a great deal to make up bridal dresses, all of which have long, lace sleeves, perhaps, as a reply to the Vatican campaign against immodesty in woman's dress. The Russian note that is struck by the latest bridal headdress, probably owes its inspiration to the same source, as exposed throats came in for the Papal disapproval, no less than bare arms and knee-length skirts.

At any rate, the new headdress has a little curtain matching that used on the dress (silver, cream, or opalescent white) passing under the chin, and fastened above each ear, to the Russian crown of pearls.

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EATING.

THERE are some who regard eating as a necessary duty, pleasant or otherwise, according to circumstances, and others regard it as a science, making cookery into a fine art. These individuals like the dog, Tilo, are, when eating, "at home to nobody."

Whenever we wish to be friendly or hospitable, we invite people to dinner or luncheon or afternoon tea. How very often the busy man says to his friend or colleague, "Oh, just drop into supper, and we shall talk."

Eating is one of our original animal habits, but we have advanced so far in culture and civilisation that, unlike our fourfooted brethren, we do not carefully carry our meals into a corner and enjoy them alone. The human family likes company when eating, though I have heard cases where the patertamiliat never spoke during dinner, except to request more. Of course, that was not so much a digression as a reversion to type.

Strictly speaking, eating is a horrible habit, but, perforce, one must eat to live. When we read of Lucullus and Nero's feasts, we wonder how even eating could be so degrading.

There is so much one has to consider with regard to our mastication that it involves a certain amount of careful study. When we must eat, what we must eat, and how we must eat. The first thing a young human learns is to restrain his eating propensities—not to take too much, chew his food properly, mustn't speak with his mouth full, and not take bites between meals in the larder—no, not even to sample a plum cake.

In my humble opinion, we think far too much about this nasty habit, and spend more time and thought on it than it deserves. The thoughts of nearly every person who receives an invitation to dinner revert to the viands likely to be provided, though not one in a million would acknowledge the fact.

Few people, if any, eat gracefully; it is only by the greatest care and attention we are taught to manage with average politeness. I should advise those who wish to preserve the halo of romance with which we all, at some time or other, deck the objects of our love and admiration, not to observe them too closely when eating."

"LARA."

DISORDERLY SCENES IN KILLALOE.

Two tinkers were beating a third in the Main street, Killaloe, on Saturday afternoon, when an ex-member of the Royal Irish Constabulary named Rohan intervened, whereupon the three tinkers attacked Rohan, who fell, and was savagely beaten with sticks. Mr. P. Ryan ran to his help, followed by Guard Flynn and managed to rescue Rohan, whose head had to be dressed by a doctor.

On Saturday night a fight in Carrig's lane, Killaloe, necessitated the removal of a man named Corbett to Raheen Hospital. A man named Bourke was arrested in connection with the assault.

CAR STOLEN AND ABANDONED.

A four-seater Morris Cowley car, the property of Professor W. E. Thrift, T.D., was missed from outside the residence of his son, 4 Vernon Grove, Rathgar, Dublin, between 8 and 9 o'clock last Saturday night. The matter was reported at once, and motor cars were held up by the police at all bridges and roads leading from the metropolitan area into the country.

At 6.30 o'clock yesterday morning the car was found abandoned in Templeogue road. It was intact.

DUBLIN WOMAN'S INJURIES.

Mrs. Flood, 35 Harold's Cross Park, Dublin, was treated in the Meath Hospital, Dublin, for a fractured leg and injuries to the head, stated to have been sustained by being knocked down by a motor car as Harold's Cross road last Saturday morning.

THIS WEEK'S AUCTIONS OF FURNITURE AND FINE ARTS.

MONDAY.

9 and 10 Bachelor's Walk (James Hill and Son).

TUESDAY.

"Tivoli," Castle avenue, Clontarf (Battersby and Co.); 43 Fitzwilliam place (North and Co.); 19 Stephen's Green, North (James Adam and Sons).

WEDNESDAY.

"Tivoli," Castle avenue, Clontarf (Battersby and Co.); 19 Stephen's Green, North (James Adam and Sons), Ashfield Park House, Terenure (Bennett and Son).

DEATH OF LIMERICK PARISH PRIEST.

The death took place at the Parochial House, Ardpatrick, Co. Limerick, last Friday night, of the Rev. Mortimer McCoy, P.P., after a long illness. He was a native of Kilcoleman parish, and was ordained nearly half a century ago. He was curate in St. Munchin's, Limerick, and in Ballingarry for more than twenty years, after which he was appointed parish priest of Ardpatrick by the late Bishop Hallinan in 1918.

I cannot bear the dahlia at any price.—Sir William Lawrence.

IRISH LIVE STOCK PRICES AT A GLANCE.

Appended is a table of prices obtained at certain Irish fairs and Dublin Cattle Market last week. It is compiled by our Agricultural Correspondent for the purpose of showing how values compare at different centres:—

Market or Fair.	Store Cattle, per cwt. Live Weight	Fat Cattle, per cwt. Live Weight.	Springers, per Head.	Milch Cows, per Head.	Fat Sheep, per Head.	Lambs, per Head
Dublin ...	35/- to 47/-	22/- to 44/9	£20 to £30	£16 to £26	33/- to 66/-	29/- to 48/-
Belfast ...	.....	31/- to 45/6	£21 to £31	£15 to £26	38/- to 65/-	25/- to 60/-
Balla	35/- to 39/-	.....	£17 to £27	£15 to £18	47/6 to 70/-	32/6 to 40/-
Dunmanway...	33/- to 36/-	22/- to 40/-	£12 10/- to £22	£16 10/- to £18 10/-	45/- to 65/-	27/6 to 45/-
Fintona ...	40/- to 42/-	42/-	£17 to £25	£13 to £22	.....	35/- to 55/-
Longford ...	34/- to 40/-	30/- to 38/-	£16 to £25	£12 10/- to £22	55/- to 75/-	38/- to 48/-
Wicklow ...	36/- to 38/6	.....	£15 to £22	£12 to £19 10/-	55/- to 70/-	.....
Carlow... ...	34/- to 37/-	37/- to 40/-	£15 to £24	£13 to £22	40/- to 55/-	26/- to 45/-
Clones	37/- to 42/-	28/- to 42/-	£19 to £25	£11 10/- to £22	50/- to 80/-	33/- to 45/-

KENYA COLONY.

AN IRISH SETTLER'S EXPERIENCES

An interesting account is forthcoming about conditions in Kenya from a young Irishman who recently went to that colony. Shortly after his arrival he purchased 600 acres of land, 200 of which were cleared and ready for cropping, the remainder having a good deal of thorn trees. He lived with the seller, a gentleman who had been for sixteen years located at Nakuru with his family and his father, who is a Scottish clergyman.

The growing of flax had been tried before this young man's arrival, but was not satisfactory, causing serious loss to several growers. He planted his cleared ground in wheat and his first crop was not very good —owing to conditions later overcome—but it paid expenses.

The seed wheat called Government (that is, acclimatised by the Government) is best, being much less subject to rust than any other seed. The latter gets a good deal of injury by two sorts of rust. Further, wheat is subject to serious injury by sparrows, in addition to damage caused by large birds, like cranes.

Maize has hitherto been largely grown, but recently great damage has been done by a borer insect which cuts the stalk.

Nakuru has a beautiful climate and the country is delightful. It is several thousand feet above sea level. Coffee is a profitable crop, but the soil is not suitable. It is grown best in the low localities, but there mosquitoes and malaria are prevalent.

The young settler spent a few thousand pounds in machinery, including two ploughs, harrows, seeder, roller, harvester and two tractors, with which he cleared 200 more acres by hauling out the thorn trees. Drinking water is secured in large tanks in rainy weather—other water is unsuitable. In one operation he harrows seeds and rolls, all by tractor. Then when the crop is fit the American harvester cuts, threshes, harrows and bags, all in one operation. Time and expenses are thus economised.

Government seed wheat is limited so far. Oats do well in certain localities, but prices are low. However, black labour is cheap. Snakes are dangerous. Seemingly there are not many wild beasts in the cleared districts about Nakuru, but they are numerous in districts where forests are heavy. Two crops of wheat can be harvested each year.

CAPITAL NEEDED.

Passenger fares to Mombassa are high, and this and the fact that all persons landing in Kenya Colony must have at least £37 prevent labour going there unless the employer arranges the finances.

From this it would appear that young men going to Kenya should have a good supply of capital. They should also spy out the land and investigate conditions before buying, and when satisfied and settling down they should be prepared for hard work. In time, no doubt, the colony will become flourishing and valuable to the Empire, but meanwhile those who settle there will have to bear a great deal of the pioneer work.

LOSS OF WATER RIGHTS.

CLAIMS OF DUNDALK LAND AND MILL OWNERS.

On behalf of the Local Government Department, Mr. George Wilson is conducting an arbitration at Dundalk into the claims of landowners and millowners in the Ravensdale district for compensation for the loss of water rights consequent on the abstraction by the Dundalk Urban Council of the water rights of 930 acres in the Ballymakellet district and the diversion of the Annaverna river for the purpose of augmenting the water supply of Dundalk.

The claims of the mill-owners and farmers total several thousand pounds. The chief claims are made by Messrs. Acheson, Johnston, and O'Hare, owners of mills in the district, who claim that by the loss of water-power in the dry weather their mills will be unable to work. The principal mills there are the bleaching, washing, and beetling mills of Messrs. Acheson, who own a big linen factory in Dundalk.

The Urban Council contend that the diversion of the Annaverna river will affect the mill-owners to a very slight extent, and Professor Purcell, Dublin, examined on their behalf, stated that it would cut off only one-fourteenth of their present supplies, which are obtained from this river and the Furrey, which rises in the six counties and flows into Ravensdale.

There are 16,000 different ways of earning an honest livelihood in this country.—Mr. H. A. L. Fisher.

INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY.

THE PAGEANT OF INDUSTRY.

A meeting of the Council of the Dublin Industrial Development Association was held in the Permanent Exhibition premises, 3 St. Stephen's Green, Sir John Irwin, President, in the chair, and the attendance was representative.

A report of the Pageant of Industry, organised by the Dublin Industrial Development Association for Civic Week, was submitted. It showed that 142 firms and 315 vehicles participated in the Pageant; 86 of these firms were Irish manufacturers, and their vehicles totalled over 200. Seven public services, such as Post Office, Board of Works, the Dublin Fire Brigade, Municipal Technical Schools, Cleansing Department and the Rathmines Municipal Services; ten transport services, including railways and oil companies, and 37 distributive trades were represented. Despite the very wet weather the Pageant was the largest and most successful yet held. Letters of thanks were directed to be sent to the stewards for their admirable services, and to the Commissioner of Police, specially complimenting Inspector Hurley on the excellent arrangements made for traffic. A vote of thanks was also passed to the bands for their valuable assistance.

It was decided to hold Aonach na Nodlag in the Permanent Exhibition premises this year as usual. Applications for space will be received from craftworkers and others producing Irish goods of a suitable Christmas nature.

CONFERENCE POSTPONED.

Owing to Civic Week having been so recently held it was decided that the All-Ireland Industrial Conference fixed for mid-October be postponed, particularly in view of the unsettled political situation. It was suggested that a conference in the spring would be of more lasting benefit, but further consideration of the date was postponed for two months.

A resolution received from the National Union of Vehicle Builders in the following terms was endorsed by the Council of the Dublin Industrial Development Association:—"That we call upon all owners of vehicles in Dublin to have the bodies of bus, car and commercial vehicles built, repaired and painted under fair conditions in the Free State, thereby helping to provide employment for the men of to-day, and insure a trade for our sons in the future."

PUBLICITY CLUB.

The annual meeting of the Publicity Club, held in Jury's Hotel—Mr. A. Canavan (president) in the chair—appointed the following officers and committee for 1927-28 session: President, Mr. F. M. Summerfield; vice-president, Mr. Waldron Rose; hon. secretary, Mr. W. E. Magill; hon. treasurer, Mr. C. E. McConnell; committee—Messrs. A. Canavan, I. P. Jones, W. Giles, Albert MacArthur, J. P. O'Brien, M. F. O'Brien, J. M. Manning, J. S. MacMahon, Young Warren, J. J. O'Leary, T. A. Grehan, J. Rowland, J. S. Henderson, B. D. O'Kennedy, A. Goodridge, S. J. Riordan, P. J. Gillespie, S. Lynch, J. B. Aiken, and Miss C. Reddy. An interesting lecture programme for the session is under preparation. Among visitors at the meeting were Mr. F. C. Nesbit, Arts Craft Guild, Chicago, and Mr. J. C. Dwyer, New York.

IRISH TRADE UNIONISTS TO VISIT RUSSIA.

A group of Irish trade unionists, ten in number, has been invited by the trade unionists of Russia to visit Russia and view the country, and to attend the tenth anniversary of the overthrow of Tsarism. A representative committee has been organised to call into being a committee representative of the Irish Labour movement, with a view to completing arrangements and selecting the members of the delegation. The delegation is confined to trade unionists. The political opinions of members of the delegation do not enter into the terms of the invitation. It is expected that the delegation will be away from Ireland for from six weeks to two months as guests of the Russian trade unions. The delegation will meet its own expenses to the Russian border.

DUBLIN MILK PROSECUTION.

Mr. Samuel Tandy, of 94 Chelmsford road, Ranelagh, writes to say that, in regard to the case of Frank Morris, junior, who was fined in the Dublin District Court on Wednesday for the sale of adulterated milk, no person of the name of the defendant resides at that address.

BROWN THOMAS

FABRIC WEEK

Begins This Morning

Write for Patterns stating requirements. We send all Letter Orders post paid.

The fabrics that *will count* this year in the realm of dress are here assembled. Nothing of consequence has been left out, and ladies who wish to buy to the fullest advantage will pay a visit to Brown Thomas during 'Fabric Week.

ABRIDGED PROSPECTUS.

A copy of the full Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.
The Subscription List will be opened on Monday, 3rd October and closed on or before Wednesday, 5th October, 1927.
Application will be made to the Committee of the London Stock Exchange for permission to deal in the Shares of the Company after allotment.

Mutual Finance, Indemnity & Guarantee Corporation, Limited.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Acts, 1908 to 1917.)

CAPITAL - - - - - £250,000

DIVIDED INTO

200,000 7½% Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of £1 each

AND

1,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 1/- each.

ISSUE OF

200,000 7½% Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of £1 each at par

AND

200,000 Ordinary Shares of 1/- each at par.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 4 Bartholomew Lane, London, E.C.2, Head Office, 41 Lothbury, London, E.C.2, and Branches; and

Messrs. COUTTS & CO., 440 Strand, London, W.C.2, and Branches,

are authorised to receive on behalf of the Company applications for the above Cumulative Participating Preference and Ordinary Shares

PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:—

	CUM. PART. PREF. SHARES.	ORDINARY SHARES.
On Application	2/-	Payable in full on Application,
On Allotment	8/-	1/-
On 24th October, 1927	5/-	
On 28th November, 1927	5/-	
	£1	

Subscribers for the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares have the right to apply for and have allotted to them one Ordinary Share in respect of every one Cumulative Participating Preference Share applied for and allotted.

No application for Ordinary Shares alone will be considered.

The holders of the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares are entitled to receive out of the profits of the Company available for distribution in each year or other financial period and which it may be determined to distribute a fixed Cumulative Preferential Dividend at the rate of 7½ per cent. per annum on the Capital for the time being paid up or credited as paid up thereon, and after a non-Cumulative Dividend of 7½ per cent. shall have been paid on the Ordinary Shares, to participate to the extent of twenty per cent. in the balance of such available profits.

In a winding-up the assets are applicable first in payment to the holders of the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares the capital paid up thereon, together with any arrears of the fixed dividend down to date of the return of Capital, secondly in payment to the holders of the Ordinary Shares of the capital paid up thereon, and thirdly twenty per cent. of the balance of such assets is distributable among the holders of the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares, and the other eighty per cent. among the holders of the Ordinary Shares.

It is intended to pay the preferential dividend on the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares now offered for subscription, half-yearly, on the 21st December and 30th June in each year, the first dividend being calculated on the amounts for the time being paid up from the due dates of payment to the 31st December, 1927.

DIRECTORS:—

SIR SIGISMUND FERDINAND MENDL, K.B.E., 12 Cumberland Mansions, London, W.1 (Director General Discount Co., Ltd.), Chairman.
LORD MONTAGU OF BEAULIEU, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., 62 Pall Mall, London, S.W.1 (Director, Fine Art & General Insurance Co., Ltd.).
ARNOLD WILLIAMS, 53 Queen Anne's Gate, London, S.W.1 (Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants).
SIR ROBERT NEWBALD RAY, Poppleton Hall, York, Solicitor (Local Director General Accident, Fire & Life Assurance Corp., Ltd.)
SIR HAROLD ELVERSTON, J.P., 44 Lloyd Street, Manchester (Proprietor, Policy Holder Journal).

JOINT MANAGING DIRECTORS:—

HECTOR JOHN TILLEY, 9 Hallam Street, London, W.1 (Managing Director, Mutual Indemnity and Guarantee Corporation, Ltd.)
PERCY LIVSEY, 24 Bawlish Road, Chorlton-cum-Hardy, Manchester (Managing Director, General Estates and Insurances (Manchester) Ltd.)

BANKERS:—

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 4 Bartholomew Lane, London, E.C.2
Head Office, 41 Lothbury, London, E.C.2, and Branches.
Messrs. COUTTS & CO., 440 Strand, London, W.C.2, and Branches.

SOLICITORS:—

HERBERT SMITH & CO., 62 London Wall, London, E.C.2

BROKERS:—

CREWS & CO., 30 Throgmorton Street, London, E.C.2, and Stock Exchange.
DIMMOCK & COWTAN, 21 Spring Gardens, Manchester, and Stock Exchange.
SELBY & CO., Kings Chambers, Sheffield, and Stock Exchange.

AUDITORS:—

HATS, AKERS & HAYS, Chartered Accountants, 1 Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C.4.

ACCOUNTANTS AT MANCHESTER:—

BRITTEN, KOTT & CO., Chartered Accountants, 16 John Dalton Street, Manchester.

SECRETARY & REGISTERED OFFICES:—

J. W. EVANS, 302/8 Regent Street, London, W.1

OBJECTS.—The Company has been formed for the purposes specified in its Memorandum of Association, to carry on the business of an Industrial Finance Corporation, and in particular by the acquisition of the whole of the Issued Share Capital of The Mutual Indemnity & Guarantee Corporation, Ltd. (London) (hereinafter referred to as "M.I.G.") to carry on and develop the business of that Company. In order to assist in such development the Company will also acquire as from the 31st July, 1927, the Goodwill of the business of Insurance Agents and Brokers and Hire Purchase Brokers now carried on by the General Estates & Insurances (Manchester) Ltd., of 26 Cross Street, Manchester (hereinafter referred to as "General Estates."

DESCRIPTION.

THESE Companies are extensively engaged in the business of HIRE PURCHASE FINANCE principally in connection with motor cars and already transacting business at the rate of £700,000 (turnover) per annum, in addition to which, General Estates through their INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, have a valuable connection as Insurance Brokers.

THE M.I.G. with Head Office in London and the GENERAL ESTATES with Head Office in Manchester, have been established and enjoyed many prosperous years, each specialised line of business, covering practically every part of the United Kingdom in their activities.

THE COMPANY, by financing and controlling the M.I.G. and owning the Goodwill of "General Estates," should become one of the leading Corporations for Hire Purchase Finance in the Provinces, and there is no doubt that the service it can render British Trade in this direction will lead to mutually profitable and steady expansion.

RECIPROCAL AGREEMENTS have stated that the system of purchase by deferred payments has become one of the most important adjuncts to modern business.

The American Academy of Political and Social Science of Philadelphia, whose opinions receive world-wide recognition, strongly recommends Hire Purchase improvements, which are now in use throughout the world is now assuming such an important role. In one of their reports the authorities state as follows:—"We believe that the instalment system performs a useful function in our economic structure and that it is here to stay."

PARTICULARS OF MUTUAL INDEMNITY & GUARANTEE CORPORATION LTD. and GENERAL ESTATES & INSURANCES (MANCHESTER) LTD.

THE MUTUAL INDEMNITY & GUARANTEE CORPORATION LTD. was established in 1923, with a nominal capital of £100 the whole of which was subsequently acquired by the Century Insurance Company Ltd., of 3 Burlington Gardens, London, W.1, Subscribed Capital £50,000, which fact hence indicate the largeness of the demand that it supplies, whilst the small percentage of losses shows the inherent soundness of its system.

The growth of the business has been so marked, and its operations so successful that it is felt that the time has now come when the business should be established on a wider and broader basis than is possible under the existing conditions, and arrangements have therefore been made whereby this Company will, as above stated, acquire the whole of the issued share capital of the M.I.G. carry on and develop its business.

The following certificate from Messrs. Hays, Akers & Hays, Chartered Accountants, indicates the growth of the Company's business, and illustrates how its organisation has enabled the percentage of loss to a minimum.

1 Queen Victoria Street, Mansion House, London E.C.4. 28th September, 1927.

To the Directors of THE FUTUAL FINANCE, INDEMNITY & GUARANTEE CORPORATION LTD.
302/8 Regent Street, W.1.

GENTLEMEN,—In accordance with your instructions, we have examined the books, accounts and records of the Mutual Indemnity and Guarantee Corporation, Ltd., for the period from 1st January, 1924, to 31st July, 1927, and certify the following figures in relation to Hiring Agreements to be in accordance therewith:—

Year	Number Accepted	Gross Amount thereof	Gross charges Hiring therein	Loss Percentage by Default of Ascertained and Reserved	Losses by Default to Turnover
1924	309	£147,548	£10,429	£664	£0.45
1925	2,128	378,745	27,255	1,198	.32
1926	4,131	677,497	47,475	1,291	.27
7 months to 31st July, 1927	2,568	428,892	33,005	383	.09

The Gross amount represented by Hiring Agreements entered into during the first seven completed months of 1927, when compared with the corresponding period of 1926, shows an increase of over 50 per cent. The charge for Hiring secures a profit for the Hiring Agreement which is approximately 7½ per cent. of the Gross Hiring Charges in each year should (as has in fact been done) be carried forward as earned in which year.

On a constant annual turnover this adjustment would only affect the first year, and all subsequent years would receive credit for the full Gross Hiring Charges on new business.

The greater part of this business has been financed by the Century Insurance Company at varying rates of discount.

Yours faithfully,
(Sgd.) HAYS, AKERS & HAYS.

ESTIMATED PROFITS.—The M.I.G. have worked on the nominal capital of £100 and have financed their business mainly by advances from the Century Insurance Company. The Directors are satisfied that with the present facilities, which will now be available, the present organisation should be able to increase the turnover to £1,000,000 per annum and efficiently deal with this volume of business. Gross earnings at the same ratio as heretofore will be £77,500, to which must be added the Income from Hire Purchase Finance Insurance Brokerage, estimated at £3,700, making a total of £80,200.

After deducting Discount Charges, estimated at £18,000, and all operation and overhead expenses (including Directors' fees and Insurance for losses by default) estimated at £19,000, making a total of £37,000, there should remain a net profit of £43,000.

From the above it will be seen that the nett profits (after deducting thereout the commission thereon payable to Directors under contracts Nos. (6), (7) and (8) below) should be sufficient to cover the Cumulative Preferential Dividend of 7½ per cent. on the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares approximately two and a half times over.

GENERAL ESTATES & INSURANCES (MANCHESTER) LTD. was registered in September 1921 to carry on the business of Insurance and Hire Purchase Finance. The following letter has been received from the Managing Director, Mr. Percy Livsey:—

General Estates & Insurances (Manchester) Limited, 26 Cross Street, Manchester, 28th September, 1927.

To the Directors—MUTUAL FINANCE, INDEMNITY & GUARANTEE CORPORATION LTD.,
302/8 Regent Street, W.1.

GENTLEMEN,—This Company was registered in September, 1921, to carry on the business of Insurance and Hire Purchase Brokers, and acquired an established Brokerage business. The Company acts as local Agents for the Mutual Indemnity and Guarantee Corporation, Ltd., and a separate agency has been opened for the Hire Purchase Department was for the year ending 31st December, 1926, £42,000, whilst the four months ending 30th April, 1927, show an increase of 65 per cent. over the corresponding period of 1926. The Company has a sound Insurance Brokerage business of over £25,000 per annum, the figures of this Department for the year ending 31st December, 1926, being:—

Premium Income	£28,017.
Commission	£1,138.

Yours faithfully,
P. LIVSEY, Managing Director,
General Estates & Insurances (Manchester) Limited.

ASSETS ACQUIRED.—The Company acquires all the issued share capital of the M.I.G. with the benefit of all profits after the 31st December, 1926. The assets of the M.I.G. are subject to a debenture dated 7th October, 1926, in favour of the Century Insurance Company Ltd., to secure all debts due by the Century Insurance Company, Ltd., for the purpose of financing the Hire Purchase business of the Company. The Debenture carries interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, and is secured by a floating charge on the undertaking of the M.I.G. together with a charge on the benefit of the Hire Purchase Agreements deposited with the Century Insurance Company, Ltd. The amount owing on the debenture at the present time is under £375,000 and is almost wholly covered by the instalments payable on the Hire Purchase Agreements deposited with the Century Insurance Company, Ltd. in accordance with the terms of the said Debenture, and the M.I.G. will be protected against any loss in excess of one quarter of one per cent. on current Hire Purchase Agreements by the Policy of Indemnity referred to hereinafter.

The Company also acquires the goodwill of the business of insurance agents and brokers and hire purchase brokers carried on by the General Estates as aforesaid from the 31st July, 1927, and the benefit and obligation of all contracts and engagements connected with such goodwill as from that date.

PURCHASE PRICE.—The Vendor to the Company of all the above mentioned shares in the M.I.G. and the Goodwill of the General Estates is Mr. Arnold Williams of 23 Queen Anne's Gate, London aforesaid and the consideration payable for such assets has been fixed by Mr. Arnold Williams at £75,000 payable in cash, the balance of the purchase price of £250,000 being satisfied by the issue at par of the shares of the M.I.G. and £5,500 as the price of the goodwill of General Estates. The Audited Balance Sheet of the M.I.G. of the 30th June, 1927, shows a net surplus of assets over liabilities of £18,547 15s. 1d., to which must be added the net profits accrued since that date.

INSURANCE OF BAD DEBTS.—In return for a single payment of £900, The Century Insurance Company Ltd. has agreed to insure the Mutual Indemnity & Guarantee Corporation, Ltd. against all losses by default in excess of One per cent. on existing Agreements estimated at £375,000.

MANAGEMENT.—The Joint Managing Directors, whose services have been secured to the Company for a period of ten years, are gentlemen whose records and past experience render them in every way suitable for the positions to which they have been appointed, viz.:—

Mr. HECTOR JOHN TILLEY, who is a recognised authority on matters connected with Hire Purchase and Finance, and has been the Managing Director of the M.I.G. since its formation.

Mr. P. LIVSEY, who has been engaged in Insurance and Hire Purchase business since 1922. He is well known to Motor Dealers in the North, and will have their full support.

It is proposed to retain the services of Mr. Tilley and Mr. Livsey for ten years, so as to ensure the continuity of efficient working. These gentlemen will also be appointed Joint Managing Directors of the M.I.G. without additional remuneration.

UNDERWRITING.—The whole of the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares have been underwritten under Contract.

The Directors are interested as follows:—

Mr. Arnold Williams and Mr. Percy Livsey each hold 526 Shares in the General Estates & Insurances (Manchester) Ltd., out of a total Issued Capital of 1,075 shares of £1 each fully paid. Mr. Williams is a vendor and promoter of the Company and as such receives the sums above mentioned. Mr. Tilley and Mr. Livsey are appointed Joint Managing Directors of the Company as above mentioned and Mr. Tilley receives under contract (5) above the said sum of £7,500. Mr. Arnold Williams is appointed Technical Director of the Company as above mentioned.

The qualification of a Director is fixed by the Articles at the holding of Preference Shares to the nominal value of £250.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and of the above Contracts, Reports and Letters can be inspected at the offices of the Company's Solicitors during the usual business hours on any day prior to the closing of the Lists.

Certificates will be issued for the Shares for which the Directors have been paid for in full.

If any Application is not accepted in full, the surplus amount paid on application will be appropriated towards the amount payable on allotment, and any balance will be returned to the Applicant, and where any Application is not accepted in full the amount paid in full. Interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum will be charged on amounts overdue. Failure to pay any instalment on the due date will render all amounts previously paid liable to forfeiture and the allotment liable to cancellation.

Full Prospectuses, on the terms of which only applications will be accepted, and Forms of Application can be obtained from the Bankers, Brokers, and Solicitors of the Company and from Messrs. Samuel Jones & Sons, Bualldoo House, 7 Moorgate, E.C.2.

Dated 30th September, 1927.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED.

Mutual Finance, Indemnity & Guarantee Corporation, Limited.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1908 to 1917.)

CAPITAL - - - - - £250,000

DIVIDED INTO

200,000 Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of £1 each

AND

1,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 1s. each.

ISSUE OF

200,000 7½ per cent. Cumulative Participating Preference Shares of £1 each at par

and 200,000 Ordinary Shares of 1s. each at par.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

To the Directors of MUTUAL FINANCE, INDEMNITY & GUARANTEE CORPORATION, LIMITED, 302/8 Regent Street, London, W.1.

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your Bankers the sum of £ ..... being a deposit of 2/- per share on Application for ..... of the above Cumulative Participating Preference Shares, and 1/- per share being payment in full on Application for ..... of the Ordinary Shares, I/we hereby request you to allot me/us that number of Shares, and I/we hereby agree to accept such number or any less number that may be allotted to me/us, upon the terms and conditions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and upon the terms of the Prospectus dated 30th September, 1927, and I/we undertake to pay the further instalments in respect of the Cumulative Participating Preference Shares as provided by the said Prospectus, and authorise you to register me/us as the holder(s) of the said Shares in the Register of Members of the Company.

PLEASE WRITE DISTINCTLY

Address (in full) .....

Signature .....

Name (in full) .....

Profession or Business ..... Date ..... 1927.

(A Lady should state whether she is a Spinster, Wife or Widow.)

This Form must be sent, with the amount payable on application, to a Branch of the Westminster Bank Ltd., 4 Bartholomew Lane, London, E.C.2, Head Office, 41 Lothbury, London E.C. 2, or Branches; or Messrs. Coutts & Co., 440 Strand, London, W.C.2, or Branches.

Cheques payable to one of the above-mentioned Banks or "Bearer", and crossed "NOT NEGOTIABLE."

Any Cheque or Order to "Order" or "Bearer" must be signed by the Drawer.

No receipt will be issued for payment on application, but an acknowledgement will be forwarded in due course, either by the Bankers or Solicitors to whom it is sent or by return of Deposit.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE FEATURES.

RECENT TREND OF SPECULATION.

THE FALL IN RUBBER SHARES.

FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON, Saturday.

While strength and activity still mainly centre in the Industrial department of the Stock Exchange, the interest is not confined so much as it was some time ago to one or two groups of securities. There is still a great deal doing in Celanese Shares, under the lead of British Celanese Ordinary, and in Match Shares, while the various gramophone issues also display considerable activity. But speculative interest is undoubtedly spreading to other securities, and, while last week the main feature was the fresh record price reached by British Celanese Ordinary, it was noticeable that various other shares were taken in hand and carried up appreciably. Among these were Taylor's (Cash Chemists) Deferred, Liptons, Hide and Co., and London Theatres of Varieties. It would be rather extraordinary if during the last few days important developments have taken place of a character justifying a considerable rise in these shares. There have been certain developments with regard to Liptons and the London Theatres shares, but in other cases the outburst of activity must be mainly attributed to the spread of the speculative fever which has been so noticeable in Stock Markets this year. Whether the movement is becoming dangerous it is impossible to say, but it is a commonplace that the longer the shares continue rising the greater will be the inevitable reaction.

BRITISH CELANESE.

The rise in these shares is one of the romances of the Stock Exchange. At one time last year they could have been picked up for about half-a-crown, and even during this year the quotation touched 5s. 9½d. Last week they changed hands at 10s., and, as the shares are of 10s. each, this represents a very big premium. Yet it is not difficult to find people who consider that the rise is fully warranted, and that a still higher level will be ultimately reached. With the movement to 10s. the valuation of the Ordinary capital reached £11,500,000. To pay a dividend which would give a return of only 5 per cent. on this sum would require £575,000. The company may ultimately earn such a surplus, but it is hardly likely to be able to do so yet awhile, and, to put the matter mildly, the great rise in the shares discounts the future very considerably.

FUTURE FINANCING.

Undoubtedly, the activity in the shares was assisted by the recent report that an arrangement had been reached by which the International Holdings Company would give up its right to a royalty based not on the net earnings, but on the invoice price of the British Celanese output. This right hung like a millstone round the neck of the producing company, and it had been thought that possibly future difficulty would be experienced in getting rid of it. The price paid to the International Holdings Co. is said to be about £1,500,000, this sum including the redemption of a line of debentures held by the latter concern. It is understood that the report is quite correct, but that the financing of this deal will be arranged, not by an issue of notes, as suggested a few days ago, but by debentures secured, presumably, on the factory and plant of the company. There is also talk of the formation of a big holdings company, which would issue shares here and in America and on the Continent, evidently for the purpose of allowing those who hold a controlling interest to secure a good part of the big profit on paper now accruing to them. Probably this holding company would also be interested in the Celanese Corporation of America and the Canadian Celanese Company.

COURTAULDS.

Meanwhile, Courtaulds go on quietly increasing their output, both here and abroad. It is understood that the production of the American subsidiary, the Viscose Company, has increased very greatly of late, and now represents a substantial percentage of the total production of the United States. The arrangement recently announced with the German Company is likely to have important results, and it is also said that some of the Courtauld factories in England are being enlarged in order to cope with the increasing production of artificial silk by the new cellulose process, which has proved to be a very great success. Comparisons are, of course, odious, but it is argued that, if there is any justification for British Celanese 10s. shares standing in the neighbourhood of £5 each, Courtaulds £1 shares are certainly not overvalued in the neighbourhood of 7s., especially in view of the excellent financial position and the years of experience behind the company. There has certainly been more interest evident in these shares of late, but in comparison with the display given by British Celanese they have been comparatively neglected.

RUBBER SHARES.

This section is still one of the quietest of the House, and prices, instead of rising, gradually sag. The lack of speculative interest is not entirely due to the comparatively low level of the commodity and the tendency for stocks of rubber steadily to increase. It is believed that before very long, probably next month, an important statement will be made by the Government in regard to the restriction policy. Some people are in favour of the removal of restriction altogether, on the ground that, so far, it has been a failure, simply because it could not be made to apply to all producers in the Far East. This is scarcely correct. The scheme has not worked as satisfactorily as it was hoped it would, but there can be little doubt that the policy saved a good many companies from ruin at a time when the very low price of the commodity made it impossible to produce and market rubber at a profit. What the nature of the pronouncement by the Government will be cannot be said, but there is an idea that it will propose measures for tightening up the present restriction policy, so as to make the latter effective, and, perhaps, also it will deal with the vexed question of unused coupons. Meanwhile, the market is given way considerably, and it may be that the present level will prove to be little above the lowest of the year; in other words, that some recovery in prices can be looked for.

OIL SHARES.

This, also, is another unsatisfactory section of the Stock Exchange, and, perhaps, it will enjoy no revival until the feeling of doubt is removed in regard to the dividends for the past year of such companies as the Anglo-Persian and the Burmah. It is understood that in the former case, at least, the distribution will be reduced. Quite possibly the announcement of the cut would be followed by a recovery in the shares, because the present depressed price discounts the event. Apart from these considerations, it is not easy to see what is going to happen to cause a substantial recovery in Oil Shares until the position as regards over-production in America has been improved. Besides the expectation of reduced dividends, the market is somewhat depressed by one or two factors of a negative character. The extent of the development in connection with the Mexican Eagle Company has not yet been announced; neither has the predicted substantial expansion of the British Controlled output, and the rumour of a deal between the Pan American and the Creole Syndicate is still a rumour. Almost the only bright spot in the market is the firmness of V.O.C. issues, owing to the steady expansion in the output.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LOANS IN DEMAND.

LARGE CASH DISPLACEMENTS CAUSED BY CONVERSION

There was a big turnover of funds on Saturday, in connection with the payment for the new 4½ p.c. Treasury Bonds, and the redemption of the 5 p.c. and 4 p.c. War Bonds (1st Series). On the other hand, disbursements of Government interest and other dividends totalled £35,400,000. These large cash displacements coming on a Saturday caused considerable disorganisation, and the Bankers' Clearing House extended its time for clearing cheques by twenty minutes.

Bank Rate Discount (changed April 21 1927)	4½%
60 days (fine)	4⅝ 4⅜
3 months	4⅝ 4⅜
4 "	4⅝ "
6 "	4⅝ 4½
Loans to Brokers Day-to-day	3½
for a Week	3½
Deposit Allowance: Banks at Call	2½%
Discount Houses at Call	2½%
" " Notice	3½%

Money at the opening was in good demand at 4 p.c. and over, but was eventually obtainable at 3½ down to 3 p.c., old day-to-day loans being renewed at 3½ to 3¾ p.c. One of the banks lent freely until to-day and obtained only nine per cent. of its deposits, which is hardly necessary, as the markets thus being spared the necessity of applications to the Bank of England. Weekly loans went on at 3¼ p.c.

The Discount market was idle, no one having the time to devote to dealings in bills. Dates, however, were firm, with 2 months 4¼-4⅜ p.c. quoted for two, three, and four months' bills. The "hot" Treasuries were more or less nominal at 4⅞-4¾ p.c.

There were no bullion movements at the Bank, and in the open market the price of gold was unchanged at 84s. 11¼d. per oz. Silver was 3d. easier, on China selling, at 25¾d. per oz. for both spot and forward.

	Oct. 1 Closing Rates	Sept. 30 Closing Rates	Par Rate
Amsterdam	12.13⅜	12.13⅞	12.10
B. Ayres	47⅝	47⅝	48
Barcelona	27.80	27.90	27.82
Berlin	20.42½	20.42½	20.43
Brussels	34.93¾	34.94	34.92
Calcutta	1/5 61-64	1/5 63-64	1/5 61-64
Copenhagen	18.16¼	18.17¼	18.17¼
Geneva	25.23½	25.24	25.23½
Greece	3.60½	3.60½	3.67
Holland	12.03	12.03	12.05
Italy	99.13	99.18	89¼
Japan	1/1	1/1⅛	1/0⅝
Montreal	4.86	4.86¼	4.86⅔
Montevideo	49⅞	50-16	49⅞
New York	4.86¼	4.86⅛	4.86⅔
Oslo	18.45	18.41	18.44
Paris	123.96	124.05	123.95
Prague	164	164¼	164¼
Rio de Jan.	6⅞	6⅝	5⅝
Shanghai	2/6	2/5⅞	2/6
Singapore	2/3⅝	2/3⅝	2/3⅝
Stockholm	18.08½	18.09	18.08
Vienna	34.48	34.42	34.48
Warsaw	43	44	43

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

KIVUVU (UGANDA) RUBBER COMPANY.—The report for the year ended 31st January, 1927, to be presented at the meeting on Monday, 3rd inst., at noon, states that the total crops harvested were as follows:—Kivuvu, 58,439; Magigye, 35,098. Total, 93,537 lb. The amount brought forward from last year's account was £1,843 on the 31st January, 1927. The total sales of rubber to date have been at any time since they were re-opened, much heavy work on elephant grass and bush removal of coffee having been carried out. The year started with bright prospects, the yields for the first half being quite satisfactory, the trees maintaining a healthy appearance and the quality was good. Unfortunately, after the trees wintered in August Oidium appeared on the young leaves, and in consequence the trees could not develop a healthy foliage. Matters became worse when, during the March-April rains, the weather turned unusually very hot and dry, with an exceptionally low rainfall, consequently the yields dropped to a great extent, and to-day the crops are reported as consequently higher. The cost of producing the finished rubber per lb. to f.o.b. Killindini was:—Kivuvu Estate, 9.78d.; and Magigye Estate, 8.09d. The average price obtainable for rubber throughout the year was 2s. 4½d. per lb., as compared with 2s. 9d. the preceding year. During the current year work was commenced for planting 50 acres contained with Robusta Coffee, and good prospects are entertained that this will prove a successful undertaking. The profit and loss account showing a profit for the year of £3,843, deducted from the debit balance from last account, £5,665, leaving £4,677 to be carried forward to the debit of the profit and loss account. In accordance with the Articles of Association, Mr. William Hogg, who was appointed a director during the year, retires, and, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. The auditors, Messrs. Stokes Bros. and Firm, also retire, and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

ASSOCIATED DYERS AND CLEANERS.—Interim dividend of 8d. per share on Ord.

C. DAVIDSON AND SONS.—The balance at debit of profit and loss account is £2,000. The directors report an improvement in results since the end of the coal dispute, and in the last few months a profit in trading over.

BURSTEL, NELSON AND CO., LTD.—A final dividend of 2½ per share, and a bonus of 6d. per share, both less tax, on the Ord. Shares, leaving £5,477 to be carried forward.

KERR, STUART AND CO.—Company announce that owing to industrial conditions prevailing as a result of coal dispute and necessity of conserving company's resources, directors have decided to defer consideration of payment of half-year's dividend due October 1 on Pref. Shares. Cum. Pref. Shares.

NORTH OF SCOTLAND HYDRO-ELECTRIC COMPANY.—Interim of 1/- per share on Ord., subject to tax. (Same.)

NORTH OF SCOTLAND INVESTMENTARY.—The available balance, including amount brought in, is £3,371, against £3,808. Dividend 6 per cent. (Same.)

PATANI PARA PLANTATIONS.—Final dividend of 1C per cent., is recommended, making 20 per cent. for the year (against 25 per cent.).

PARKINSON STOVE.—Final dividend of 15 per cent., plus bonus of 5 per cent., on Old Shares, and dividend of 7½ per cent., plus bonus of 2½ per cent., on New Shares, all tax free; £11,260 forward.

PARSONS MARINE STEAM TURBINE COMPANY.—Dividend for the financial year ending June 30 last of 7½ per cent., tax free, against 10 per cent. tax free.

ROBERT ALLEN AND CO.—A dividend on Ord. Shares of 7½ per cent. less tax. (Dividend same.)

SERCK RADIATORS.—Dividend on 2/- per share plus a bonus of 9d., both less tax, placing to reserve; training in reserve £30,000; £10,000.

SAN FINX TIN-MINES.—The directors announce that results so far attained are satisfactory, and in consequence the Company will be in a position to declare a dividend of 5 per cent. (actual), less tax, on account of the year ending December 31 next.

WESTERN EXPLORATION.—Interim of 1½ per cent. free half-year ended 31st August. (Same.)

TRIPLEX SAFETY GLASS COMPANY.—Year's dividend 17½ per cent., against 15 per cent. The new works are fully employed, and a new factory has been bought, which will have approximately the capacity of the existing works.

BIRMINGHAM MOTOR SHARE MARKET.

Friday's closing quotations:—Albion Motor, 50/6; Austin Ord. 21/4½, do. B Pref. 22/10½, do. Deferred, 10% 12/6, do. Def. 6½ p.c. 93/-; Birmingham Aluminium Castings, 24/4½; Birmingham Small Arms, 31/3—Bleriot Whites, 35/-; Bowden Brake, 27/6; Bretts Hampton, 26/6; Brown (J. B.), 36/5; Brown Bros. 27/9 x.d., Pref. 21/6 x.d.—Components, 6/3; Coventry Chain, 23/-; Crossley Motors, 21/4½; Dennis Bros. 79/3; Enfield Cycle, 28/11½; Fodens, 19/-; Guy Motors, 19/6; Halford, Cycle, 23/-; Hughes Johnson, 37/-; Humber 50/3, do. Pref. 16/6; James Cycle, 14/6; Leyland Motor, 20/-; Lucas (Jos.), 90/4½; Mandaley, 16/-; Morris Motors Pref., 19/-; Napier Ord. 63/10½, do. Def. 25/3; New Hudson, 14/6; Riley (Coventry), 7/6; Rolls-Royce, 34/6, Rovere, 15/6; Sheffield Simplex, 5/9, do. Pref. 49/-; Scott Motor Cycle, 3/6; S.T.D. Motors 7/3, do. Pref. 15/4½, do. 8% Notes 100 x.d.; Serck Radiators 33/-; Singer and Co. 29/6 x.d.; Smith (S.) and Sons Def. 8/11½; Smith's Stamping Works, 27/6; Standard Motor, 24/-; Star Engineering, 3/11½; Stevens (A. J.), 26/9; Swift 3/-, do. Pref. 9/6; Tilling-Stevens 4/7½, do. Pref. 10/6; Triumph, 26/9; Vauxhall Motor Pref., 18/9 x.d.; Vulcan Motor, 3/-; Wolseley Motor, 5/6; Guest, Pref. 32/6, do. B Pref. 23/9; Leyland Rubber, 20/3 x.d.; Patent Trust Ord. 20/3, do. Pref. 15/9, do. Deferred 32/9; Tyre Investment, 8/10½.

The Rev. Michael Selwyn Bell, Vicar of St. Cuthbert's Church, Over Kellet, near Carnforth, Lancashire, died at Lancaster on Saturday last, aged forty-seven. He was a brother of Keble Howard, the author and playwright.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

THE OUTLOOK.

A continuance of activity in Industrials may be expected, but other markets show few signs of animation. Dealers in Rubbers, Oils and Kaffirs who find time hang heavily on their hands frequently speculate in the more popular Industrials, and it goes without saying that they buy or sell only for a quick profit. In some of the recent movements, such as that in British Celanese, House operators have found themselves on the wrong side occasionally. The future of British Celanese is an intriguing problem (writes *The Sunday Times*). There is no doubt that the market is firmly in hand, and, although the price has practically touched the figure of £5 originally predicted by market rumour, it does not follow that the rise will stop here. To justify even the present price by facts and figures is a difficult matter. A new issue of £3,000,000 7 per Cent. Convertible Debentures has been suggested to pay the International Holdings Company the sum required for the cancellation of the royalties and to redeem outstanding Debentures and Income Bonds, and all doubt should be removed by the promised official statement. Improved technical methods which will enable the company to earn larger profits have been rumoured. It is still thought that the Preference holders may be offered Ordinary Shares in payment of their arrears, and as the Preferences participate in 25 per cent. of the surplus profits they are believed to offer scope for further improvement. For investment, Courtaulds are undoubtedly a sounder purchase. The progress of the business, both here and in the United States, suggests that increased dividends are only a question of time. Refusal to carry over at the last settlement led to liquidation of stock by weak holders, but this is a temporary influence which the investor can afford to ignore. Snia Viscosas have advanced since they were recommended here, and are still considered cheap. The halving of the Godfrey Phillips dividend is a reminder that the fierce competition between the tobacco retailers is prejudicial to profits. It is believed that the Imperial Company is well able to hold its own, and the bear attack on these shares gives the investor the chance of acquiring them more cheaply.

KREUGER AND TOLL.

Considerable activity is still being displayed in the shares of Kreuger and Toll, the Swedish industrial finance concern, which is largely interested in Swedish Match, among other enterprises. The Swedish Match concern is expected shortly to announce an issue on bonus terms which will benefit Kreuger and Toll, and it is also reported that the shares of Swedish Grangesberg Company, in which Kreuger and Toll is largely interested, is shortly to be introduced on the London market. Kreuger and Toll Shares, which have a par value of 100 Swedish kronen, are at present quoted a little over 40, and were introduced to the London market a little over a year ago at under 30. They have been previously referred to in these notes as a desirable "lock away" purchase for the wealthy speculative investor. In responsible quarters they are being confidently talked to 50, but in addition to the 34,000 new shares for which permission to deal has been granted, we understand, a further issue is contemplated that farther shares, amounting in all to about 150,000, may come on the market later.

£1,000,000 SCOTTISH COMPANY.

The Pritchard Flax Fibre and Pulp Company, 141 Bath street, Glasgow, has just been registered in Edinburgh as a public company with a capital of £1,000,000—The company has been formed to acquire the benefit of Dr. Pritchard's inventions relating to flax and other fibres for manufacturing purposes. By the new process it is claimed retting and scutching of the flax will be entirely dispensed with, and the time occupied in the preparation of the flax will be drastically curtailed.

A CEREBOS BONUS.

Cerebos, Ltd., the salt manufacturers, propose to increase the capital to £600,000 by creating 130,000 new Ordinary £1 shares, ranking *pari passu* with the existing £300,000 Ordinary shares, and to the extent of 170,000 new £1 shares of a class at present unspecified. It is then proposed to capitalise £100,000 of undivided profits and reserves, and distribute a bonus to existing Ordinary holders in the form of Ordinary £1 shares at the rate of one for three already held. The board are also to be entitled to apply at any time before 30th November, at par, for 30,000 new Ordinary shares of the company. The £1 Ordinary shares have recently been a rising market, and are quoted at 5¼ following the above bonus news.

NITRATE SALES.

According to cable advices from the Valparaiso correspondent of the Anglo-South American Bank the sales of nitrate of soda reported by the Producers' Association from the introduction of the system on April 14 up to September 15 last, amount to 1,745,327 metric tons. It is understood that during the past fortnight further substantial sales of the fertiliser have been effected at prices ranging from about 16s. 8½d. to 17s. 4d. per metric quintal.

SWISS BANK CORPORATION.

The board of the Swiss Bank Corporation proposes to increase the paid-up share capital from Frs. 120,000,000 to Frs. 140,000,000. If the board's proposals are approved at the meeting called for October 17, Frs. 20,000,000 will be issued to 40,000 new shares of Frs. 500 each, ranking for dividend as from January 1, 1928, will be issued in the course of the present month. Shareholders will also be asked to authorise the board to issue a further amount of Frs. 35,000,000 (represented by 70,000 shares) at such times and on such conditions as the board may consider suitable.

CHINESE LOANS.

Speculative investors are turning their attention to Chinese Government bonds. Considerable business is recorded in the various securities, and on balance

THRIFT IN DUBLIN.

ATTITUDE OF THE WORKERS.

While the employés of certain business houses have made arrangements with their employers for the purchase by instalments of Irish Free State Savings Certificates, the disposition to do this is by no means general. In one large establishment in Dublin the scheme adopted is to purchase £100 worth of Savings Certificates at a given period, say, the beginning of the year, and arrange for the payment of these by the workers by a regular weekly subscription. This may be paid to a treasurer or, by agreement, deducted from the employés weekly wage. When 15s. is paid up the employer in this case adds 6d. to make up the price of a Savings Certificate, which is then issued to the employé, with all interest accruing from the time of its purchase. In this particular house, which employs hundreds of people, the promotion of thrift on these lines have been very successful.

LACK OF INTEREST.

Another large employer of labour in the city told an *Irish Times* representative, that while his workers listened attentively to an explanation of the Savings Certificates scheme, they would not take it up. Seeing the lack of enthusiasm for this method of saving, the firm did not put forward any proposal for cooperation with their workers.

In connection with a similar scheme in Britain, suggestions have been made by which

(1) The employé undertakes to put by 1s. a week from his wages for the purchase of National Savings Certificates in an effort to save £50; if he dies before that has been done the employer pays the full £50 to his dependants;

(2) The employé undertakes to contribute a fixed sum each week for the purchase of the Certificates; for every eight Certificates the employer presents him with a ninth.

The manager of another public company to our representative questioned on the matter declared that the idea of paying some weekly towards the purchase of Savings Certificates did not meet with favour among workers.

A SUPERANNUATION SCHEME.

They were, however, anxious for a superannuation scheme, to which both parties should contribute. This, he said, presented difficulties on account of the number of young men in the company's employment.

The outside observer it would seem that something might be done in this direction by the purchase of Savings Certificates. Single Certificates, costing 15s. 6d., are worth £1 at the end of five years, and people who acquire the habit of thrift will soon be able to build up a nice little fund for the inevitable rainy day.

DERRY HOUSING.

SCOTTISH ACT WANTED.

Mr. A. J. Irwin, B.A., at the monthly meeting of the Londonderry Rural District Council last Saturday, drew attention to the Housing (Rural Workers) Act, 1926, and said that this Act applied only to Scotland, but the provisions struck him as so admirable that he had decided to submit a resolution to them for their approval. As the Council knew, their labourers cottage scheme had been held up through the stiff terms of the loan. The Council knew that there was need of houses; but, on the other hand, they were faced with the question of whether they should saddle the ratepayers with any further burden. It was extremely unlikely that they could charge enough rent to recoup the loan. If an Act, similar to this Scottish Act, was brought into force here it might be of benefit to the rural community in Northern Ireland.

He moved that the Council direct the attention of the Government to the Housing (Rural Workers) Act, 1926, under the Scottish Board of Health, whereby loans can be advanced for the repair of houses for agricultural workers and for persons whose economic condition is substantially the same as such workers, and the improvement of such accommodation. The Council were strongly of opinion that an Act, based on similar lines, would be of great public benefit to the rural community in Northern Ireland, and they requested the Northern Government to take steps to have such an Act brought into force, seeing that the present loan terms for building new cottages under the Labourers Acts were prohibitive.

Mr. J. R. Scott, D.L., seconded the motion, which was passed unanimously.

It was decided to send copies of the resolution to the Rural Councils of Northern Ireland on the local Parliamentary representatives.

OPENING OF DANCING SEASON.

CINDERELLA AT METROPOLE BALLROOM.

The winter dancing season was ushered in in Dublin last Saturday night, when a successful Cinderella dance was held at the Metropole Ballroom, which has been redecorated. The well-known exhibition dancers, Robert Sielle and Annette Mills, gave a pleasing performance. They are both clever dancers, and their exhibitions had to be repeated again and again. Their presentation of the new "Black Bottom" was greatly enjoyed. The Rogers-May Band contributed some new numbers that should prove popular.

Amongst those present were:—Sir Robert and Lady Tate, Miss Lowry, Dr. Starkie and party, Mr. Cecil Lavery, Miss Ormsby, Mr. George Carson, Mr. J. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. George O'Connor, Mr. D. J. Munden, Major Tynan, Captain Maguire, Mr. Cushanan, Mr. H. Tirrift, Major Cusack, Mr. R. Boyd, Miss Sheridan, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Palmer, Professor Martin, Dunsink; Mr. J. Shiels, Mr. Justice Hanna and party, Mr. Eric Kendall and party, Mr. and Mrs. George Crowley, Mr. P. J. Martin and party, Mr. and Mrs. Leggett Byrne, Madame Kirkwood Hackett, Miss Sheila Richards, Dr. Wallis and party, Miss Bethel and party, Mr. R. Guise-Brown, Miss K. Keogh, Commandant J. C. Fitzmaurice, Mr. W. J. Nolan and party, Captain A. J. Connolly, and Mr. David Glasgow.

A BLIND MAN'S DOG.

Mrs. D. Hungerford, 12 Upper Fitzwilliam street, Dublin, writes:—"Late last evening I had a visit from a friend of mine—the poor blind man who stands, day after day, month after month, not far from Government Buildings in Merrion street. Many persons know this poor man and his faithful dog. Last night he climbed all the way up to my flat, because he was in great distress on account of his dog. This faithful little creature never leaves the blind man until evening comes on. The poor man has nowhere to keep it at night, as he lives in a tenement room where it would not be allowed. The dog is, therefore, at the mercy of chance kindness after nightfall. Hearing that the lodge-keeper in Merrion square has allowed him to sleep in one of his sheds, and has given him food, I went to see the man, and he told me that he thinks this dog was born in the Square Gardens, but that he belongs to no one but the blind man, who has appropriated him for the daylight hours, and is good to him. The lodge-keeper is anxious to get rid of the dog, as it runs after cyclists, and he is afraid that he will have to poison it. The blind man is in great distress. I have told him that I will do my best to give the dog temporary shelter, but I also have nowhere to keep him.

"Would any of your kind readers give a country home to this faithful little dog of this blind man; or will any of your kind readers in Merrion square give this little native of the Square Gardens a warm kennel and regular food during the winter months in the gardens? In the day-time he prefers to keep watch by his blind master. The dog is a mongrel, and has little to recommend him save his virtue of fidelity to the unfortunate."

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

At the last meeting of the Dublin Council of the National Council of Women arrangements were made in connection with the visit to Ireland of Mrs. Corbett Ashby, President of the International Alliance of Women for Suffrage and Equal Citizenship. An evening meeting will take place on October 11th at 39 Merrion square (through the kindness of Mrs. Bewley), at which Mrs. Corbett Ashby will speak on "Women and International Work."

CHRISTIAN UNITY.

LAUSANNE CONFERENCE

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Sunday.

The Bishop of Limerick (Dr. Vere White) was the special preacher in Belfast Cathedral at the annual Harvest Thanksgiving Services to-day.

Preaching to a large congregation at Morning Service, he said that their Harvest Festivals were concerned with the simple things of life, and no sectarian note was struck on these occasions. It was in concord with the spirit of these celebrations that he should pass on to them some message about the great World Conference on Faith and Order which met at Lausanne in July last. They were told on that occasion that when they came home they should pass on something of the inspiration for unity which they received. Referring to the differences of opinion that existed in Christendom, he said that these were against common sense.

Discussing the Lausanne Conference, he said that nearly five hundred delegates attended and all Churches were represented except the Church of Rome. The American delegation, at the inception of the movement, visited the heads of the various Churches in Europe and received a very courteous welcome from the Pope, who, however, said that, so far as he was concerned, his Church could take no part in the movement. Sub-committees at the Conference reported upon various aspects of the problems, and the report on the union, which presented special difficulties, was referred back to the Continuation Committee. It was by no means rejected. It was an enormous advance in Christian kindness and thought, and such a conference would have been impossible even fifty years ago.

The days of mutual anathema were gone; the days of cursing each other for God's love were gone. There was a very simple proof of that in the revision of the English Church Prayer Book, which gave permission to various degrees of thought. Irish Church people had rightly exercised their liberty in these respects. They had revised their own Prayer Book and Canons twice over. The Irish Church had retained her high place in the Anglican communion, and had been given her full rights, and they must be tolerant of those who did not exactly follow their methods in public worship. They stood for apostolic order and reverence; and they stood also for freedom and for willingness to welcome modern thought. They wanted, in Church matters, something of the spirit of Locarno, and, please God, the spirit of Lausanne would be even more effectual than the political spirit of Locarno. He advised the people to guard their inheritance of the Catholic and Protestant Church to which they belonged. Above all, they should guard their liberty of thought.

A "CLUB" APPRENTICE.

ACTION AGAINST TRADE UNION AT DERRY.

The Derry Recorder on Saturday last gave judgment in the case brought by Joseph Harold Brown, a plumber's apprentice, against Alderman Thomas McGlinchy, Manases Doherty, and David Archibald, the secretary, vice-chairman and chairman, respectively, of the local branch of the Plumbers' Union. The plaintiff claimed £50 damages, alleging that the defendants wrongfully, maliciously, and with intent to injure the plaintiff, procured and induced Thomas McConnell, master plumber in Derry, to break his contracting apprenticeship with the plaintiff and to discharge him.

The Recorder said that the plaintiff was an apprentice, who was employed for two years in the shipyard. Some time after the closing of the shipyard he obtained employment with McConnell. David Archibald's son was employed as an apprentice by McConnell, but owing to a difference with his employer he left. When the plaintiff entered McConnell's employment, McGlinchy and Doherty came to the shop and complained to McConnell that he had violated an understanding between the master plumbers in Derry and the local branch of the Plumbers' Union by employing the plaintiff, a "club" apprentice, without due notice. A "club" apprentice meant one who had served as such for more than six months, and who was out of a job. The understanding referred to was that such an apprentice could not be employed without previous notice to the local branch. The reason for this notice was to make sure that no club apprentice was employed as long as there was any journeyman plumber out of a job in the city. McConnell continued to employ the plaintiff.

Later, McGlinchy and Archibald, senior, called on McConnell to try to get Archibald, junior, reinstated. Young Archibald was reinstated, McConnell intending to try and do with two apprentices. But there was a rule of the Plumbers' Union that no master plumber was to have more than one apprentice at the same time. McConnell was then informed by the shop steward that unless he dispensed with Brown as an apprentice his men would be called out on strike. To avoid a strike of his men, McConnell was forced to dispense with Brown.

"I wish," continued the Recorder, "to express the clear opinion that the plaintiff has been very harshly treated by the local branch of the union, and I have a shrewd suspicion that if the plaintiff's employment as an apprentice by McConnell had not been considered to militate against the interests of David Archibald, junior, the son of the chairman of the local branch of the union, the case would not have been pressed against the plaintiff to procure his dismissal by McConnell in the rigid way it was. Under the special circumstances of the plaintiff's case, I think any fair-minded man, as between man and man, would have been inclined in the first place to waive compliance in this case with the alleged understanding as to the employment of club apprentices, and to refrain from a cast-iron application of the rule as to two apprentices being employed at the same time.

A "SPORTING" ACT.

"I think it was a sporting thing of McConnell to do to take on the two apprentices rather than discharge either, whether he had work for two or not, and there was no suggestion before me that the employment of the two apprentices in this case resulted in the non-employment of any journeyman plumber. If the rules can be dispensed with, as apparently they can, I think, as between man and man, this was a case for seconding the generous proposal by McConnell to retain the two apprentices, even if he had no work for two.

"A rule that all club apprentices are to take their place at the end of a queue behind all unemployed journeymen plumbers, if enforced in a cast-iron way, can hardly fail to work serious injustice. This appears more clearly when one recollects that the 'club apprentice' may be out of work from no fault of his own, and that under the rules of the union his apprenticeship must be completed before his age exceeds 24."

But, dealing with the legal propositions, the Recorder went on, in his opinion the case was governed by the provisions of the Trades Disputes Act, 1906. McConnell was anxious to retain the plaintiff as his apprentice, but the local branch of the union disputed his right to do so, and the acts complained of were done in an attempt to enforce the contention of the local branch of the union on McConnell. He held that the acts complained of were not actionable, and dismissed the case on the merits.

TIPPERARY SHOOTING.

PEACE COMMISSIONER'S HOUSE FIRED INTO.

A report is to hand that several revolver shots were fired into the house of Mr. William Flannery, Peace Commissioner, of Rear Cross, Newport. Fortunately no person was injured. Two of the shots were discharged through a window at the back of the house.

Mrs. Flannery, who has been in delicate health for a considerable time, is suffering from shock.

No motive has been assigned for the outrage. Mr. Flannery, who is a merchant, took a prominent part in the recent elections on behalf of the Government candidates.

FARMER DROPS DEAD IN FIELD.

Robert Porter, farmer, Ballee, Strabane, County Tyrone, dropped dead in a field on Saturday afternoon while carrying home a bag of potatoes which he had dug for Sunday's dinner.

DUBLIN'S TON-WEIGHT BABY.

YOUNG ELEPHANT AT THE "ZOO."

MANY NEW ARRIVALS FROM THE EAST.

A very valuable consignment of birds, beasts and fishes reached the Royal Zoological Society's Gardens in Phœnix Park, Dublin, yesterday morning.

The Society is constantly increasing its stock, and the new arrivals will add much to the attractiveness of the Gardens.

An *Irish Times* representative was privileged to see the most recent inhabitants yesterday afternoon by the courtesy of Dr. Ferrar, the General Superintendent, and found that almost all of them had borne well the long journey to Dublin.

One of them, which was described as a beautiful, but dangerous, black cobra, refused to be seen, which was, perhaps, all for the best, as, after having been penned up in a little box, without food, during a long voyage from the East, its temper was a matter of some uncertainty.

THE BIGGEST AND SMALLEST.

In size and weight a baby elephant that turns the scales at over a ton heads the list of arrivals, and three fighting fish, weighing only 30 grains each, come last. Poor little fighting fish, gaudy and belligerent, they fought their last fight on the voyage over and failed to survive.

The problem of the "baby" elephant—she is only one year old—was to get her out of her cage, and eleven strong men found the job no insignificant one. At noon yesterday, however, she was safely inside her new home, which has iron bars two inches thick.

An innocent and guileless creature, she felt a little strange at first, but it is hoped that with the aid of the big, but gentle, "Sundree," whom the children love so much, she will be made to feel at home in a few days.

THE WILD MAN OF THE WOOD.

"Bill" from Borneo is a perfect type of ape, an orang-utan, who possesses a coat of a vivid rust red, and wears a tremendous air of *insouciance*. When Dr. Ferrar handed him an apple he did not even deign to say "thank you," but turned his back on his benefactor.

The vocal chords of the orang-utan are, perhaps, one of his most interesting points. Underneath his chin he wears a heavy pouch, which he inflates, much as one would the bag of a bagpipes, when he wants to make himself heard. His tribe use it as a means of communicating vocally over many miles of intervening jungle.

"Bill" has not yet exercised this function since his arrival at the Zoological Gardens, but when he does it will be something worth hearing. One peculiarity about this orang-utan is that the big toe of his foot more closely resembles the human thumb than does the corresponding finger of his hand. His foot also is just as mobile as his hand.

He has fastidious tastes, and insists on having his morning cup of tea, as well as afternoon tea—quite an epicure among beasts. At Liverpool, when travelling to Dublin, in the company of Dr. Ferrar, "Bill" was insulted in a manner that he has not yet forgotten—he had to travel as a dog and on a dog's ticket. It is said that he gave vent to his feelings in a manner that surprised many of those on the docks at the time.

NEW GUINEA KANGAROOS.

Two rare creatures are a pair of very strange kangaroos, which are only found in certain parts of New Guinea. These are much smaller than their prototypes of Australia, but they are prettier, with their soft, brown eyes and dusky slate-coloured coats. They are the only specimens of their kind in either England or Ireland, and probably in Western Europe.

The pair of binturong are curious animals, of whom it would be difficult to give a description; they must be seen.

The two civet cats, from Indo-China, are vicious brutes. Great tawny creatures, three and four times the size of the domestic species, they sleep during the day and prowl for prey at night.

THE SNAKE-KILLER.

The mongoose is really a pretty creature, with its sharp, well-formed snout, long, bushy tail and heavy coat of a light heather-like mixture. A rat and snake-killer, the mongoose is not immune to snake poison, as is generally believed, but he is so active, in thunder-bolt fashion, that he is able to kill his enemy before he himself receives injury.

The two slow Loris are extraordinary nocturnal animals of the monkey tribe from Siam. In repose during the day, they resemble a ball of brown fur, but when they are stirred up they lift a small beautiful face from which two dull brown eyes of wonderful depth peep out unseeingly.

The porcupine from Siam arrived in a great cage, and if anybody approached him his quills, of six inches in length, stood up and rattled together with curious warning effect, while he hissed loudly and spat.

SQUIRRELS AND BEARS.

The three Raffles squirrels are the prettiest animals in a *petite* and effective way that have yet arrived at the Gardens. Their bodies, gloriously coloured in harmonic pattern of black, white, blue grey and red ochre, measure only from three to four inches, while their great furry black tails are over seven inches long.

There are two Malay bears of the smaller species, one of whom is a vile-tempered and dangerous brute, in marked contrast to its companion, which has a delightful, friendly disposition, and is ready to play and be fondled in a child-like manner.

Two fine monitors (lizards) complete the animal section of arrivals.

BEAUTIFUL BIRDS.

In the bird section there are three small hanging parrots, whose colouring is really beautiful. They have what appears at a little distance to be a deep red gash under the throat—cut-throat is another name given them—but a bright luminous green prevails in the colour scheme. A little purple spot on the top of the head gives a pretty effect.

The two Kitturi parrots—parakeets—wear a brilliant coat of deep crimson and purple.

One Nicobar pigeon and two other pigeons of an unknown species complete the list of birds.

THE SNAKES.

Six new snakes are added to the reptile house collection. These are the black cobra, which has been already mentioned; three pythons, a Curtus python, with exquisite colour tones on the skin, and a two-headed snake. The two-headed snake is a curiosity; for its tail, with two spots on either side, resembles a head.

Two other recent arrivals require to be

(Continued at foot of next Column.)

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

HORSE-JUMPING AT SHOWS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I read with interest the criticisms of your correspondent on horse-jumping competitions at agricultural shows, and his suggestion that the Royal Dublin Society could increase the great assistance it gives to the horse-breeding industry by taking a hand, in an advisory capacity, in the organisation of jumping competitions at country shows. In commenting on the diversity of procedure in judging jumping competitions "Ring-side Critic" (who writes like an owner) touches on a difficulty that show committees must always be prepared to face if the all-important question of manners of the horse and horsemanship of the rider are to be put in the scale against the ability of the pair to clear their fences in the competition. The difficulty lies in the difference between a "jumping competition" and a "hunter trial." The former indicates clean jumping as of primary importance, the latter a safe, comfortable conveyance over a country with the jumping character well developed. The difference between the two types of competitions I would compare with a hunter chase, shown under the saddle, where conformation and action determine the issue, and a class for riding hacks, where marks are usually proportioned in 60% for manners and 40% for conformation and action.

A competition at a Ballsbridge Show, with the wall three feet six inches, as a hunter trial, with instructions to the judges to award 60% of the total marks for manners and 40% for jumping, would be of interest. The necessity to avoid artificial conditions is essential, but the framing of workable rules applicable to shows, great and small, throughout the Free State can present difficulties that may be insuperable.

Would it be possible for show executives to affiliate with the Royal Dublin Society, and would the Society undertake the responsibility of appointing judges who would conform to certain standards? This would be a first step in securing uniformity, and other improvements would follow. I do not know if the rules of the Royal Dublin Society admit of affiliation. I can see great benefits in such a course.—Yours, etc.,

A. G. DOHERTY, Lieutenant-Colonel.
Green House, Kingstown,
October 1st, 1927.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I read with much interest the letter that appeared in your issue of Thursday. I quite agree with your correspondent that it would be most advantageous to all concerned if a uniform system of judging jumping competitions were adopted by all provincial shows in Ireland. There is only one point on which I think your correspondent is in error. A standard system of judging jumping has been in force for the past five or six years at the Royal Dublin Society's shows. Space forbids me to detail all the rules, but the principal provisions are that five marks are awarded for every fence; one point is lost for every time a horse refuses a fence, and three refusals in all exclude him from the competition. A fair hunting pace must be maintained, and horses going too slow or too fast are disqualified. No points are given for style, but a "star" is awarded to a horse which does a round with exceptional brilliance.

The difficulty, I think, in provincial shows is not so much the actual awarding of the marks, but the difficulty which judges experience of getting the marks down instantly opposite the correct number of the competing horse—an extremely difficult task when the horses are jumping in pairs, and not rendered easier by the riders not keeping together. It would undoubtedly be advantageous if competitors generally would agree with the Royal Dublin Society's system, or some similar method should be adopted universally, and a request issued to all judges that they should judge in this way and in no other. Judging is, however, a thankless task, and one cannot help feeling for the disappointed exhibitor, who is sometimes not unnaturally hypercritical.

Some years ago an attempt was made to form a Horse-Jumping Competitors' Society, which, however, fell through. Without substantial funds such an undertaking would be impossible, but I quite agree with your correspondent that much might be done to standardise the system of judging at all shows in Ireland.—Yours, etc.,

"SHOWMAN."
Co. Dublin, October 1st, 1927.

THE LOBSTER INDUSTRY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Under the heading "The Lobster Industry in the Hebrides," Mr. Ian Grant has, in *Chambers's Journal* for September, a most interesting article as to the wonderful development of the lobster fishing industry on the western coast of Scotland by the Fishery Board of Scotland, in association with a syndicate of prominent members of the Scottish fish trade. It is to be hoped that, when our present Government—which has done so much to foster many of the industries of Ireland during the past few years—again gets into its stride, it will follow the excellent example of the Scottish Fishery Board by materially helping to develop the lobster fishing industry in the Free State—an industry which is of a lucrative and, in some cases, of an "all the year round" nature.—Yours, etc.,

J. F. O'MAHONY.
Miltown-Malbay, Co. Clare,
September 30th, 1927.

UNEMPLOYMENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Your correspondent in last Thursday's issue is right about the cause of unemployment. Recently I had seven or eight days' work to get done on house repairs, and asked a man for an estimate for labour only. I was prepared to supply all materials. He handed me an estimate for £16 10s.—Yours, etc.,

"HOUSEHOLDER."
Dublin, October 1st, 1927.

DOMINICAN ORDER IN LIMERICK.

SEVENTH CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS.

The seventh centenary of the foundation of the Dominican Order in Limerick was fittingly celebrated yesterday. The entrance to the Church of St. Saviour was bedecked with flags and bunting. At 12 o'clock Pontifical High Mass was sung, at which the Bishop, the Most Rev. Dr. Keane, presided, the Irish Provincial of the Dominican Order, the Very Rev. Father Donegan, being priest.

There was a large congregation, which included the Mayor and Corporation, Judge Mulligott, K.C., and officers of the National Army and the Civic Guard, who were accommodated with seats reserved for them in the nave.

The celebrant of the Mass was the Very Rev. Father Ryan, O.P., Cork; the deacon, the Rev. Father Keenan, O.P., Limerick; sub-deacon, the Rev. Father Powell, O.P., and master of ceremonies, the Very Rev. Father O'Kelly, Prior, Limerick.

After the first Gospel the sermon was preached by the Very Rev. Canon O'Dwyer, D.D., St. Munchin's, Limerick, and the sacred music was rendered by a selected choir.

GUNS IN A STEEPLE.

GUARDS' DISCOVERY IN FERNS.

Civic Guards, under Superintendent Walsh, Enniscorthy, while carrying out a raid for arms in Ferns last Saturday, discovered in the steeple of the Catholic church there a Lee-Enfield rifle, a revolver, and several rounds of rifle and revolver ammunition, together with rifle and revolver cleaning kit.

(Continued from preceding Column.)

mentioned. A week ago mother porcupine who has been in the Gardens for some time gave birth to the dearest little twins in the world, and mother and offspring are "doing well."

Only one thing remains to be said about these new arrivals, and that is that anyone who seeks a true sense of colour harmony should visit the Dublin Zoological Gardens, where he can study nature's unerring work in colour designs and effects.

On last Sunday week 4,600 people visited the Gardens.

Postage and health insurance stamps of the value of £180, and also £20 in cash, have been stolen from a sub-post office in Hull.

GAELIC MOVEMENT.

BELFAST BETTER THAN DUNDALK.

Speaking in Dundalk at the opening of the Irish classes, Mr. Cormac Breathnach (President of the Gaelic League) said that their aim was to make the Irish language supreme in this country, as well as making the country free. If they had to choose between an English-speaking free Ireland and an Ireland unfree but Irish-speaking, they would have no hesitation in accepting the unfree Ireland, because, while they had Ireland Irish-speaking, they would always have hope of securing the other part of their aim. If the language was lost there was no hope of ever securing nationality.

While much was being done for the language in the schools—where, in fact, the foundations were being laid for the future of the country—he appealed to the older people not to relax their efforts because of the work—good though it was—that was being done in the schools. Much of this work was bearing fruit, but much of it was going to waste because they had no continuation schools or post-primary schools on a large scale in the country. The Gaelic League was trying to supply that deficiency, and, while it was only doing something small, it was doing its best. He appealed to the people of Dundalk to urge on the Government to establish such schools. They knew to their cost that many boys and girls left school with a knowledge of Irish, and in two or three years that knowledge had evaporated, and they were as bad as if they had never heard the language.

SETTING THE FASHION.

Continuing, Mr. Breathnach said that the Dail, the Senate, and the public Boards were as English-speaking practically as they had ever been, and that was a position of affairs that should not endure until the Gaelic League was beaten.

"At present," he said, "we have a rule to prevent people entering the Civil Service unless they know Irish, and I hope that the day will soon come when people will be prevented from taking their place in the Dail or Senate unless they have a knowledge of Irish. (Applause.) He was not unreasonable, nor was the Gaelic League unreasonable, but people were very imitative, and if the Senators and members of the Dail set the fashion the common people would copy them. While our leaders in politics and in the Church continued to instruct us in English, so long would we continue in English. It was up to Gaelic Leaguers to see that our leaders in social, political, and religious affairs would instruct us in our own language, and if we were true to ourselves we would bring that about."

Everything should not be left to the schools, where excellent work was being done, but of themselves the schools would not save Irish. He could not say that Irish was safe yet; all that he could say was that Irish would persist as a school subject, because there was sufficient power in the country to ensure that all exclude him from the competition. A fair

THE ELECTION RESULTS.

Much comment had been made on the election results, and all that he would say about them was that it was a matter for great gratification that the two parties which had Irish in the forefront of their programme had increased their members and that two-thirds of the present Dail were pledged to the policy of an Irish Ireland. There was hope in that. (Applause.) The shoneens were not slow to push themselves ahead, and he urged that Gaels should take their rightful place—which was the leading place—in the social life of the country. In making a strong plea for support of Irish manufactures, the speaker stated that it was necessary to do so if we were to live. Could anything be more ridiculous than the sight of the Irish farmer selling his own pigs and buying American bacon?

The Rev. Father Murray, in proposing a vote of thanks to the speaker, said that Dundalk was one of the best towns in the Gaelic movement, but he should put Wexford and Belfast before it. Dealing with the amount of work done in the schools for the language, Father Murray stated that in his tour of the schools for religious examination he found that in many places it was not necessary to speak one word of English to the pupils. Want of money was a great drawback to the Gaelic League. If they had one tithe of the money spent on foreign games, on pictures, or on popularising English influences in Ireland, they would be able to provide plenty of scholarships for poor children who wanted to learn Irish.

The vote was seconded by Mr. Charles McAlester, Secretary, Louth County Council. The Rev. Father Hurson presided.

IRISH RAILWAY WAGES.

WORKERS AND PROPOSED REDUCTIONS.

Negotiations have been opened between the Great Southern Railways Company of Ireland and the National Union of Railwaymen and the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers for consideration of a new claim for wage reductions respecting Irish locomotive men, drivers, and cleaners. Other grades were recently the subject of wage reductions.

It was learned at Unity House on Saturday that the company's new proposals embodied demands for a flat rate reduction of 1s. per day and an increase in the mileage of what constitutes a day's work from 120 miles, as at present, to 150. Drivers' pay for the first and second year was proposed to be fixed at 11s. per day, and for the third year and over at 12s. per day. First and second year firemen would be paid 8s. 6d. per day, and those of three years and over 9s. 6d. per day.

It was proposed that the spreadover duties should be raised to a maximum of ten hours per day, or even to twelve hours where economies could be effected.

It was considered by the unions that the reductions constituted a serious threat to the standard of living of the Irish workers, but economic factors had to be faced on the Irish railways which did not prevail in Great Britain, and the demands would be carefully considered before the unions made their reply.

NEW ISSUE.

MUTUAL FINANCE, INDEMNITY, AND GUARANTEE CORPORATION, LIMITED.

The prospectus is published to-day of an offer at par of 200,000 7½ per cent. Cumulative Participating Preference shares of £1 each and 200,000 Ordinary shares of 1s. each by the Mutual Finance, Indemnity, and Guarantee Corporation. Subscribers for the Preference shares have the right to apply for an equal proportion of Ordinary shares, but no application for the Ordinary alone will be considered. Applications will be received by the Westminster Bank and branches (Ulster Bank in Ireland) and Coutts and Co. The company has been formed to acquire and develop the business of the Mutual Indemnity and Guarantee Corporation and General Estates and Insurances (Manchester), companies engaged extensively in hire purchase finance, and already transacting business at the rate of £700,000 per annum, in addition to which, through their insurance departments, they act as brokers, controlling insurance premiums totalling £37,000 per annum. The Mutual Indemnity Company has been conducted as a subsidiary of the Century Insurance Company, and the prospectus gives figures showing the small percentage of losses that have been incurred. These represented 0.57 per cent. of the gross turnover of £477,459 for 1926 and 0.09 per cent. of the £398,889 turnover for the first seven months of the current year. An influential board has been secured, with Lord Montagu of Beaulieu as chairman, and the directors are satisfied that they will be able to increase the turnover to £1,500,000 per annum, and that a net profit will be secured, on basis of only £1,000,000 turnover, of £43,200. We understand that on the basis of earnings to date this year's net profits should show 9½ per cent. on the Preference and 35 per cent. on the Ordinary capital. The purchase price is £75,000, payable in cash, which includes approximately £20,000 of surplus assets over liabilities of a cash nature, which will cover the preliminary expenses. Underwriting commission is 2½ per cent., plus 1 per cent. overriding and right to subscribe for 300,000 Ordinary shares at par. Messrs. S. Dobree and Sons, the issuing house, have the right to subscribe for 600,000 Ordinary shares at par. The venture is a novel one, the first of its kind to be the subject of a public issue. It is also the first flotation of Messrs. Dobree and Sons. The business is at present confined to the financing of motor car purchases, including commercial cars. The subscription list will close on or before Wednesday next, and applicants should use the form attached to the prospectus on Page 4.

"GRAMAPHONE WEEK."

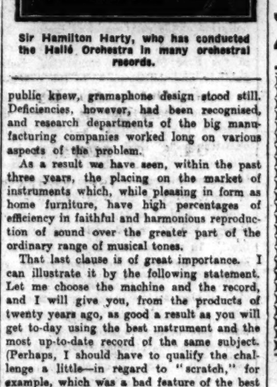
NEW TYPES OF INSTRUMENT

IMPROVED RECORDING OF GOOD MUSIC.

WE shall not be far from a true reckoning if we accept a time three years ago as the beginning of a period of marked advance in gramaphoning. That period has seen the introduction of new types of gramaphone instruments by the two manufacturing firms that dominate the market, as well as efforts by various other makers to produce still better designs. It has seen also not only the inauguration and advance towards perfection of the new system of recording, called "electrical" recording, but also numerous minor improvements in record-manufacturing processes.

Perhaps, I might add that in, roughly, the same period record-producing firms have shown themselves conscious that it is good policy to try to meet the wishes of musical people. It is significant that the recent growth of popularity of the gramaphone has coincided with progress towards satisfactory reproduction of the best music. The further the companies have ventured into the realm of good music, the greater has been the public response.

I should find many old gramaphonists to agree if I said that, for a time, gramaphones suffered a set-back. Some of the old gramaphones were very efficient as machines, but they looked like machines. The first great change in gramaphone design came through recognition by leading makers that, in order to secure real popularity for the gramaphone as a home instrument, it must be changed from an ugly machine to a piece of furniture. That was done by turning the "horn" underneath the turn-table and motor and hiding it in a cabinet. The change was not to the good as regards tone-production, and it closed, temporarily, avenues to improvement that were being developed without regard for appearances. For many years, so far as the



Sir Hamilton Harty, who has conducted the Hallé Orchestra in many orchestral records.

public knew, gramaphone design stood still. Deficiencies, however, had been recognised, and research departments of the big manufacturing companies worked long on various aspects of the problem.

As a result we have seen, within the past three years, the placing on the market of instruments which, while pleasing in form as home furniture, have high percentages of efficiency in faithful and harmonious reproduction of sound over the greater part of the ordinary range of musical tones.

That last clause is of great importance. I can illustrate it by the following statement. Let me choose the machine and the record, and I will give you, from the products of twenty years ago, as good a result as you will get to-day using the best instrument and the most up-to-date record of the same subject. (Perhaps, I should have to qualify the challenge a little—in regard to "scratch," for example, which was a bad feature of the best of old records.) But my subjects would be restricted: I should have to pick carefully among the best of the old soprano and tenor vocalists, or, perhaps, a violin solo. I should have to take care that the music of the record selected for the test lay within particular limits of range—the limits within which old instruments and records had a high percentage of efficiency.

The new gramaphones have limitations still, but, in comparison with the old, have an immensely greater range of efficiency in reproduction. They enable us to play now music that was intolerably distorted by the old instruments.

The most striking illustration of all, regarding changes, is afforded by organ music on the gramaphone. Till lately we had none. Records could not be taken of organ music. The splendid organ records now sold are not effective on old models. New organ records played on an improved instrument give splendid results.

Take, for instance, the record of the celebrated Rachmaninoff Prelude, played by Mr. Meale on the organ at the Central Hall, Westminster. In orchestral work, take the records of Wagner music played by a symphony orchestra more than a hundred strong under the conductorship of Mr. Albert Coates.

These are records that could not have been produced three years ago. We owe them to the development of "electrical" recording. What that term means I shall explain in a further article.

GRAMPUS.

RECITALS AT THE THEATRE ROYAL.

Last Saturday afternoon, and again last night, recitals were given at the Theatre Royal, Dublin, in connection with "Gramaphone Week," a co-operative scheme arranged by Dublin traders in order to extend the popularity of gramaphones. These two recitals, which attracted large audiences, were devoted to demonstration of "H.M.V." instruments and records, made by the Gramophone Company. Ten handsome pedestal models were on the stage, and in one part of the programme were in use simultaneously. That occurred in an ingeniously-arranged "Idyll" based on the fact that Miss Beatrice Harrison, the 'cellist, can stir the nightingales to song in her Surrey garden by playing the 'cello there. Mr. Rink, the demonstrator, set in motion a Casals record of "Le Cygne," and then, using records of actual nightingale singing, started half a dozen birds responding to the stimulus of the music. As the 'cello air finished, a beautiful peal of bells was heard—the record that was played being that of the chimes of St. Mary's, Oxford; and then Mr. John McCormack's voice was heard—per gramaphone—singing "Down in the Forest." The "Idyll" won warm applause. Many excellent records were played, including some by Galli-Curci and Caruso, and the most popular record of this year—the singing of "Hear my prayer," by the choir of the Temple Church, London. Mr. Rink demonstrated the playing of pianoforte accompaniments to solo records, and the synchronisation of two gramaphones playing the same record.

To-day a "Columbia" recital will be given.

A Reuter Oslo telegram says:—Queen Maud will leave for England on October 8, accompanied by the Crown Prince Olav. The Crown Prince will return to Norway after a month's stay.

Have you got your FREE TICKETS for the RECITALS in the Theatre Royal this week?

Free Tickets from any of the following:—

R. Croly, 87 Parnell Street.
Brown Thomas and Co., Ltd., 15 Grafton Street.
J. J. Hannan, 174 Nth. Strand.
Kearney Brothers, 14 Capel Street.
R. B. and H. Harris, 33 Grafton Street.
Heneey's, 54 Dame Street.
Walton's Musical Galleries, 2 North Frederick Street.
John O'Neill, 13-14 South King Street.
The Gramophone Stores, Johnson's Court.
McHugh Himself, 39 Talbot Street.
The O'Hanrahans, 384 North Circular Road.
C. Beveridge, Quinsboro' Road, Bray.

Has your Home a GRAMOPHONE?

Do you know how much a Gramophone can contribute to the cheerfulness of your home this coming Winter? Few people realise all the wonderful entertainment that can be had from a Gramophone—that is why a series of Recitals by Experts has been arranged by the Irish Gramophone Traders' Association this week in the Theatre Royal. There are still some tickets available if you apply at once to any of the Association members listed here. Don't delay!

This Week is GRAMOPHONE WEEK

McC.

Brown Thomas

FOR ALL THE LATEST
"HIS MASTER'S VOICE" AND COLUMBIA
Records and Gramophones
Deferred Payments may be arranged.
Brown Thomas & Co., Ltd., Grafton St. & Duke St., Dublin

Quality Pianos from 30/- Monthly

JOHN WAKEFIELD,
44 Upper O'Connell St., Dublin

The NEW **"His Master's Voice"**
THE GRAMOPHONE FOR THE WINTER
ALL RECORDS PLAYED AT H.M.V. RECITALS IN THE THEATRE ROYAL IN STOCK AT
THE Gramophone Stores
Member Irish Gramophone Traders' Association.
Johnson's Court
(OFF GRAFTON ST.)
Look for Electric Sign. Open till 9.

DUBLIN AMUSEMENTS.

VISIT OF MATHESON LANG

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
At 7.45, FIRST PERSONAL VISIT OF
MATHESON LANG
IN HIS SENSATIONAL SUCCESS,
"THE CHINESE BUNGALOW."
MATHESON LANG as "Yean Sing," the Chinaman
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 2.30.
Next Week ALFRED BUTT Presents
"QUEEN HIGH."
THE ACE OF MUSICAL COMEDIES.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 7 and 9.
WILLIAM DE LACY PRESENTS THE
SUCCESSFUL REVUE,
"IDLE TIMES."
All-Star Cast, includes:
AMY OSBORNE, WILLIAM DE LACY,
STELLA ULMAR, BETTY BETTS and
THE TILLETT GIRLS.
BOX OFFICE, 11—4. 'PHONE 3208.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT (MONDAY) and FOLLOWING
NIGHTS at 8. MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
First production of
"THE PIPE IN THE FIELDS,"
By T. C. MURRAY.
"FANNY'S FIRST PLAY,"
By G. B. SHAW.
Book at Theatre 10.30 to 6 and at Clery's.
Next Week—"THE SHADOW OF A GUNMAN."

THE CARLTON.
"INTO HER KINGDOM,"
Featuring
CORINNE GRIFFITH.

THE REGINALD DENNY, in
SACKVILLE "THE CHEERFUL
PICTURE FRAUD."
HOUSE. SHOWING AT 6.50 & 9.5.

METROPOLE CINEMA.
JOHN GILBERT
IN
"BARDELYS THE
MAGNIFICENT."
By RAFAEL SABATINI.
DAILY AT 2.10, 4.25, 6.40 and 8.55 P.M.
THE COLLEGIANS.
No. 4—"THE FIGHTING FINISH."

METROPOLE RESTAURANT
AND
GRILL ROOM.
Finest Cuisine. Moderate Prices.
EXCELLENT TABLE D'HOTE LUNCHEON, 2/6.
COMFORTABLE SMOKEROOM.
All Floors Fully Licensed.
TEAS SERVED THROUGHOUT THE DAY
AND EVENING.

MEATH HOSPITAL "SILVER PAPER" FUND.
A DANCE
In aid of the above will be held in the
METROPOLE BALLROOM,
On THURSDAY, OCTOBER 6th.
Dancing 8-12. Evening Dress.
ROGERS-MAY BAND.
Tickets, 5/- each, payable at Door.

Valuable prizes will be awarded for the most Original and Attractive Dress, decorated with Silver Paper.
Please Save your Silver Paper for the Meath Hospital. Each little scrap is useful.

THE GRAFTON.
"LOVE ME AND THE WORLD IS MINE,"
With
NORMAN KERRY, MARY PHILBIN,
HENRY B. WALTHALL, BETTY COMPSON,
SHOWING AT 2.35, 4.45, 6.55, 9.5.

PORTADOWN MUSICAL FESTIVAL,
MARCH 26-31, 1928.
THE SYLLABUS OF THE COMPETITIONS FOR 1928 IS NOW READY (Price 3d.) AND CAN BE HAD ON APPLICATION TO THE SECRETARY.

SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION AND DRAMATIC ART.
Patron—MISS EVA MOORE, London.
Principal—MISS MARJORIE DAWES (Cert. Shakespeare Schools of Rhetoric and Dramatic Art, London).
CLASSES will be held in DUBLIN and DISTRICT.
PRIVATE LESSONS BY ARRANGEMENT.
SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES VISITED.
For particulars, write to Miss Dawes, 17 Trafalgar terrace, Monkstown, Co. Dublin.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE
TO
PROPRIETORS OF ELECTRICITY SUPPLY UNDERTAKINGS IN THE SAORSTAT.

The Electricity Supply Board invites proprietors of Electricity Supply Undertakings in the Saorstat to communicate (in writing) with the Board for the purpose of arranging an interchange of views on the question as to how existing electricity undertakings are to fit into the new conditions created by the establishment of the national electricity supply system from the Shannon.

Under the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1927, the Electricity Supply Board is charged with the general duty of dealing with all matters relating to the sale and distribution of electricity in the Saorstat, and this naturally involves interference with existing supply undertakings to a greater or less degree. For this reason the Board is anxious to get in touch with the proprietors of existing undertakings to interchange views, before making decisions which may affect the future of the undertakings.

SIGNED
For the Electricity Supply Board,
JOHN J. MURPHY, Chairman.
T. A. McLAUGHLIN, Managing Director.

CITY OF DUBLIN Y.M.C.A.
THIS WEEK.
ANNUAL CONVENTION
FOR THE DEEPENING OF THE SPIRITUAL LIFE.
In the METROPOLITAN HALL,
OPENING MEETING, TO-NIGHT (MONDAY), 7.30 p.m.
TUESDAY to FRIDAY. MEETINGS EACH DAY, 5.30 and 7.30 p.m. (5 p.m., Tea and Conference).
Speakers:
Messrs. T. MADOC JEFFREYS (London).
K. P. OLIPHANT, M.A. (London).
A. S. CROWE (London).
General Theme of the Conference:
"THE CROSS, THE CHURCH WHICH IS HIS BODY, AND THE TESTIMONY OF JESUS."
"Hymns of Consecration and Faith" at B. Cards, with details of Meetings, may be obtained from the General Secretary, Y.M.C.A.
ALL WELCOME.

STEWART INSTITUTION FOR IMBECILE CHILDREN, PALMERSTON, CO. DUBLIN.
The above Institution is open for the reception of Children of slow or defective intellect, by election or payment at fixed rates, according to requirements. Votes at Elections obtained by annual subscriptions of 10/6 or donation of £5 5/- and upwards.

HOSPITAL FOR MENTAL DISEASES.
This Branch is separate from above, and is open to Ladies or Gentlemen suffering from Mental Complaints, at rates from £126 per annum. Resident Medical Superintendent and trained staff. Voluntary Boarders received. 'Bus from Parkgate street passes gate frequently during day. Telephone, Fully-illustrated Prospectus, and all information on application to Secretary, 40 Molesworth street, Dublin.

TAKE NOTICE THAT I, FRED. McKNIGHT, 39 LEINSTER AVENUE, intend taking out Bookmaker's Licence.

I, JOHN NOONAN, give Notice of my intention to apply for Renewal of Licence and Registration of Premises, 15a Merrion Row and Sundrum.

SERMONS.
CHARLESTON ROAD METHODIST CHURCH.
HARVEST PRAISE SERVICE,
TO-DAY (MONDAY), OCTOBER 3rd.
George Spence, Esq., will preside.
Special Music by Augmented Choir, under the leadership of Mr. Wesley Guard.
Organist—Mr. H. Cornish.
Soloists—Mr. Geoffrey Quaile and Mr. Wesley Guard.
Address—Rev. W. B. Budd.
Harvest Decorations. Thank-Offerings for Home Missions.

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PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY ..... 9.0.
THE
CLEVER AMERICAN STAR COMEDIENNE,
ANN SUTER,
IN SONGS SUNG IN HER OWN ECCENTRIC WAY
Ann Suter provides Variety with what it badly needs oftener than it gets—a new thrill. Burlesque is her strong suit. To that she adds an astonishing knack of contorting her body into grotesque attitudes which emphasise the effect. She speaks quietly, in a low voice. Her actions speak louder than her words.
THREE
AUSTRALIAN BOYS,
CORTINI,
His Performance will be the Talk of Dublin.
TERRY WILSON, SATURN & HIS DOGS,
Supported by a Full Star Variety Company.

WINTER GARDENS DANCING.
4 TO 8 p.m. DAILY
TEA 2s. DANCING FREE.
1/- TEAS ON BALCONY

THEATRE ROYAL.
BOOKING OPENS TO-DAY.
THE DUBLIN ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY
(Founded 1898).
Conductors—COMM. M. ESPOSITO, Mus.D.
JOHN F. LARCHET, Mus.D.
SATURDAY NEXT, OCT 8th,
At 3.30.
LISZT'S CONCERTO NO. 1 IN E FLAT FOR PIANOFORTE AND ORCHESTRA,
Solo Piano .....MR. FREDERICK DAWSON.
DVORAK'S "FROM THE NEW WORLD" SYMPHONY, etc., etc.
Prices (Tax included) ... 5/9, 3/6, 2/4, 1/3.
Seats may be Reserved in all parts of the Theatre. Booking at the Theatre Royal.
BOOK YOUR SEAT TO-DAY.

THE PAVILION,
DUN LAOGHAIRE ..... 3.30 to 10.15
UNIQUE DOUBLE FEATURE PROGRAMME.
"IMPETUOUS YOUTH."
A new U.F.A. Production. A delightful comedy romance perfectly acted. Followed by
"THE CANYON OF LIGHT,"
Starring TOM MIX in a Thrilling Story which has some fine war scenes. At 4.50, 6.50 and 9.10.

CAPITOL,
PRINCES ST., DUBLIN.
TO-DAY AT 2.45, 6.0, and 8.30.
DOORS OPEN AT 2 O'C.
GENERAL LEW WALLACE'S
IMMORTAL STORY—
MIGHTY
"BEN HUR,"
With
RAMON NOVARRO,
CARMEL MYERS. MAY McAVOY.
BETTY BRONSON. FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN.
IMAGINATION HAS RUN RIOT IN THIS MARVELLOUS MASTERPIECE OF EXCITING ACTION AND THRILLING ROMANCE. THRILL UPON THRILL MOUNTS UP INTO A CRASHING SUPERLATIVE CLIMAX THAT IS GENUINELY SATISFY-TAKING AND AWE-INSPIRING.
THE WORLD'S GREATEST DRAMATIC SPECTACLE—
MIGHTY
"BEN HUR,"
SHOWING AT 2.45, 6.0, AND 8.30.
WITH FULL AUGMENTED
CAPITOL ORCHESTRA
OF 25 PERFORMERS AT EACH PERFORMANCE.

FREE GRAMOPHONE RECITAL
AT THEATRE ROYAL
TO-DAY.
See large advertisement.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

LOCAL APPOINTMENTS COMMISSION.
POSITIONS VACANT—COUNTY LIBRARIANS.
The Local Appointments Commissioners invite applications for three posts of County Librarian for Counties Monaghan, Tipperary and Wexford. The posts are whole-time, and subject to one year's probation and to satisfactory service, permanent and pensionable. Salary, £250 a year each. Age limits: 24 to 35 years.
Applicants must be competent to discharge the duties of Secretary to a County Library Committee, to manage a County Library Scheme, and to advise and help by promoting public lectures and otherwise with a view to development of the schemes. Preference will be given to candidates who have had experience in the organisation and management of Public Libraries.
The appointments will be made by the Local Authorities on the recommendation of the Local Appointments Commissioners. Candidates will be required to sit for a qualifying examination. The latest date for receiving applications, which must be on the prescribed form, is 19th October, 1927. Forms and particulars may be obtained from the Secretary, Local Appointments Commission, 35 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin.
17 S.1644. W.H.Co.

AN BORD PRIOSUN (General Prisons Board).
The General Prisons Board have a vacancy at Mountjoy Prison for a Tailor Warder.
Application, in candidate's own handwriting, accompanied by copies of testimonials, should be addressed to An Runaidhe, General Prisons Board, Dublin Castle, from whom all particulars may be obtained.
By Order,
1st October, 1927. W. McCLURE, Runaidhe.
M/8.1649. W.H.Co.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—An intense secondary depression, associated with a depression over Northern Norway, is moving rapidly away across the North Sea. A short interval of fairer and less windy weather will be followed by the spreading eastwards of stormy and unsettled weather from the Atlantic.

Ireland, all Districts.—Wind north-west, probably backing to south later, moderating temporarily; mainly fine at first, but probably becoming dull to rainy later; rather low to moderate temperature.

South-West Seaboard, Mouth of Channel to South-West Ireland.—Moderate north-west wind, backing to south-west later; mainly fine; visibility good; sea rather rough to moderate.

Irish Sea, St. George's Channel, North-West Seaboard, Northern Ireland to Hebrides.—Strong north-west wind, moderating gradually; mainly fine, but a few local showers; visibility good; sea rather rough.

Dixon and Hempenstall Barometers and Thermometers 12 Suffolk street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

DUBLIN WEATHER REPORT.

Sept.	Bar.	Thermometer. Temp. 10 p.m.	Max.	Min.	Grass Min.	Wind.	Rain, m.m.	Sun hours
26	29.804	44.5	54	41	35	W.	0.7	4.1
27	30.176	49.2	55	40	35	W.	1.8	0.1
28	29.776	57.7	60	45	36	S.W.	Trace	0.5
29	29.80	49.1	58	47	43	—	15.1	6.3
30	29.584	53.2	58	45	38	W.	2.1	2.1
Oct. 1	29.7.4	13.8	64	31	45	—	5.9	0.5

THE SUN.
To-day....Rises .. 6.28 Sets 5.59
To-morrow.. .. .. 6.30 ..... 5.57
Lighting-up Time 6.59

HIGH WATER—DUBLIN.
To-day....Morning 3.19 Afternoon 3.44
To-morrow.. .. .. 4.14 ..... 4.31

The name of self-government would be a mockery if it became a vast army of anonymous officials hidden from view, placed above the law, and administering a topsy-turvy system whereby the servants of the public would be its masters.—Lord Hewart.

The Irish Times.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1927.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

A valuable collection of birds, beasts and fishes has just reached the Royal Zoological Society's Gardens in Dublin from the East.—(Page 5.)

The Archbishop and Bishops of the Roman Catholic Church in Ireland have issued a Pastoral Letter in which, among other things, they warn the people against the crime of perjury.—(Page 7.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

During a furious gale which swept over Great Britain yesterday a man and his wife were killed by the fall of a tree, a man was killed by a cyclist riding head down against the wind, and six children were injured, one seriously, by the fall of a wall.—(Page 7.)

ABROAD.

Trotsky and Vujovitch have been expelled from the Executive Committee of the Communist International.—(Page 7.)

The deaths in St. Louis, which was partially wrecked by a tornado on Thursday last, has now reached ninety, and the damage is estimated at £10,000,000.—(Page 8.)

SPORTING.

At the Phœnix Park on Saturday Cailin Dubh won the Templeogue Plate, Sister Josephine the Tinode Plate, Sparsholt the Trim Plate, Quick Toy the La Touche Plate, Vaniteuse the Tallaght Plate, and Dorena the Tara Plate.—(Page 10.)

At Alexandra Park Lord Wembley won the London Sprint Plate.—(Page 10.)

At Thirsk Sosie won the New Buildings Handicap Plate.—(Page 10.)

FINANCIAL.

The conversion operations caused a big turn-over of money in Lombard street on Saturday. Loans were in keen demand, and up to 4 per cent. with 3½ per cent. and 3 per cent. final rates. Discounts were idle.—(Page 4.)

Morals and Politics.

A pastoral address, issued by the Roman Catholic Hierarchy of Ireland, on the occasion of the Plenary Synod at Maynooth, was read yesterday in all the churches. In some respects the archbishops and bishops are satisfied with the country's moral state, but they warn it against certain sins and excesses which of late years have become frequent, if not prevalent. This fall from righteousness they attribute partly to the general extravagance of modern tastes and partly to civil turmoil. The sin of perjury stands prominently in the pastoral's list of evils, and for two reasons the bishops' measured words on this subject demand, and will receive, special attention. In the first place, the practice of perjury has increased alarmingly throughout Ireland during recent years: judges and magistrates have found themselves compelled to deplore its shameless vogue and its danger as a pollution of the very source of justice. In the next place, a whole political party in the Free State has committed itself, publicly and deliberately, to the practice of perjury. After the general election in June the elected members of Mr. de Valera's party took, as a condition of admittance to *Dáil Eireann*, an oath whereby they did "solemnly swear true faith and allegiance to the Constitution of the Irish Free State as by law established," and fidelity to "H.M. King George V., his heirs and successors by law." In taking this oath Mr. de Valera and his colleagues described it as an "empty formula" and signified their lack of the slightest intention to honour it. Since such conduct by a political leader must give a new impetus to an already flagrant sin, the bishops' condemnation of perjury is timely. They say that, "like murder," it is "an awful crime"—and they indicate no moral distinction between perjury for the sake of seats in Parliament and perjury for the sake of a shop or farm. When a Christian man "swears solemnly," his oath is taken before God; and the bishops say that "to call God to witness a lie or a false promise is a terrible outrage on the God of truth." Furthermore, they declare falsehood in any guise—even, we must assume, when excused as an "empty formula"—to be "the vice of slaves." To-day, it seems, in this queer country a political party has adopted the vice of slaves as an instrument of freedom.

As we have said, the Hierarchy's condemnation of perjury is timely; but it would have been even more timely if it had been made before the recent general election. On that occasion the Church's guidance concerning perjury was withheld from the 411,833 citizens who gave their first preference votes to a party which not only had condoned perjury in June, but, as they must have assumed, is preparing to repeat the performance when the new *Dáil* assembles on Tuesday of next week. What attitude will the fifty-seven elected representatives of *Fianna Fáil* adopt to the bishops' statement? Will they admit that it has enlightened them on a grave question of private and public morals, and that the only proper course for men thus enlightened is to refuse to take the oath of allegiance and to return to the political wilderness? On the other hand, will they argue from the bishops' silence on the political aspects of perjury that the plea of the "empty formula" puts everything right, and that to take the oath of allegiance, with the tongue in the cheek and the Bible pushed into the corner, is to exhibit, not the vice of slaves, but the legitimate ingenuity of high-souled freemen? Mr. de Valera's decision and the country's reception of it will be awaited anxiously throughout the Free State and Northern Ireland, and, perhaps, by none more anxiously than by the Hierarchy itself. Obviously, if the elected members of the *Fianna Fáil* Party decide to take the oath and their seats, their relations with the other parties in Parliament must be affected by the bishops' pronouncement. The Labour Party and the remnant of the National League may hesitate to invite an alliance which would proclaim their assent to the new doctrine of political theology. The efforts to secure an understanding between *Cumann na nGaedheal* and *Fianna Fáil* were doomed to failure, as we think, in any case; for they were founded on a foolish refusal to recognise facts. They will receive their *quietus* if Mr. de Valera's party decides to take the oath as an "empty formula," and if President Cosgrave's party finds itself constrained to believe that the bishops mean what they say.

Tangier.

On Saturday Sir Austen Chamberlain, the British Foreign Secretary, entertained the Marquès de Estella, the Spanish Premier, on board a yacht in Mediterranean waters. There need be little doubt that the subject discussed was Spain's claim to the control of Tangier. France enjoys a protectorate over the greater part of Morocco, while Spain occupies that strip of territory which is called the Riff and forms the hinterland of Ceuta, on the Straits of Gibraltar. Situated in such a position as to command Spanish Morocco, however, are the great port of Tangier and the adjoining region. They form a neutral and unfortified zone, under an International Legislative Assembly. Eminent Spanish politicians and a unanimous Spanish Press have demanded, again and again, that this territory shall be handed over to Spain. They have based their claim on the admitted faults of the present cosmopolitan system of control, and on the right of the nation which bore the brunt of the recent war against the Riff rebels to be rewarded by the consolidation of its interests in that region. Behind these plausible representations stands the secular ambition of Castile to carve out an empire in the lands of the hereditary Moorish enemy. England hitherto has opposed the Spanish demand for the reason that Spanish sovereignty in Tangier might menace the freedom of the Straits of Gibraltar. France has objected more vigorously through fear of subsequent Spanish encroachment on the sphere of French influence. Italy complicates the issue with a demand for Italian representation in the government of Tangier; but it is suspected that Signor Mussolini would not be sorry to see the Spanish claim granted, in order that a Spanish Morocco might aid Italian Tripoli in the bridling of French power in Northern Africa.

The policy of the Powers hitherto has been to preserve an open door in Tangier for the benefit of all nations; but it is evident that the present system cannot endure. Tangier must be given a form of government which will ensure public safety and will allow economic development to replace stagnation. Spain must be appeased by the removal of an open door to gun-runners at her rear. It is possible that Sir Austen Chamberlain proposed last Saturday the handing of Tangier over to the League of Nations. It is possible even that he listened favourably to General Primo de Rivera in a proposal for Spanish control limited by international guarantees. Certain it is, however, that any scheme recommended to Europe by the British Foreign Secretary would stand every chance of acceptance. No figure in international affairs enjoys so high a prestige for disinterested and far-seeing political wisdom; for no other statesman is known to be concerned so completely for world peace rather than for his nation's aggrandisement. The settlement which Sir Austen Chamberlain propounds or approves will be framed in the light of considerations that far outweigh the future of Morocco. Nothing less than the relations of two continents are concerned in the issue that stands behind Tangier. Spain, France, Italy and Britain all have great spheres of interest ranked along the southern coasts of the Mediterranean in the territories of the dissolved empire of Islam. If Spain and France aspire to develop Morocco, and Italy to restore a Latin empire in Tripoli, England has an equally vital stake in the independence of Egypt. A renaissance of Islam, with its warlike and fanatical zeal, is one of the chief likelihoods threatening the world's peace. If the Powers fail to delimit peacefully their African interests and to pursue a common policy, they may find those interests divided and broken by the resurgent tribal swarms.

Talking Animals.

It is a favourite device of the social satirist to endow animals with reason and to make them behave intelligently in order to show, in sharper relief, the follies of mankind. Gulliver, during his last voyage, came to a land ruled by horses, but few readers ever have enjoyed this fable; for the misanthropic fervour of Swift had ceased to be relieved by any touch of fantastic humour. In folk-lore sagacious animals are common enough. Birds, beasts and fishes are almost too loquacious in fairy tales, but they generally gave excellent advice to the youngest son. Educated elephants, trained dogs and the like are all very well, but many people find their performances unimpressive and their laboriously-acquired tricks rather pathetic. From the International Psychical Research Conference, however, which has been holding session at Paris, come tidings of animals more learned than any outside the pages of Gulliver and the Brothers Grimm. There is a dog in Poland that is said to hold prolonged conversations with his master in "rhythmic barks." Arrangements have been made, if report speaks truly, to bring this beast to the conference in an aeroplane. The most modern means of transport, indeed, is no more than the due of such a portent; but the Polish dog's accomplishments are nothing in comparison with those of a learned horse named Mohamed, which also were described at the conference. Mohamed has a special lent towards mathematics, and not only solves quadratic equations, but can show mere human beings how it is that they arrive at the wrong answer. His trainer, Herr Krall, of Munich, says that it is all due to carrots and kind words. The story will appear slightly exaggerated to those who have known only the ordinary kind of horses; but, if Mohamed can communicate with Herr Krall in "rhythmic" neighs, we have little doubt that he will indicate his preference for a fast gallop to the pursuit of mathematics or the society of *savants*.

Poetic Licence.

Few misfortunes of the sea are better known than the wreck of the schooner Hesperus. Nine decades of school children have followed the sad story of the captain and his little daughter, "with cheeks like the dawn of day." Who has not imagined him at the helm when the old sailor "up and spake" for putting into port; but—

And a scornful laugh laughed he.

The skipper he blew a whiff from his pipe,

The old sailor was right, however, and the vessel was wrecked totally on the reef of Norman's Woe. So, at least, we always believed, but the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey has issued a report, in which it says that, having made a complete survey of Gloucester Harbour, Massachusetts, including the vicinity of the reef of Norman's Woe, it can locate no remains of the Hesperus. Consequently she did not drift there, "a dreary wreck." The Coast Survey has not been thanked by American literary circles for the making of this discovery. If they liked not the wreck, as Hamlet might say, why then belike they liked it not—could they not have left it alone? Is this ballad anything the worse if the Hesperus, instead of finding utter destruction near Gloucester, only had her bowsprit carried away near Boston, and if it was not the skipper's little daughter who drifted ashore, lashed close to a mast, but a woman of mature years from the schooner Favorite? It is not surprising that the *Cleveland Plain Dealer* expresses an anxious hope that writers will not be required to procure a poetic licence in future "before writing a ballad about something which is not on the coast or at the bottom of the harbour."

NEW LONDON PLAY.

"THE LADY IN LAW" AT WYNDHAM'S THEATRE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Sunday.

"The Lady in Law" at Wyndham's Theatre is a witty comedy translated from the French of Georges Berr and Louis Verneuil by Miss Bertha Murrey. The play, which contains many witty allusions to French legal methods, must have been altogether delightful in the original, and it has not lost much in the English translation, which is extraordinarily entertaining. The play has been capably produced by Mr. Leon M. Lion, and is exceedingly well cast.

The story itself concerns Maitre Bolbec—a lady barrister who is so successful in defending her clients that she has no time for her husband, who is by temperament a faithful creature. He can only see her by paying his 6s. 8d. (or its French equivalent) and taking his ten minutes in rotation with her clients. When he finally captures the lady's attention it is to tell her that the cook is leaving, that the napkins want replenishing, and that he is tired of going to the pictures alone. The charming "lady in law" laughs, pats him on the head and tells him that she is much too busy to bother about such things. She, however, is "all woman" when she discovers that he is having an affair with an attractive, mercenary and very stupid little woman, who has enlisted her services over a divorce. When she reproaches him for unfaithfulness, he tells her it is her own fault, and pleads with her to such good effect that she decides to abandon her career and become an ordinary woman.

Although the husband now protests volubly that he is very, very happy, he finds that he is seeing even less of her than ever, as she is now full up with social engagements. He also discovers that the new longing for love that he has awakened in his wife is turning for fulfilment to the young secretary. Realising that it is better for her to be at work, the husband diplomatically agrees to her taking a certain case she is keen on defending; he is equally skilful in getting rid of the dangerous young secretary and insinuating himself in the vacant place.

This bright little play was very well acted by Miss Edith Evans in the title *rôle*; by Mr. Frederick Leister as the husband; by Miss Ann Codrington as the other woman, and by Mr. O. B. Clarence as an amusing old client.

LONDON'S LORD MAYOR IN ROME.

TO BE RECEIVED BY THE POPE.

ROME, Sunday.

Unless unforeseen circumstances render a change in the programme necessary, the Lord Mayor of London and his party are to be received by the Pope in private audience on Wednesday.

The Lord Mayor, speaking to Reuter's Correspondent to-day, said: "In the first place, I should like to say how deeply I was touched by the warmth of the welcome we have received ever since we arrived in Italy. I shall ever bear in grateful remembrance the gracious reception given us by Their Majesties. I was much impressed by the King's wide knowledge of the affairs of our country and the history of London. Since we arrived the greatest kindness has been shown us on all sides, and we are delighted with our first impression of Rome."

The Lord Mayor, his wife and daughters and other members of the party attended Matins this morning at the English Church of All Saints, where special places were reserved for all members of the British Embassy now in Rome. There was also present a large contingent of the English colony. Subsequently went to the Hunt Club, which has its quarters in the historic Palazzo Borghese; one of the most superb in Rome, where Mr. Wingfield, Counsellor of the Embassy, gave a luncheon in their honour, the other members of the Embassy being also present, besides the British Consul. In the afternoon Signor Potenziani, accompanied by the Vice-Governor, Count d'Ancora; the Secretary General, Signor Dellisanti, and other high officials of the municipality, proceeded to the Ambassadors' Hotel to pay an official visit to the Lord Mayor and Mayoress, remaining for half an hour.

Afterwards the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs drove to the Capitol to return the visit, being preceded by the ladies of the party. The gala municipal coaches, with drivers and footmen in mediæval liveries and powdered wigs, were sent to fetch the party from the Ambassadors' Hotel. Large crowds who gathered on the route gave the Lord Mayor a hearty ovation, and cries of "Vive l'Inglaterra" were raised when he and the Sheriffs appeared in their traditional red robes.

THE KING AND WOMAN CENTENARIAN.

BIRTH CERTIFICATES NEEDED.

Monsignor John McIntosh, of Buckie, who brought to the notice of the King the centenary birthday of Miss Jean Rose, of Port Gordon, Banffshire, has received a communication from the Private Secretary at Balmoral Castle, stating that the matter had already been brought to the notice of the King, and that documentary evidence had been asked for with reference to the age of Miss Jean Rose.

The letter continued:—"Owing to discrepancies occasionally occurring in the alleged ages of the many centenarians brought to the notice of the King, it has been found necessary to establish a rule to obtain a copy of the birth or baptismal certificate before submitting the matter to His Majesty."

UTILISING SPIDERS.

OPPOSITION TO THE SILKWORM.

Spiders are to compete with silkworms, and women will soon be wearing gossamer hose and silk underwear spun from spiders' webs, according to Professor George Clark, founder of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology X-ray research laboratory. He has announced the discovery, by means of the X-ray, that spiders spin exactly the same kind of fibre as silkworms. In some respects the spiders' "silk" is claimed to be superior to that produced by silkworms.

Prominent American silk manufacturers are reported to be arranging for the establishment of spider farms to perfect the process of training spiders to become useful, and eventually making the United States independent of the silk producers of Japan, China and India, who now have what is virtually a monopoly of the world's supply of raw silk.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The King and Queen, with several members of the Royal Family, will be present at the Royal Adelphi Theatre on Thursday, November 3rd, when a performance of "A Midsummer Night's Dream" will be given in aid of the Delhi Cathedral Fund. The Duchess of Devonshire, the Marchioness of Lansdowne, the Marchioness of Londonderry, the Marchioness of Hartington, the Countess of Pembroke and Montgomery (chairman of the Fund) and the Marchioness of Titchfield (vice-chairman) are taking much interest in the performance, for which they are making up parties.

The King is presenting a buck from Windsor Great Park for the annual venison dinner at Windsor on Thursday, October 27th, when the Prince of Wales, High Steward of Windsor, will be the principal guest. The banquet will be the last public function during Sir William Carter's twelfth Mayoralty.

Princess Victoria returned to Coppins last week from Lowther Castle, where she had been the guest of the Earl and Countess of Lonsdale. Princess Beatrice will open a bazaar at Cowes on Wednesday in aid of East Cowes parish church. Her Royal Highness will leave Carisbrooke Castle for Kensington Palace in the middle of this month.

Princess Mary will be the guest of Sir Thomas and Lady Kathleen Pilkington at Chevet Park when she visits Wakefield this week. On Thursday Her Royal Highness will lay the foundation stone of the new jubilee hall which is being erected in connection with the Wakefield Girls' High School.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Ormonde have returned to London from a cruise in the Mediterranean. The Earl and Countess of Derby have returned to Knowsley from Gullane, where they spent the last six weeks.

Viscount and Viscountess de Vesci, who spent last week at Birr Castle and took part in the various festivities in connection with the coming of age of the Earl of Rosse, will leave to-day for London. Lady Ardee has been laid up with a severe attack of influenza at Kilruddery, but is now convalescent. She will be joined shortly by Lord Ardee and the Hon. Maureen Brabazon on their return from Scotland, where they have been paying a round of visits.

Viscount Tredegar, who has been taking a course of the waters at Llandrindod Wells, has returned to Tredegar Park, where the Premier and Mrs. Baldwin will be his guests on the occasion of the annual conference of the National Conservative Association at Cardiff. Sir Henry and the Hon. Lady Norman have returned to Rainster, their residence in Surrey, from a short stay in London. Sir Granville Ryrie, High Commissioner for Australia, has returned from the League of Nations Assembly at Geneva and has resumed his duties in London.

The engagement is announced between Albert Edward Craig, only son of the late Albert E. Murray, R.H.A., F.R.I.B.A., of Dublin, and Mrs. Murray, Meadowcroft, Sutton, Surrey, and Sadie, second daughter of H. D. Searles-Wood, F.R.I.B.A., and Mrs. Searles-Wood, Sutton, Surrey.

The marriage arranged between Arthur Richardson Gray, M.B., B.Ch. (T.C.D.), younger son of Mr. and Mrs. George Macfarlane Gray, of Somerset, Anglesea road, Dublin, and Beatrice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Talbot Leggett Byrne, 27 Adelaide road, Dublin, will take place this month.

Doctor E. Magennis, senior, has returned to town.

Doctor J. B. Magennis has returned to town.

Dr. Herbert Byrne has returned to 17 Merrion square.

Dr. Geoffrey Bewley has returned to 65 Lower Baggot street.

Dr. Morris has returned to 14 Lower Prince Edward terrace, Blackrock, Co. Dublin.

Mr. K. Mulderry, L.D.S., has returned to 67 Harcourt street.

Miss Barry's visit has been postponed until Thursday, the 6th inst.

One of the brightest evenings in the forthcoming season is likely to be that of the Bankers' Hallow-een Dance. Those who wish to attend will be well advised to get their tickets early, as the number to be issued will be strictly limited.

A Coat which is attracting much attention this season combines French Nappa Leather and Scotch Tweed, and is equally suitable for street wear or motoring. This model, with many others, in Chrome, French Nappa, and Suede, can be seen in Switzers Ladies' Coat Department.

Ciro Pearls are displayed at the Ciro Salon, Switzers, in the form of Necklets or set in Rings, Brooches, Pendants or Earrings. London prices.

Our Cutter and Silk Buyer has returned from the leading markets with a fine collection of Winter Fashion Fabrics for Coats and Frocks and some beautiful Silks.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 Sth. Gt. George's st.

Contracts. Chancellor's, 7 Grafton st.

Royal Hibernian Hotel, Dublin, and Salthill Hotel, Monkstown, now quoting special winter terms. Meals interchangeable between both hotels. For particulars apply Manager.

Elizabeth Arden's New York Expert is giving free consultations daily on the Treatment and Care of the Skin. Book your appointment now. 'Phone 4971.—Forrest and Sons, Grafton street.

Fur Renovations and Remodelling. Expert work. Moderate charges.—Forrest and Sons, Ltd., Grafton street.

Autumn Lamb coats with fur collars for 5½ gns. at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

PASSENGERS BY ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals—A. R. W. Montgomery, Miss B. Frank, Miss A. Reilly, E. Linsky, J. Anderson, Colonel T. G. Peacocke, George Lynch.
Departures—N. Murphy, Miss M. W. Finlay, A. A. Finlay, Taylor Ward, M.D., F. P. Turner, R. G. Palmer, G. H. Stannard, Mr. and Mrs. Vincent Bridger, Mrs. E. M. Bewley, the Rev. John and Mrs. Lewis, Captain F. W. Morton, Dr. J. O'C. FitzSimon.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.
Arrivals—R. C. Harte, T. Kinaine, the Rev. M. J. Reynolds, M. J. McGowan, R. MacDonnell, Mrs. J. Wilson, J. A. Murphy, W. H. James, P. T. Casey, the Rev. R. Lee Cole, W. H. Campbell.
Departures—Lady Guthrie Smith, J. S. Shackleton, T. C. Hanrahan, T. H. Smith, P. Tetlow, R. Purdie, Miss M. V. Flannery, C. J. Farrelly, G. Keith, T. Kirby.

McBirney and Co., Ltd., Aston's quay, Dublin, are this week showing some exceptionally smart models in Ladies' Coats and Millinery at attractive prices. These have only just been received, and represent the latest fashion decrees.

Marleen's is the Salon in which you will get that "something really different."—Marleen, The Sportswear Specialist, "114" Stephen's Green, West.

Chiropody, Face and Hair Treatment.—Mrs. Bithrey

SANCTITY OF OATHS.

BISHOPS' WARNING AGAINST PERJURY.

POPULAR AMUSEMENTS: DANGERS IN THE CINEMA AND DANCING.

FOLLOWING the plenary Synod at Maynooth, the Archbishops and Bishops of the Roman Catholic Church in Ireland have issued a Pastoral Letter, which was read in the churches yesterday. The following are points from the letter :—

MURDER.

A single murder, destroying the divine gift of life and hurling a human soul before the judgment seat of God, used to appal, and should continue to appal, the conscience of the whole country, North and South.

PERJURY.

Like murder, perjury is an awful crime that draws down the vengeance of God upon the offender. He who swears an oath should stand in "truth, in judgment and in justice"; for to call God to witness a lie or a false promise is a terrible outrage on the God of truth.

In all the relations of life let us, as Christians and as free men, have nothing to do with telling lies, which is the vice of slaves, and especially let us ever remember the sanctity of the oaths we take when we invoke the Name of God Almighty and Judge of the living and the dead.

PARTITION.

To whatever cause the partition of Ireland may be attributed, the result of that deplorable measure is to place the Catholics of the six counties under a purely Protestant Government.

If anyone dreamt of protection under the Treaty for the minority in the North-East it was a sad illusion. Whatever safeguards minorities may enjoy under proportional representation, that system has been abolished as regards local government representation and is gravely threatened in Parliamentary elections.

DANCING.

If there must needs be dancing, let it be such as not to offend against modesty; let nothing appear that is either indecent in dress or unbecoming in conduct; let there be no abuse of intoxicants; and let the amusement be held within reasonable hours, so that no bar is placed to the discharge of important duties next morning. With these limitations it may be possible to have an evening's enjoyment that will neither offend against good manners nor be the occasion of sin.

THE CINEMA.

Undoubtedly it possesses possibilities for useful service as an informative or educative medium. But, unhappily, wholesome films do not always command popular favour to the extent that those of dubious morality do, with the result that in the main the cinema is often more of a source of demoralisation than otherwise.

WOMEN'S DRESS.

Immodesty in dress becomes a scandal if it leads others to sin by exciting evil looks or sensual desires. . . .

One may well pray for the coming of a day when Irish standards will be adopted both in apparel and in amusement, and also when true Celtic refinement will expel from our shores all these debasing fashions in dress and forms of pastime which minister to the lowest instincts.

SOCIAL OBLIGATIONS.

Duty is violated not only by positive injury to the property of the State but also by failure to bear one's reasonable share of civic responsibility. Distributive justice, on the other hand, may be violated by partiality or undue favour in the allocation of public offices, by infringements of the people's rights, or by unjust laws.

EVIL LITERATURE.

The evil wrought by pernicious literature is eating like a canker into the moral vitals of some of our youth. Corruptors of public morals are entitled to less consideration than the adulterators of the food we eat. . . .

We hope that those who have the power will deal with this vile traffic as drastically as it is dealt with by Government in some non-Catholic lands.

THE BISHOPS' WARNING TO THEIR FLOCK.

THE pastoral address issued by the archbishops and bishops of the Roman Catholic Church in Ireland to their flocks on the occasion of the Plenary Synod, held in Maynooth, was read in the churches yesterday morning.

Dealing with the state of religion, it states that, as one glances at the signs of vitality of which the Church in Ireland has given proof in recent years, the retrospect is calculated in many ways to fill the heart with a deep sense of gratification. Looking round to-day we see our land studded with many glorious edifices where the Church's ceremonial is carried out with a stately grandeur worthy of Catholicity at its best. Assistance at Mass of obligation and reception of Holy Communion are amongst the tests of practical faith.

"So far as we are able to learn," states the pastoral, "these duties are discharged with exactness by the faithful generally, who in diverse ways give abundant proof that God's love reigns in their hearts and that their religion is very real. Not only so, but the great majority by works of special devotion put forth choice fruits of fervent piety."

PATERNAL AUTHORITY.

"From what had been said," it went on, "one must not conclude that all is perfect, or that there is no need for caution. These latter days have witnessed, among many other unpleasant sights, a loosening of the bonds of parental authority, a disregard for the discipline of the home, and a general impatience under restraint that drives youth to neglect the sacred claims of authority and follow its own capricious ways. Some would be inclined to regard this spirit of restlessness as a revolt against authority of every sort. But the truth seems to be that it is rather a reaction from a period of great strain and stress which has tried the patience of mankind even to the snapping point. Ireland appears to have been affected by some such disturbing force, as well as by its own troubles.

"Whatever may be the cause, we are hopeful that any laxity that exists is a mere passing phase, and that to bring back those who may have suffered to the high moral standard of our Catholic tradition, what is needed is to open their eyes to some of the pitfalls by which they are surrounded. The evil one is ever setting his snares for unwary feet. At the moment, his traps for the innocent are chiefly the dance hall, the bad book, the indecent paper, the motion picture, the immodest fashion in female dress—all of which tend to destroy the virtues characteristic of our race. Chastity is one of God's most beautiful gifts.

A PEARL OF GREAT PRICE.

"No flower of the field exhales so sweet a fragrance. It is the pearl of great price to which nothing that gold or silver may purchase can be compared. What ornament better becomes one who is a member of the mystic body of Christ, redeemed by His blood, and destined to share in His glorious resurrection, than that which makes its possessors like to the angels in Heaven? In woman especially, purity is the crowning glory. Its deliberate loss leads to abysses of shame, despair and spiritual death. To this virtue may be applied the words our Divine Lord uses in the fifth chapter of St. Matthew about the offending member.

"Whatever hurts it, even in the least degree, must be at once plucked out and cast away, be it as dear to us as the right eye or as needful as the right hand. The enemy of salvation, for his part, uses every stratagem to rob men's souls of this treasure. His choice artifice is the dance hall. Only a short while ago the Hierarchy of Ireland found it necessary to issue words of solemn warning against abuses arising from unworthy or unseasonable dancing. Once more, under the same deep sense of duty, we renew the exhortation we then gave.

SAFEGUARDS.

"While dancing in itself may be, and is, legitimate amusement, yet it must be said that there is no other sort of recreation more full of dangerous temptations to sin. The Church, indeed, tolerates it, but she does so only on the supposition that safeguards are adopted to make as remote as possible the occasion of moral ruin that may be directly or indirectly associated with the pastime. If, then, there must needs be dancing, let it be such as not to offend against modesty; let nothing appear that is either indecent in dress or unbecoming in conduct; let there be no abuse of intoxicants; and let the amusement be held within reasonable hours so that no bar is placed to the discharge of important duties next morning. With these limitations it may be possible to have an evening's enjoyment that will neither offend against good manners nor be the occasion of sin."

EVIL LITERATURE.

Immoral publications are referred to in the address.

"The evil wrought by pernicious literature is eating like a canker into the moral vitals of some of our youth," it declares. "Even the public hoardings occasionally flaunt suggestive advertisements in the faces of those who pass our streets. No wonder that the conscience of the community is being aroused, and that the country rings with a strong demand to have the unclean thing driven from our midst. Corruptors of public morals are entitled to less consideration than the adulterators of the food we eat. With the greatest confidence, therefore, do we venture to express the hope that those who have the power will hearken to the popular voice, and deal with this vile traffic as drastically as it is dealt with by Government in some non-Catholic lands. Meantime our Vigilance Committees, which ought to be supported by all who value innocence and purity, may be trusted to do what is possible to lessen the spread of the evil.

THE CINEMA.

"When an agency has bad effects as well as good, one may speak of it neither with full commendation nor yet with entire disapproval. To this category belongs the cinema or motion picture. Undoubtedly, it possesses possibilities for useful service as an informative or educative medium, and as a legitimate form of entertainment. But unhappily, wholesome films do not always command popular favour to the extent that those of dubious morality do, with the result that in the main the cinema is often more of a source of demoralisation than otherwise.

"The representation on the screen grips the imagination in a powerful way, so that the cleverness, for instance, and the daring of the criminal as depicted on the screen is full of suggestiveness, especially for the young, who are so prone to use their imitative faculties indiscriminately. There is then, very probably, much truth in the allegation that boys are taught in the picture-house to do deeds of theft and violence. Moreover, erroneous standards of morality, false notions of human conduct, the distorted views of life presented on the screen render these exhibitions most unsafe for children of tender age. A good deal has been done in Ireland, but no effort should be spared to exclude doubtful films. Above all, the greatest care should be exercised to secure that children, even beyond the age of compulsory school attendance, should be admitted only to cinematograph shows or entertainments that are specially selected as suitable for them."

WOMEN'S DRESS.

On the subject of modesty in female attire, the address declares that immodesty in dress becomes a scandal if it leads others to sin by exciting evil looks

(Continued on Page 5, Column 8.)

POPE ON MARRIAGE BOND.

DECISIONS OF SACRED ROTA APPROVED.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

ROME, Saturday.

The Pope gave an audience to the Tribunal of the Sacred Rota to-day on the inauguration of the Legal Year.

The Dean of the Rota, Monsignor Massimi, delivered a speech recalling the Press attack on the Rota, owing chiefly to the favourable decisions given in matrimonial cases concerning prominent people, and also because it had extended its jurisdiction to non-Catholics, maintaining that in granting the annulment of marriages the Church has disavowed the principle of the inviolability of marriage.

RICH AND POOR BENEFIT EQUALLY.

According to figures published by the Rota, Monsignor Massimi declared, the cases settled amounted to fifty-five, in twenty-eight of which the decision favoured the annulment of the marriage. Exactly half of these favoured rich people who could pay the costs of the case, the other half favouring poor people, the expenses in the case of the latter being borne by the Rota.

Monsignor Massimi went on to say that the cost of cases for poor people had completely absorbed the fees paid by the rich.

The Pope answered, urging the Rota to continue its work with the same alacrity and straightforwardness as in the past, examining also cases concerning non-Catholics, because "the Church is the mother of all souls redeemed with the blood of the Saviour.

A DIFFICULT TASK.

"The Church must continue to harmonise, as far as possible, the highest human and divine exigencies of the supreme law of the indissolubility of marriage with other smaller, but not less deserving, justices of individual right."

The Pope added that, as the Church is immaculate, so is its law. Thus the Tribunal of the Rota, which is so important in the life of the Church, must be immaculate. His Holiness concluded by urging the necessity of being careful owing to the universal attention centred on the work of the Rota.

SHANNON SCHEME.

INVITATION TO OWNERS OF SMALL UNDERTAKINGS.

One of the most difficult problems facing the recently-constituted Shannon Electricity Supply Board concerns the acquisition of existing undertakings in the Saorstat. The proprietors of these undertakings are asked to communicate in writing with the Board for the purpose, as stated in our advertising columns to-day, "of arranging an interchange of views on the question as to how existing electricity supply undertakings are to fit into the new conditions created by the establishment of the national electricity supply system from the Shannon."

It may be taken, writes our Political Correspondent, that the advertisement does not apply to Dublin or Cork, but to the numerous small undertakings throughout the country. In the case of these, either of two things can happen. The Electricity Supply Board can either sell them electricity in bulk, or buy them out.

Most of these small undertakings, it was explained to me yesterday, operate with direct current, and if they take their current from the Shannon, they must reconstruct their networks to distribute it. Under the Electricity Supply Act the Board is bound to fix the selling prices to the consumers in the case of these undertakings.

How difficult this will be can be realised from the fact that, while in a town of, say, 3,000 inhabitants, which at the moment has no electricity supply, the cost of a new network would work out at about £3,000, the actual capital invested in an electricity undertaking in a town of the same size would vary from probably £6,000 to £9,000. Under the Act every town must bear its own burden, so that a town with an undertaking would be in the position of having to bear a burden of from £6,000 to £9,000, whereas a town in which no electricity undertaking existed would have to bear only £3,000, a difference possibly of twopence to fourpence per unit in the selling price of electricity as between the two towns.

It is satisfactory to learn that proprietors of undertakings are to be given an opportunity of arguing their case with the Board, and failure, for one reason or another, to take advantage of it would be to run unnecessary risk of subsequent disappointment at the decisions which must, in any case, be taken by the Board.

U.S. LEGIONARIES IN IRELAND.

1,500 LEAVE QUEENSTOWN FOR HOME.

Large parties of the American Legion visited the South of Ireland during last week, and left yesterday from Queenstown on their return to the United States. The great majority of the visitors were Irish and of Irish descent, and many had relatives in the South whom they visited. Famous places of scenic beauty, including Killarney, Glengarriffe, and Blarney, had many patrons among the Legionaries, many of whom were dressed in the uniform of the Legion, with caps bearing the names of the States they represented.

About 1,500 members left Queenstown last evening on the Cunard liner Carmania and the United States liner Republic.

MURDERED CONSTABLE.

NO FRESH DEVELOPMENT.

Scotland Yard officials were busy during the week-end continuing their investigations into the murder of Police Constable Gutteridge, who was found shot dead near Stapleford Abbots, Essex, early on Tuesday morning. It is understood that there has been no fresh development likely to lead to an immediate arrest. On Saturday they interviewed a number of men, but all were able to account satisfactorily for their movements on the night of the crime. Visits were made yesterday by the police to various districts in London, and other men were questioned without any result beyond the elimination of suspected persons.

Regarding the discovery of a handkerchief on waste ground at Hammersmith, bearing the name "A. H. Miller," many persons answering to the name have been interviewed.

The police are convinced that the murder was committed by youthful bandits, and their inquiries this week will be conducted in a narrower field.

BERLIN ACCLAIMS HINDENBURG.

STREETS LINED BY 500,000 PEOPLE.

REMARKABLE SCENES OF ENTHUSIASM.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Sunday.

After attending Divine Service this morning, President von Hindenburg received in the Palace the Chancellor, Dr. Marx, and other members of the Government, who called to congratulate him on the attainment of his 80th birthday.

Replying to an address by Dr. Marx, who eulogised the President as "a symbol of devotion to duty with unshakeable faith in the future of the German people," President von Hindenburg said that his thoughts at this time were particularly with his countrymen in the occupied Rhineland, whose relief from foreign occupation, to his very great disappointment, had not yet been achieved, and he greeted them with a full heart and a wish and hope that the Rhineland might soon be free.

The President declared that he had only done his duty, not for a party or a group, but in order to serve the Fatherland; and his greatest wish was to see unity among the German people, so that a Germany in brotherly co-operation might arise from the depression of the present time and become a strong, free and united Germany.

HIS OLD WAR COMRADE.

The President was then congratulated by the Premiers of the Prussian and Federal Governments, by the President of the Reichstag and the Prussian Diet, and by representatives of the Army, Navy, and City of Berlin.

Later he received the Papal Nuncio, who, on behalf of the Diplomatic Corps, handed in an address written on parchment, and signed by all the foreign Ambassadors and Ministers in Berlin.

To-day's receptions concluded with a visit from the delegates of the Old Army, whose leader, Field-Marshal von Mackensen, congratulated his "old war comrade."

REMARKABLE SCENES IN THE STREETS.

The capital gave the President a reception worthy of an Emperor, and one which equalled in warmth any which Wilhelm the Second ever had. From an early hour the streets through which the President was to pass on his way to the Stadium were packed with spectators. Houses all over the city were beflagged, the old black, white and red colours greatly predominating, and a large trade was done by street hawkers in selling photographs and button badges of the President and Nationalist flags.

VETERANS OF TWO WARS.

The entire seven miles route from the Presidential Palace to the Stadium was lined with members of various organisations, such as the "Steel Helmets" and War Veterans' Associations, students' corps, motorists, with cars decorated with flowers; miners' unions, ex-Colonial troops, Tyrolese and Bavarian delegations, women's patriotic associations, and, lastly, school children. Numerous bands at intervals along the route played while the crowd was awaiting the President's arrival.

While the veterans of the older war wore top hats and frock coats and proudly displayed the medals of 1866 and 1872, the survivors of the Great War appeared in semi-military dress. The students turned out in their gala attire, and the Bavarian and Tyrolese peasants, in their picturesque national costumes, gave a touch of colour to the scene, which was enhanced by the presence of numerous ex-officers in full military uniforms, glittering with medals and Orders.

HALF-A-MILLION PEOPLE CHEER THE PRESIDENT.

Behind the double rows of official spectators the general public were assembled, and it is safe to say that half-a-million people in the streets and in the houses on the route cheered the President as he drove past in an open car in the brilliant sunshine of a perfect autumn day on his way to the Stadium. Dr. Marx, the Chancellor, was seated at his side. The President was wearing a frock coat and top hat, and, as always, showed no emotion as he responded to the applause of the crowd. On the contrary, he remained upright and immobile in his car.

In the Stadium itself 20,000 school children and invited guests were assembled to greet President von Hindenburg. He received an uproarious welcome from the children when he appeared at 4.15 p.m., and drove slowly around the arena before taking his seat in the presidential box. The scene was picturesque in the extreme, with the thousands of boys and girls in bright dresses, holding garlands of flowers and singing patriotic songs.

ADDRESS TO SCHOOL CHILDREN.

After they had concluded, the old warrior rose and, in a dead silence, addressed the children, thanking them for the pleasure they had given him, urging them never to forget the Fatherland and calling for three cheers for Germany, which were given with a zeal by the assembled multitude, which then joined in singing "Deutschland ueber Alles."

The President then once again drove round the arena, while children, whose enthusiasm knew no bounds, swarmed on the track and chased the presidential car, throwing flowers into it and cheering lustily.

At the close of the ceremony the President returned by the same route to his Palace, again being everywhere greeted with an enthusiasm which showed him clearly that his services to the country are recognised to the full by his fellow-citizens, and that his popularity is such as no German idol has attained since the days of Bismarck.

This evening the President is spending quietly with his relatives, while the cafés and restaurants of the capital will be doing a roaring trade supplying large quantities of beer for his admirers to drink his health in.

PRISONERS PARDONED.

FROM EXCHANGE CORRESPONDENT.

BERLIN, Sunday.

In connection with his birthday, President Hindenburg pardoned seventy-five prisoners, mostly political, and recommended the pardoning of persons sentenced for slandering himself. Thousands of minor offenders also were pardoned.

TROTSKY EXPELLED.

RUSSIAN LEADER'S DOWNFALL.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

RIGA, Sunday.

The relentless attacks of former War Commissar Trotsky against Commissar Stalin's dictatorship and policies in the Communist Party have caused Commissar Stalin to take further repressive measures against him.

Trotsky's recent speech, accusing the Stalin group of resembling the old Czarist officials in their bureaucracy and inefficiency, and his statement that the present ruling class of Communists really constitutes a new Russian Aristocracy, has evoked quick punishment.

BLOW TO ZINOVIEFF.

An official dispatched from Moscow reports that Trotsky and one of his chief supporters, Vujovitch, have been expelled from the Executive Committee of the Communist International. This action was taken by the disciplinary committee, in secret session, and deprives Trotsky of another important post which he has held since the opening days of the revolution. Trotsky's expulsion is also a severe blow to Zinovieff, the deposed President of the Communist International, who has been depending upon Trotsky to represent him on the Council of the International, which he headed for eight years.

Both Trotsky and Zinovieff are now reckoned amongst the "has-beens" of Russia, and nothing short of a new revolution is believed would place them in their former position of power.

According to the Moscow papers, Stalin is rapidly clearing the decks for the tenth anniversary of the Bolshevik revolution, which will be celebrated next month. A festive session of the Executive Committee of the Communist Party, which is to be held at the same time, will consist of 480 delegates, with voting powers, and 120 without voting powers.

ALL-RUSSIAN COMMITTEE.

The decree announcing the meeting contains an important departure from the usual procedure, since the members of the All-Russian Central Executive Committee, who are not especially elected, are now not permitted to attend this session, thus excluding Trotsky and Zinovieff, unless they can secure sufficient votes from some of the other Communist organisations.

Moscow politics have become even more complicated with the increasing differences between Stalin and the members of the opposition, who formerly controlled the Government machine. The latter now seek support among the under-paid workers and the unemployed. Another development is Trotsky's demand for a free Press in Russia to enable him and his supporters to place their views before the party.

During the past six months many secret printing plants operated by the opposition, have been confiscated, and to date 350 Communists have been expelled from the party for supporting Trotsky and Zinovieff.

SPYING IN THE BALKANS.

REPORTED INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BUCHAREST, Oct. 2.

A great international spying organisation, with a branch in Prague, from which activities are reported to be carried out throughout the Balkans, is the subject of an inquiry by a Council of War, which has just been opened here.

Three persons—a doctor, a lawyer and an engineer—who are suspected of being connected with this organisation, have been arrested, and a search of their houses made by the police has resulted in the discovery of important military documents in their possession.

Several foreigners, who are alleged to be couriers carrying on Communist propaganda, have also been arrested on the charge of being accomplices.

"NO UNDERSTANDING."

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN AND SPANISH PREMIER.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

PALMA MAJORCA, Saturday.

Sir Austen Chamberlain arrived here at 5 o'clock yesterday evening on board Sir Warden Chilcott's yacht, the Dolphin, and three hours later he was joined by General Primo de Rivera, the Spanish Premier, who arrived by the steamship Jaime.

A semi-official *communiqué*, issued later, stated that General Primo de Rivera dined on board the Dolphin as the guest of Sir Austen, and added that the principal object of this meeting was to satisfy the mutual desire of the two statesmen to get to know each other better, and to give General Primo de Rivera the opportunity of welcoming the British Minister to the coast of Spain.

The *communiqué* adds that, although the conversation certainly touched upon world political questions, particularly questions of a common interest to Spain and Great Britain, it was stated by General Primo de Rivera afterwards that no agreement or understanding of any sort was arrived at on the matters discussed, and that, in fact, Lady Chamberlain and other guests were present during the greater part of the conversation.

FRENCH COMMENT.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Sunday.

Owing to the meagreness of the information to be obtained regarding the matter, there is little comment on the meeting between Sir Austen Chamberlain and General Primo de Rivera.

The *Temps* thinks that it was only a meeting of courtesy between the two statesmen, which is all the more necessary now that Spain is playing an important rôle in the international domain. The paper does not believe in the possibility of the formation of a Mediterranean group of Powers from which France would be excluded, and holds that, even if such a scheme could be contemplated, no Mediterranean agreement could be concluded without France, and that Great Britain, who regards the Franco-British *entente* as the solid basis of her whole European policy, would never countenance it.

THE LEAGUE.

The *Temps* adds :—"As regards Tangier, nothing leads one to suppose that Sir Austen Chamberlain would encourage claims irreconcilable with French rights. Instead of seeking fantastic explanations of the meeting, which defy all political good sense, it would be more reasonable to suppose that Sir Austen Chamberlain voiced the desire of all the friends of Spain to see her again a member of the League of Nations. If Sir Austen Chamberlain has succeeded in convincing General Primo de Rivera, he will have rendered an important service to international solidarity.

PROMPT DENIAL.

REPORTED RISING IN SPAIN.

MADRID, Saturday.

Reports circulated from Hendaye to the effect that a rising had taken place in Spain, which had been suppressed after many persons had been arrested, are officially denied.—(Reuter.)

SOUTH AFRICAN FLAG DISPUTE.

RIOTOUS SCENES AT A MEETING.

HALL STORMED AND UNION JACK TORN.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

JOHANNESBURG, Saturday.

Stormy scenes occurred yesterday at Bloemhof, where a political meeting which was to have been addressed by General Smuts was broken up by Nationalists.

Some three hundred organised Nationalists resolved not to allow General Smuts to speak, and stormed the hall, where fierce fighting broke out with members of the South African Party.

Chairs, bottles, sticks and iron bars were freely used, and there were numerous cracked heads, bleeding faces and other injuries.

General Smuts's supporters were greatly outnumbered, and eventually were driven off by the Nationalists, who took possession of the hall, where they indulged in singing and dancing. A Union Jack in the hall was torn to shreds.

A SET CAMPAIGN.

Free fights proceeded continuously outside the hall for some time, members of the South African Party being chased, assaulted, badly kicked and mauled.

Last week General Smuts had the greatest difficulty in getting a hearing at Pretoria owing to organised Nationalist opposition.

This evening General Smuts issued a warning against these "shocking occurrences," and declared that the South African Party would not submit to what was evidently a set campaign throughout the country.

He added that freedom of speech was now confined to Nationalists, and that the country was rapidly becoming a little Russia.

ORGANISED PLAN OF INTERRUPTION.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

PRETORIA, Saturday.

What happened at Bloemhof yesterday, when General Smuts's meeting was wrecked by the Nationalists, was only a slightly more serious demonstration of the tactics with which the leaders of the South African Party is being consistently assailed at every public meeting that he addresses.

This is the third meeting in the Transvaal in ten days which has been ruined by hooliganism.

There seems to be a concerted campaign on the part of the supporters of the Government to prevent General Smuts from getting a hearing.

REIGN OF TERROR IN ALABAMA.

FLOGGING AND KIDNAPPING.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BIRMINGHAM, Sunday.

What is described by the Public Prosecutor as a "reign of terror" has been discovered in Alabama, where more than ninety persons have been flogged and kidnapped, with the result that some have died of their injuries. It appears that in ninety per cent. of these cases masks and hoods popularly associated with the Ku Klux Klan were worn by the criminals. Vigorous action before grand juries and trial juries is promised by the authorities.

FASCISTI PLATFORM RUSHED.

SPEAKER INJURED BY BROKEN FLAGSTAFF.

The platform was rushed, and a speaker was cut on the face through contact with the broken flagstaff of a Union Jack, at a meeting of the British National Fascists at Marble Arch Corner, Hyde Park, yesterday. Mr. "Tony" Howe, a member of the Fascisti, was speaking, when a section of the crowd suddenly made a rush forward. The platform, and with it the speaker, and a Union Jack were overborne, and a scuffle followed. Friends of Mr. Howe struggled against the attacking force until the latter made a hasty retreat as several police officers appeared. The platform and the flag were re-erected, and Mr. Howe went on with his speech.

RUGBY FOOTBALL ON A SUNDAY.

WELSH UNION AND A REFEREE.

The Welsh Rugby Union have communicated with Mr. T. H. Vile, the old Welsh international, and now a referee on its official list, asking him if it is a fact that he took charge of a Rugby game in the Argentine on a Sunday, when acting as a referee for the British tourists. The team was managed by Mr. James Baxter, ex-President of the English Rugby Union, and comprised English, Scottish, and Irish players.

Mr. Vile has replied that he refereed five of their matches on Sundays.

The Welsh Union, who will consider the position at their next meeting, is the only Union affiliated to the International Board who have a rule debarring referees from officiating at games played on Sundays. It reads: "No referee on the official list of this Union shall referee any games in Wales or any other country taking place on a Sunday."

EXCHANGE OF CHEQUES.

ANGLO-AMERICAN CLAIMS SETTLEMENT.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Sunday.

Sir Esme Howard, British Ambassador in Washington, and Mr. Kellogg, Secretary of State, to-day exchanged cheques for various sums in British, United States and Mexican currency, in execution of the award reached on January 22, 1926.

The convention under which this award was found was called to settle all pecuniary claims between the two Governments up to 1910.

DEATH OF NOBEL PRIZE WINNER.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

STOCKHOLM, Sunday.

Professor Svant Arrhenius, the well-known Swedish man of science, who was awarded the Nobel Chemistry Prize in 1903, died here to-day, aged 68.

PARIS POLICE PRECAUTIONS.

PARIS, Sunday.

In continuation of their "rounding-up operations," the police last night interrogated several hundred persons, of whom more than a hundred, who were foreigners, have been ordered to keep in touch with the police.—(Reuter.)

LATE NEWS.

FRANCE AND THE SOVIET.

NEW NOTE TO MOSCOW.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Sunday.

A Note has been sent to the Soviet Government pointing out the undesirability of M. Rakovsky's remaining in Paris as Ambassador. The French Ambassador in Moscow, M. Herbette, had, it is understood, already been instructed to point out to M. Tchitcherin that M. Rakovsky's signature of the propaganda manifesto had rendered him so much suspect to a large part of the French people that his position would be extremely difficult, either as a negotiator on the old subject of debts or on the new one of a pact of non-aggression.

These remarks apparently produced no impression on the Soviet Government; so they have now been reproduced rather more pointedly in a formal Note, which should make it clear that M. Rakovsky is no longer *persona grata* in Paris.

M. Poincaré had an interview yesterday with M. de Monzie, the President of the French Delegation for negotiation with the Soviet Government, on the subject of the new offer made by the Soviet Government for a settlement of the pre-war debt. M. de Monzie afterwards stated that he was in full agreement with the Prime Minister with regard to the answer which should be returned. It appears that a reply will be sent direct to Moscow through M. Herbette, in order to avoid the necessity of using M. Rakovsky as an intermediary.

AMERICAN MINERS' STRIKE.

AN AGREEMENT REACHED.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT

NEW YORK, Sunday.

The strike of seventy-two thousand union miners in the bituminous coalfields of Illinois was settled yesterday at Chicago by agreement between representatives of the United Mine Workers and of the employers, after the mines had been idle exactly six months.

The agreement provided that the men should be paid the so-called Jacksonville scale of wages, which is based upon a figure of 7.50 dollars a day, although before the men struck the employers protested that they could not meet this scale in competition with mines all round theirs working with non-union miners at a basic wage of 4.50 dollars a day.

FRENCH SEAMEN' PROTEST.

THREE ARRESTS AT TOULON.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Sunday.

A group of seamen of the old armoured cruiser Ernest Renan, which is at present one of the reserve vessels, and is stationed at Toulon, on Friday refused to eat the regulation midday meal provided for the crew, and made a collective protest. As such combinations for the purpose of protest constitute technical mutiny, three of the men were placed under arrest.

It is reported that minor disciplinary measures were applied to about fifty other members of the crew. A committee of inquiry has been appointed by the naval authorities. This fresh demonstration follows so closely on that at the maritime prison of Toulon as to make it almost certain that anti-militarist propaganda was active in both cases.

The food about which the protest was made was immediately afterwards examined, and found satisfactory by Captain Muselier, commanding the Ernest Renan, and other officers. M. Arnould, a Naval Controller-General, sent by the Minister of Marine, has arrived at Toulon to hold an inquiry into the incidents at the prison.

FRANCE AND AMERICA

ANOTHER NOTE ON TARIFF QUESTION.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, Sunday.

The latest French Note on the tariff question was received yesterday by the State Department, which, so far, has withheld all comment. It is known that the French Government maintains its refusal to discuss a Treaty on the most favoured nation basis, and once again affirms its willingness to negotiate an instrument based upon mutual concessions.

The State Department has decided to publish to-morrow the full text of the earlier French Note and its own reply. It has not yet decided whether the latest Note will also be published. It is only in accordance with French wishes that it has hitherto refrained from the publication of the first Notes.

It is thought that the French made the request in the belief that publication of the Note of the United States would arouse a considerable measure of French opinion hostile to further negotiation; nevertheless, the official desire here for publication is supposedly actuated by the hope that the American attitude will be revealed as eminently reasonable.

The difference of opinion between the Quai d'Orsay and Mr. Kellogg is therefore being maintained with almost admirable consistency.

IRISH TRADE WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

INCREASING BUSINESS.

In a leading article the *Daily Express* observes:—The latest Irish trade returns make good reading. Not only are exports and imports expanding, but under each heading the increase is greatest in the trade with Great Britain. In August of this year a million more pounds of business was done between the two countries than in August of last year. Ireland is one of our most valuable markets, and the overwhelming bulk of Irish exports come to us. Last year we sent to the Free State more British goods than to Germany or Canada, one and a half times as much as to France or the Argentine or New Zealand, twice as much as to Belgium, China or Japan; and three times as much as to Italy.

Only India, America, and Australia come before the Irish Free State as a market for British merchandise. The connection between the two islands is thus so close and profitable that every sign of increasing prosperity in Ireland must be as welcome to Great Britain as to the Free State itself.

RUSSIAN MONARCHISTS.

FOUR MORE SHOT.

FROM "THE TIMES" CORRESPONDENT.

RIGA, Sunday.

It is officially announced that the supreme authorities in Moscow have rejected the appeal of the Monarchists who were condemned to death at Leningrad last week, and Balmassoff, Samoiloff, Solsky and Stroieff were shot on Friday night.

Soviet politicians have decided to use the "evidence" provided by the trial for purposes of foreign policy, particularly with regard to the Border States, and have already presented the Finnish Government with a series of demands against Russian *emigrés* residing in Finland.—(Per Press Association, copyright.)

WEEK-END GALE AND FLOODS.

3 PERSONS KILLED: 6 INJURED.

MANY FAMILIES HOMELESS.

A furious gale, accompanied in many places by heavy rain, marked the passing of "Summer Time" in Great Britain and Ireland.

No deaths from the storm have been reported in this country, but in Great Britain a man and his wife were killed and several children injured, while many families were rendered homeless by floods.

In Dublin and the surrounding districts branches of trees were blown down, and there was the usual toll of chimney pots, slates, and small hoardings. Considerable damage was caused amongst the temporary structures erected in connection with a charity *fête* in Parnell square, which closed on Saturday night. The large marquee used as a ballroom was completely wrecked.

Despite the high wind there was comparatively little rain in Dublin yesterday, and long intervals of brilliant sunshine tempted large numbers of people out of doors during the afternoon.

Gales and floods added during the week-end to the widespread damage already caused in Irish country districts. Oats, hay, and potatoes, especially, have suffered severely. In some parts of County Tipperary crops have been under water for four or five days.

In the Roman Catholic churches in Strabane, County Tyrone, yesterday, prayers were offered for good weather for the harvest.

In Belfast and the North of Ireland the wind at times yesterday reached a velocity of sixty miles per hour. Rain fell heavily, and most of the low-lying ground near the city is under water. Trees were uprooted and buildings damaged. Farmers are faced with the prospect in many cases of losing the greater part of the harvest.

HUSBAND AND WIFE KILLED BY FALLEN TREE.

At Chester yesterday, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Wareing, who lived in Selkirk road, Curzon Park, were walking in Eaton Park in the direction of Eaton Hall, the country house of the Duke of Westminster, when a large elm tree was uprooted by the gale, and, falling, killed both.

When their bodies were extricated from beneath the tree they were found to have suffered terrible injuries. Many other people who were walking in the park at the time, including a woman, wheeling a perambulator, containing a baby, had narrow escapes.

SIX CHILDREN INJURED..

Six children were hurt in Swinton yesterday by the collapse of a part of the wall of a house under which they were sheltering from torrential rain which accompanied a fierce gale over the Manchester area.

They were struck by falling *débris*, and were taken to Salford Royal Hospital, where, with one exception—that of Florence Barker, aged 12, who received a fracture of the base of the skull and was detained—they were found to have been but slightly injured.

MAN KILLED BY CYCLIST.

When the gale was at its height yesterday afternoon a youth riding a pedal bicycle in the face of the wind, with his head down, collided with Robert Weldon, aged 47, of King street, Mansfield, Notts. Weldon was knocked down, and was dead, apparently from a fractured skull, when a doctor arrived.

Torrential rain yesterday morning caused widespread flooding at Greenock. Several streams overflowed their banks, and the water, flowing down in torrents from the upper parts of the town, turned a number of the principal streets into rivers.

FAMILIES HOMELESS IN GREENOCK.

About eight dwellinghouses and shops were flooded, and seven families rendered homeless. Two of these families, who resided in Brougham street, escaped by a side-window, clad in their night clothes, a few seconds before the flood struck their dwellings. Five families, who were rendered homeless by the flooding in East Hamilton street, were accommodated in a church hall.

Several motor 'buses, filled with passengers, were caught in the floods and had to be towed clear. Three hundred telephone lines were put out of commission.

SERIOUS PLIGHT OF SCOTTISH CROPS.

At Aberdeen yesterday there was a renewal of the rainstorm, renewed flooding and still greater damage to crops, which make up a depressing sight of blackening stocks and uncut fields flattened and battered. The most serious aspect is the plight of the potato crop. In many areas forty per cent. of the yield will be useless. Last week potatoes advanced from about £1 per ton in price.

What is stated to be the worst rainstorm for many years raged over the Vale of Leven and Loch Lomondside during Saturday night. Rain also fell incessantly yesterday and resulted in great flooding. Motorists were held up at Alexandria and houses and shops flooded. At Jamestown a burn burst its banks.

At Eskdalemuir a gale reaching 66 miles an hour in fierce gusts was experienced.

Although in England the rain was less heavy there were gales all over the country, particularly in the North. Liverpool and Sealand had gusts of 61 miles per hour, and Holyhead a gale reaching 60. At Cranwell a 54 miles per hour wind raged.

London had its share of stormy conditions; for 42 miles per hour gusts were

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recorded at Kew and a 38 miles per hour wind swept Croydon. Lympne had a 55 miles per hour gale.

TELEPHONE LINES DOWN.

Many telephone and telegraph lines were brought down. The most serious delay in the telephone service was that affecting Newcastle, where wild weather had wrought havoc. Alternative routes had to be used for communication between Newcastle and London.

The South Coast had mixed weather; for, in spite of high wind and rough seas, many resorts had hardly any rain apart from a shower or two. South-bound Sunday excursionists were able to spend the day in the open.

Northern seaside towns had rather more rain. Two millimetres were recorded at Scarborough and one at Cleethorpes. The rainfall at Blackpool and Southport was not sufficient to be recorded.

SNOW AT BALMORAL.

Following a night of heavy rain, snow fell in the Balmoral district yesterday.

Despite the weather conditions, however, some fifty motor cars were drawn up at the roadside to enable the occupants to watch the King and Queen, who were accompanied by the Prince of Wales and Prince George, drive to Crathie Church this morning.

The Rev. Dr. Stirton officiated, the sermon being preached by the Rev. Mr. Warr, of Hillhead Parish Church, Glasgow.

ABNORMAL PAUPERISM.

ALARMING FIGURES.

In an editorial article *The Times* observes: Among the minor resolutions of the Labour Party Conference, which opens at Blackpool this morning, is one emanating from the constituency of Mr. Sidney Webb, and beginning with an assertion that "an early reform of poor law administration is indispensable." It is to be hoped that this will give the conference an opportunity of studying dispassionately the full extent of the menace of pauperism, both to the finances and to the moral character of the nation, and that it will come to a conclusion less dogmatically partisan than the tone of the remainder of the resolution seems to suggest. The situation is far too serious for the question to be made a party issue.

The recently-published annual report of the Ministry of Health reveals the fact that, during the financial year 1926-27, no less than £49,500,000 was spent on the relief of destitution. That is the highest figure in the whole history of poor law administration. It is an increase of £9,500,000 over the previous year, and of £34,000,000 over 1913-14. The pauper army actually costs more to maintain than the British Army, and its expenditure, since it comes entirely out of the rates, is peculiarly onerous to industry in precisely those areas where industry is most depressed. It is true, of course, that the greater part of the increase during 1926-27 is attributable to the effects of the general strike, and of the coal dispute. Between them they added 1,268,156 persons to the roll of paupers, whereas the miners' strike of 1921 added only 650,000, and that of 1912 only 50,000. But there is small satisfaction to be derived from the knowledge that recurrent industrial upheavals have progressively sapped the resources, both of individuals and of organisations. The latest returns show that, even in normal times, the average of the pauper population is about 1,200,000, and shows no sign of diminishing. The bare figure is alarming enough, and its implications make it more alarming still.

It is clear that the vast development of the "social services" during the present century has so far, had little chance of making a permanent impression upon the dimensions of pauperism.

DUBLIN CIVIC WEEK.

LESSONS OF THE EVENT.

Lady Aberdeen and Temair, in the course of a letter to *The Times*, writes:—As the celebration of Civic Weeks in our great cities is attracting so much attention at the present time, I think it may interest your readers to hear of the outstanding success of the first Civic Week organised in Dublin, from whence I have just returned after witnessing the closing functions. It speaks volumes for the organising capacity of the chairman and committee that during a period of great political excitement the interest not only of Dublin citizens, but of the whole country, was enlisted in making Civic Week a success. All classes vied with one another in responding to the Commissioners' call to show Dublin at its best.

It is a gratifying fact, adds Lady Aberdeen, that there is every reason to believe that financial success for Dublin's first Civic Week is also assured, as £9,000 has been realised in takings, so that only a very small call, if any, will be made on the guarantors.

Business men calculate that over £100,000 has been circulated in Dublin during the week, and this, coupled with the fact that since the City Commissioners assumed office the rates have decreased by 4s., and that last year the Free State income tax has been diminished from 4s. to 3s., forms an auspicious omen for the future.

At the opening ceremony Mr. Commissioner Murphy declared the object of Civic Week was to develop latent into active civic spirit, and to make all citizens of Dublin feel that they constituted one big brotherhood, whose common advancement depended on their own efforts and on their material support and encouragement. In a special closing message to the *Irish Times*, President Cosgrave, in speaking of the success of Civic Week, says:—"It has brought home to those who live in Dublin the fact that they are citizens of no mean city, that they are members of a community with a great past in politics, arts, sciences and industry; of a city with a great past and a greater future. What we in Ireland require most to-day is a renascence of the spirit of citizenship, and Civic Week may well prove to be the beginning of that spirit which will stimulate hearty co-operation from all citizens to make our city the worthy capital of a worthy State."

TRADES DISPUTES.

VIEWS OF MR. MacQUISTEN, M.P.

Mr. S. A. Macquisten, K.C., M.P., addressed the members of the Ulster Unionist Labour Association in Belfast last Saturday night on the Trade Unions and Trades Disputes Acts. As a similar measure is to be introduced by the Government of Northern Ireland in the forthcoming session considerable interest was taken in the meeting, among those present being the Right Hon. J. M. Andrews, Minister of Labour; the Right Hon. T. Moles, M.P.; Sir Robert Lynn, M.P., and Mr. Wm Grant, M.P.

Mr. Macquisten said that he had always been a supporters of trade unions, but the political levy, and the right of peaceful picketting were unholy privileges which contained the seeds of destruction that ended in the general strike. A general strike was an absurdity.

As regards what was called "peaceful picketting," no man should have the right to "put the wind up" another man by intimidating him. The political levy of the new Act provided that the levy must be voluntary. It did not take away the worker's liberty; it restored it....Civil servants were forbidden by the Act to join political unions, but civil servants did not want unions at all, because their job was a gilt-edged one. When other people were wondering what they were going to retire on civil servants would have a comfortable pension and 15 years' golf. "Civil servants do not create anything," said Mr. Macquisten. "They live on you and me, and there are far too many of them as it is."

Mr. Macquisten declared that the right to work was a corollary of the right to strike, and that intimidation was not fair play. It was monstrous, he said, that a trade unionist should be compelled to contribute to the funds of the party against which he voted.

At the meeting of the Newbridge Town Commissioners, Mr. Clancy, rate collector, said that some of the ratepayers had refused to pay the extra housing rate. Instructions were issued to have summonses issued for the recovery of the rates.

HUMAN ELEMENT IN INDUSTRY.

MR. SEEBOHM ROWNTREE ON CO-OPERATION.

DIRECTORS IN COUNCIL.

OXFORD, Sunday.

"There is danger in the present development of scientific management, costing systems, mass production, and large amalgamations in business," said Mr. Seebohm Rowntree, in the final lecture last night at Balliol College, Oxford, of the conference of works directors, managers, foremen and forewomen. The danger is of losing sight of the human element. It is not uncommon to find directors now who have not even seen the factories in the amalgamations which they control, let alone the individual workmen in them. To avoid this danger, the first step is to get a right conception of the purpose of industry.

"Whether it be the direct motive of people engaged in business or not, the fact remains that industry is a national service. The industrial troubles of to-day are largely due to the fact that the service motive has been forgotten, and in many cases the financial objective either on the part of employer or employed, is allowed to fill the whole sphere. The next step is for us to take very much more trouble to take workers into our confidence about the problems of business and the way in which we are trying to solve them. We must treat them as co-operators rather than as servants.

PROFIT-SHARING.

"Profit-sharing is almost essential to establish the idea of common interests, to remove the idea of master and servant. So far as possible, all matters referring to the employment side of industry should be settled mutually by workers and management. This may be done by works councils, but there is no best way.

WELFARE SIDE.

"The welfare side of industry must be developed. We must never regard the workers merely as units of production, but as a group of men and women with whom we are associated in performing fundamentally important and often very difficult functions in national life. We are like fellow-travellers crossing a difficult country. Obviously, if one is injured you cannot leave him to die. It may be said that all this is very nice, but it is not business; that it is not practicable to introduce into business, with all its stern realities of world competition, such human considerations. Can any nation grow or maintain its position among civilised communities who allows its industry to be dehumanised? Broad-minded human consideration that cannot be excluded from the organisation of a State cannot be excluded from industry, which is at the centre of the State."

OBITUARY.

MR. JOHN FEGAN.

Mr. Robert Fegan, J.P., Chairman of the Bangor Urban Council, died last night, aged 73 years. He was present at a meeting of the County Down Regional Education Committee in Belfast on Friday. He was Chairman of the Urban Council for the past three years, and a member of the Council for 15 years.

THE REV. THOMAS CHARLES WILLIAMS.

The Rev. Dr. Thomas Charles Williams, the eminent Welsh preacher, died suddenly yesterday in his chair at his home in Menai Bridge.

BAN ON COMMUNISTS.

LABOUR EXTREMISTS TO RE-OPEN QUESTION.

The extremist section of the Labour Party mean to try to re-open the question of the ban on Communists at the conference which opens at Blackpool this morning. They will find their opportunity upon the report of the Executive, which records that ten local Labour parties have been disaffiliated for failing to carry out the Liverpool decision.

The left wing will also try to get a discussion on their "real Socialist programme," which includes the abolition of the British Empire.

The decisions arrived at by the conference will constitute the next election programme of the Labour Party. The most significant of the Executive resolutions proposes a graduated surtax on all incomes from property and investments of over five hundred pounds a year. This is in substitution for the capital levy, and it is claimed that eighty-five million pounds a year may be netted from this surtax. Another question to be discussed is whether the Party colours should be a pure red or a mixture.

TORCH-BEARERS ATTACK MOTORISTS.

INCIDENTS AT MULHEIM.

MULHEIM (RUHR), Friday.

The Reichsbannerleute—supporters of the Republican Black-Red-Gold flag—take themselves very seriously, especially when indulging in a torch-light procession. On such occasions, which are very numerous in Germany, one sees the goose-step in excelsis.

The torch-bearing Reichsbannerleute of Mulheim, in the Ruhr (a colliery and iron-working town), were, therefore, very annoyed when the police "broke" the procession in order to allow a motor car to pass through the ranks, as, of course, they had a perfect right to do.

Casting their torches aside, and forgetting their dignified bearing, they stopped the motor car, dragged the chauffeur from his seat and the two occupants from inside and thrashed them so mercilessly that their lives are in danger.

They then discovered that one of the victims was a priest, who is President of the German Federation of Evangelical Workers' Unions, while the other was a manufacturer of Remscheid, who was one of their chief supporters.—(Reuter.)

CURE FOR COMMUNISM.

SINGING AND FOLK DANCING.

Speaking at the Reading Teachers' Conference last Saturday, Mr. Arthur Somervell, Mus. Doc., Principal Inspector of Music to the Board of Education, said that music had been the Cinderella of the curriculum of the schools of the country for many years. It was just beginning to wake up, but even now the teaching of music in the schools was chaotic. If there was more singing of the old songs and more folk dancing there would be far less Communism in the country. Communism thrived on unhappiness and discontent, and he defied anyone who folk-danced to be unhappy or discontented.

Asked his opinion of jazz, Dr. Somervell said that he loathed it as vicious and degraded. Those who danced jazz seemed degraded and miserable.

THE OAK AND BEANSTALK.

GENERAL SIR IAN HAMILTON AND WAR.

Addressing a gathering of past and present pupils at Glasgow High School last Saturday, when inaugurating a war memorial and a sports pavilion, General Sir Ian Hamilton said that, so long as the world's statesmanship could not agree on such a matter as the limitation of cruisers, they must train.

"But, for heaven's sake," added the General, "let each of us do his best against war. We have been told that peace must come gradually as an acorn grows into an oak. But an oak takes one hundred years to reach maturity.

"I prefer the fairy tale of Jack the giant killer, who planted a bean and spificated the giant with his own hand, not with that of his greatgrandson."

NATIONAL BANK MALE CLERKS.
Exam. announced for 9th Feby., 1928. During 1926, 21 National Bank Clerkships were gained by Students of SKERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin. BEST RESULT. Oral and Correspondence classes.
—(Advt.)

BISHOPS' PASTORAL

(Continued from Page 7, Column 2.)

or sensual desires. Each one is bound by charity not to be directly or indirectly the cause of another's fall. The Holy Father himself has expressed his abhorrence of the semi-nude forms of dress. One may well pray for the coming of a day when Irish standards will be adopted both in apparel and in amusement, and also when true Celtic refinement will expel from our shores all these debasing fashions in dress and forms of pastime which minister to the lowest instincts.

Regarding the right of private property, the archbishops and bishops say that taking what belongs to another or retaining it against his reasonable opposition, refusal to pay just debts, dishonesty in private dealings, fraud, deceit and all things calculated to do injury to the neighbour in his property are forbidden by the law of reason as well as by that of Revelation.

SOCIAL OBLIGATIONS.

Directing attention to social obligations, they point out that between the State, or society and its members there are reciprocal duties and obligations. Rulers and subjects are bound as parts to promote the good of the whole community.

"There is," it adds, "a conscientious obligation resting on each individual subject and arising from the Divine ordinance to do his part to bring about the well-being of the entire community. Legal justice as well as ordinary citizenship demands all this, and duty is violated not only by positive injury to the property of the State, but also by failure to bear one's reasonable share of civic responsibility. Distributive justice, on the other hand, may be violated by partiality or undue favour in the allocation of public offices by infringement of the people's rights or by unjust laws.

Touching on the subject of labour and capital, the address announces that should disputes arise they may be adjusted in a way that is equitable to all parties by application of the maxims of prudence and common-sense enunciated in the Encyclical Letters published during the reign of Pontiff Leo XIII. The signatories were hopeful, however, that in this country, where schemes for fostering our industries and developing our resources deserve so much to be encouraged, mutual good-will will prevail among all casses to the avoidance of conflicts that are ruinous to every legitimate interest.

EDUCATION.

"Education on an undenominational basis," the address says, "involves certain restrictions on religious teaching. But in years past in practice the character of our primary, as of our secondary schools, from a religious point of view, depends mainly upon ourselves, and there is no ground for complaint in the greater part of Ireland. The secondary schools are in the main conducted by religious or religious bodies, while in our primary schools the teachers co-operate in the most praiseworthy manner with the clergy in carrying out the regulations made for religious instruction."

"Year by year the diocesan examiners, who inspect the primary schools in each diocese, have nothing but words of ungrudging praise to offer in regard to the way the religious training of the children is conducted. The same holds for the searching examinations in religion held in the secondary schools.

"In the domain of higher education the constituent colleges of the National University are also on an undenominational basis. Only by private effort and the good-will of the governing bodies can we make provision in them for religion on behalf of the students and staff who desire to avail of its teaching and services. Our people and the governing bodies have been, and are, willing to do their part in all sincerity.

"The prohibition, as regards Catholics, against non-Catholic colleges, issued by the last Plenary Synod of Maynooth, had not been revoked. Catholic parents, therefore, were once more reminded of the responsibility they incur in the sight of God by deliberately disregarding this solemn admonition of the Church. We were hearing the time, and had already practically reached it, when the child of the humblest in the land who is blessed with special talent can attain a leading profession, or, what is better, position best suited to his ability without imposing any great burden on his family.

AGRICULTURE.

"At the moment, the great need is to train adepts who will take a hand in promoting the agricultural, commercial, and other industrial interests of the country on sound economic lines. Whatever contributes to increase the national wealth by the development of our resources, and thus checks the flow of emigration, from which our unhappy country is literally bleeding to death, deserves the heartiest encouragement. Schemes are already in progress for the drainage and reclamation of land, for the improvement of stock, for placing farm products on the market in proper condition, for giving healthy homes to the worker, and economic holdings to the tillers of the soil.

"These various projects, and many others, destined to enhance individual comfort and promote the general weal, will be carried forward to complete success only if each one who has any part in their execution gives evidence of earnest and conscientious endeavour. Good use of the resources of the country and good dwellings for the workers are essential to progress. Education in every form and under every aspect is an asset of such value that it is nothing short of criminal not to avail of the advantages within reach. From among our own people illiteracy is being banished, and the coming generation will taste of intellectual pleasures denied their forbears."

THE COMMANDMENTS.

Reviewing some aspects of life in recent years which called for special notice, the address states that amid so much that is consoling, here and there in recent years there has been a sad falling away in regard to some of the Commandments. It would be a miracle if it were otherwise. Tyranny and oppression destroy the law-abiding spirit. Agrarian agitation, however necessary, has its own crimes, and tends to blunt the edge of justice. But when it comes to revolution and reprisals on both sides, and civil war, horrible deeds are done, with or without the pretext of authority, that confuse conscience, if they do not altogether debauch the moral sense of some of the participants; the criminal class are given the opportunity of their lives, and the young, who grow up in a wild time, are left without sufficient reverence for law or authority of any kind.

"That the mass of our people remain sound after such an ordeal is due to the mercy of God, the prayers of St. Patrick, and their own piety and goodness. But neither pastors nor people can rest content so long as there is any portion of the flock suffering deterioration from a period of turmoil. Let the 5th and 6th, the 7th and 8th Commandments command everywhere and with us all the obedience that is their due. The unquestioned honesty of the family, the delicate chastidy of the maiden, the manly truthfulness of the youth were, and ever should continue to be, the pearls beyond price of Irish life and the guerdons everywhere of Ireland's reputation.

MURDER AND PERJURY.

"A single murder, destroying the Divine gift of life and hurling a human soul before the Judgment Seat of God, used to appal, and should continue to appal, the conscience of the whole country from north to south.

"Like murder, perjury is an awful crime that draws down the vengeance of God upon the offender. He who swears an oath should stand in 'truth, in judgment, and in justice' for to call God to witness a lie or a false promise is a terrible outrage on the God of truth. In all the relations of life let us, as Christians and as free men, have nothing to do with telling lies, which is the vice of slaves, and especially let us ever remember the sanctity of the oaths we take when we invoke the Name of God Almighty, the Judge of the living and the dead.

"When earnest men debate public questions it is inevitable that divergence, and even disagreement, should appear. Difference of disposition, of training, of points of view, leads to a variety of opinions, and as a consequence to a divergence of judgment on what the public good may require. There is room even for a difference of principle within the bounds set by reason and religion, and no one will say that the well-being of the community is not served when men enjoy rational freedom to do their best in their own way.

BANISH RANCOUR.

"Parties in opposition to one another there must be. But party zeal and frank criticism is one thing, rancour towards opponents and vituperation quite another, and with all the authority of this holy Synod, as pastors of the whole flock, and in honour of the saints of Ireland, we appeal to all our people and to every one of them to cast out for ever the spirit of rancour and animosity wherever it has found a lodgment, the spirit of hatred and vengeance that has been the bane of Ireland throughout the centuries, and put in its place the spirit of forbearance and conciliation, of good-will and brotherly love that alone can make the nation great before God or man, or give other nations reason to say, 'Behold a wise and understanding people.'

"All the world over it has been a time, in an unusual degree, of pleasure-seeking and frivolity, of self-indulgence and want of control, of betting and gambling and unworthy dances, of the spendthrift spirit that makes men so reckless as to live beyond their means in the midst of plenty, of lack of seriousness in the pursuit of life, if it be not the seriousness of desperate deeds. In the train of the Great War much harm came to the average man everywhere. Illegality leads to breaches of the Commandments, and revolution ever brings an unloosing of moral restraints.

EARLY MARRIAGE.

"Among the social customs of a people there is none better for its life and character than the custom of early marriages. They are the safeguard of the Commandments and the reliance of the State, not least where the resources of the State are not sufficiently developed. Such marriages are not improvident. They have the blessing of the God of nature and of grace upon them. The hope and courage, the sincerity and devotion of early united life are associated with Christian ways and Christian principles, and, while parents should be consulted about the marriages of their children, neither parents nor family combines should be allowed to defeat the natural and reasonable rights of the young.

PARTITION.

"To whatever causes the partition of Ireland may be attributed, the result of that deplorable measure is to place the Catholics of the Six Counties under a purely Protestant Government. If anyone dreamt of protection under the Treaty for the minority in the North-East, it was a sad illusion. Whatever safeguards minorities may enjoy under proportional representation, that system has been abolished as regards local government representation, and is gravely threatened in Parliamentary elections.

"What is worse, the local government areas have been so arranged that there is no such thing for Catholics as representation in proportion to their numbers. Lastly, under the Education Act, there are no building grants for schools, or long as the parish priest retains the management, whereas such grants are available for every religious denomination in the Free State, as they were throughout Ireland under the old National Board.

"It is perfectly true that, were it not for our divisions, these grievances, or some of them, would not exist now or ever. But it is also true that Government is responsible for their enactment and their continuance, and certainly their removal, if we might hope for it, would contribute to foster good-will and promote the peace and harmony upon which the public weal so much depends.

"How often," ask the Archbishops and Bishops, "have the Saviour's words come true, that they who take the sword shall perish by the sword. How often, too, has it happened that the hand that would strike a blow for the land of its love has only succeeded in plunging the fatal weapon more deeply into the heart of the beloved! Here and there of late the spirit born of hatred and strife seems to cut across the high purpose that apparently has been assigned our nation in the counsels of the Most High. Brother is arrayed against brother, charity is set at naught, the sanctity of oaths profaned, and the tenderness of human life disregarded. Heavy with sorrow though our hearts are, yet we, who know and love our country's manhood, would fain forbear to indulge in rebuke or censure, well knowing how loyal our people, as a whole, are to God's law. Rather would we, in the fervour of our souls, implore the merciful God to forget the evil we may have done in moments of passionate thoughtlessness, and only remember the claims our beloved country may have on the Divine forbearance and forgiveness."

The pastoral address is signed by

PATRICK, CARDINAL O'DONNELL, Archbishop of Armagh and Primate of All Ireland, Delegate Apostolic.
EDWARD JOSEPH, Archbishop of Dublin and Primate of Ireland.
JOHN, Archbishop of Cashel.
THOMAS P., Archbishop of Tuam.
ABRAHAM, Bishop of Ossory.
ROBERT, Bishop of Clonfert.
MICHAEL, Bishop of Killaloe.
LAURENCE, Bishop of Meath.
PATRICK, Bishop of Clogher.
PATRICK, Bishop of Kilmore.
PATRICK, Bishop of Achonry.
JAMES, Bishop of Killala.
DANIEL, Bishop of Cork.
JOSEPH, Bishop of Down and Connor.
BERNARD, Bishop of Waterford.
EDWARD, Bishop of Dromore.
WILLIAM, Bishop of Ferns.
THOMAS, Bishop of Galway.
EDWARD, Bishop of Elphin.
WILLIAM, Bishop of Raphoe.
DAVID, Bishop of Limerick.
JOHN, Bishop of Clonfert.
JAMES, Bishop of Ross.
BERNARD, Bishop of Derry.
MATTHEW, Bishop of Kildare.
MICHAEL, Bishop of Kerry.
JAMES, Bishop of Ardagh.
MAURUS O'FIHELAN, Abbot of Mellefay.
P. JUSTIN MCCARTHY, Abbot of St. Joseph's, Roscrea.

GERMAN LIGHTER LOST.

CREW OF SEVEN DROWNED.

OSLO, Saturday.

A German oil lighter, the name of which is still unknown, ran ashore near Bergen this morning. All efforts to save the crew of seven proved fruitless owing to the high seas which were running, and all were washed overboard.

Up to the present two bodies have been recovered.

Later advice give the name of the vessel as "Theodor." She came from Hull, and was chartered by the Anglo-Saxon Petroleum Oil Company. Her home port is uncertain.—(Reuter.)

SOLDIER WOUNDED IN DUBLIN.

SET ON BY ARMED MEN.

Private Brennan, of the Free State Army, while walking to a girl in Erin lane, Harold's Cross, last Friday night, was "held up" by two armed men. One of them drew a revolver, and Brennan, who was in civilian attire, attempted to get hold of the weapon. While doing so a shot went off, and wounded the soldier in the finger, but not seriously. The two assailants made off. Descriptions of them have been circulated to the police. No arrest, so far, has been made.

ARTIFICIAL PROPAGATION OF SALMON.

The Blackwater Fishery Conservators received on Thursday from the Department of Fisheries a copy of a certificate authorising the Duke of Devonshire to capture spawning fish for the purpose of artificial propagation. The Conservators decided to apply for a similar authority for propagation in connection with the Mallow and Banteer hatcheries.

RECENT WILL.

DOWAGER COUNTESS SONDES.

The Rt. Hon. Charlotte, Dowager Countess Sondes, of Bronley, Faversham, Kent, a well-known amateur artist, who died on June 25rd last, aged 92 years, widow of the first Earl Sondes, and eldest daughter of the late Sir Henry Stracey, 8th baronet, left unsettled property in her own disposition of the gross value of £234,001 6s. 4d., with net personalty £23,172 16s. 6d. She left £50 to the Sheldwich Church Restoration Fund; a large sideboard at Bronley, by Grinling Gibbons, to the Hon. Henry Milles, of Nash Court, Faversham, to devolve as an heirloom; £1,000 each to her daughters, Lady Constance Gore and Lady Violet Hordern; £50 to Gladys Gore, and subject to certain life interests £2,000 each to her said two daughters and her son, Earl Sondes, and £500 to George Goodwin.

The Most Rev. Dr. Dignan, Bishop of Clonfert, left Loughrea last Saturday for Rome.

DOCTOR AND HIS PATIENT.

GREAT PHYSICIAN'S ADVICE TO STUDENTS.

"The whole truth should not always, in the light of human fallibility and his best interests, be communicated to the patient," said Sir Humphrey Rolleston, Regius Professor of Physic, at Cambridge, in his address to students at the opening of the Winter Session at St. George's Hospital, London, on Saturday.

"Thus a death sentence, given bluntly on what may prove to have been insufficient grounds, benefit neither the patient nor the doctor. It is well to remember that a doctor's dictum is not forgotten easily by his audience, and, so, though often pressed for a premature opinion, it is wise to refrain from speculative phophecy, which, of all mistakes, is the most gratuitous. In making mistakes, as inevitably all must, it is better to err on the side of optimism than of pessimism.

"Knowledge of man and women is of the utmost importance in the treatment of the sick. Though, like most epigrams, 'one quarter of *savoir* and three-quarters of *savoir-faire* make the successful practitioner,' may be an exaggeration; there can be no doubt of the value of the personal equation in gaining the confidence of patients, their relations and professional brethren. A man should, of course, have the requisite professional knowledge, but he must also be able to make full use of his acquirements. This necessary personality is not shown by a bedside manner, with a suggestion of pompous superiority; it is the result of getting inside the patients' minds so as to think their thoughts, feel their feelings, and thus understand their mentality and anxieties so thoroughly, that the medical man is obviously their friend, with their interests so entirely at heart that nothing else counts. This is not an actor's mask, but the outward and visible expression of true charity and forgetfulness of self."

Sir Humphrey said that it was not enough to regard the patient as a machine out of order and an interesting problem in pathology. The man, as well as his malady, must be studied, in order to be properly treated, and there must be calmness without coldness, decision without dour dogmatism, friendliness—but firmness.

MR. MACDONALD HECKLED.

LIVELY MEETING AT BLACKPOOL.

When Mr. Macdonald was returning to the Labour Party's scheme for a super-tax on unearned income over £500 a year at a demonstration at Blackpool yesterday in connection with the annual conference of the party, someone asked: "Who owns the National Savings Certificates?" Mr. Macdonald replied: "The people who have to pay a high price for their food, and who pay the interest on these certificates out of their breakfast table. (Cheers.) You have neither the courage nor the honesty to make those who have made profits out of the war pay it." (Cheers.)

The interrupter then asked Mr. Macdonald how, when you touch capitalists' pockets, when the excitement had subsided Mr. Macdonald said: "This is a simple illustration of how, when you touch certain people's pockets, they lose their temper.

SCHNEIDER CUP VICTORS

ARRIVAL IN LONDON.

Owing to the unfavourable weather, not more than 2,000 people assembled at Croydon, London, on Saturday to greet the winners of the Schneider Cup. The team left Le Bourget (near Paris) at 11.50 a.m., and arrived at Croydon at 2.20 p.m.

The Air Minister, Sir Samuel Hoare, was unable to be present, but Air Marshal Sir John Salmond and members of the Air Council were at Croydon to greet the British victors.

A squadron of "Grebes," or fighting aeroplanes, escorted the liner, and it and the escorting machines approached in arrow formation. When the machines touched earth there was a great rush to greet the airmen. Sir Philip Sassoon had great difficulty in meeting them, but a way was made through the crowd, and the usual greetings took place.

THE MINING INDUSTRY.

LABOUR PARTY'S PROGRAMME.

A lengthey resolution on the subject of unemployment in the mining industry, to be proposed by Mr. Ramsay Macdonald and seconded by Mr. Herbert Smith, will be discussed by the Labour Party Conference at Blackpool this week.

Deploring the absence of any constructive policy from the owners or the Government to deal with the situation, the resolution declares that mines nationalisation, the development of coal treatment, and reorganisation of the distributive processes are essential to the industry's prosperity and an adequate standard of life for mine workers.

The resolution then sets out a programme for the amelioration of existing conditions, which includes the repeal of the Eight Hours Act, the raising of the school leaving age, the cessation of recruitment of outside adult labour, the provision of superannuation allowances for mine workers of sixty and upwards, adequate maintenance on national funds, free of poor law and local rates for those for whom work is not available, and the establishment of coal-selling agencies.

THE CURE FOR CRIME.

AMERICAN ADVOCATE'S OPINION.

"If man had the common, ordinary intelligence to deal with criminality, as they do with disease or any other menace to life, we would get rid of almost all of it, and we will never do it in any other way," said Mr. Clarence Darrow, the American advocate at the Guildhouse, Eccleston square, London, yesterday. Mr. Darrow defended Leopold and Loeb in the Tennesse case.

"Punishment does not make any difference," he said. "The whole thing is a myth, a delusion and a snare."

The title of his address, "Criminal Justice," was not of his own choosing. He would never have chosen it, because he did not know the meaning of the word "criminal," and because nobody ever had, or ever would have, any appreciation of the word "justice." The legal definition of "criminal" was someone who had done something in breach of the law and had been convicted. If he had done it, but had not been convicted he would not be a criminal. Obedience to the law never was any great virtue. Law was wrong because some legislative body had said it was wrong.

"You can hardly tell by reading the statutes what is the law. You would not know until you had read the opinions of the judges what the statutes meant. Some people say that you can tell what is right or wrong by religion; but there are twenty or thirty religions at least, and how are you to determine the right religion? Religion is a good deal like the law. You cannot tell what it means; and religion has caused more war and killing than any other subject. Then conscience is a state of mind, and people have all sorts of states of mind, if they have any kind at all."

HEREDITY AND ENVIRONMENT.

Mr. Darrow proceeded: "A man is bad if he does not do what everybody else does; that is all. Being good means staying in the path; crime means getting out of the line of the bunch, and when a man gets away from the bunch he should be punished. But why? To punish a person when no good can come of it is barbarous and simply tortures. Heredity and environment affect human beings. We are the result of an infinity of accidents. Nearly half the people are born with less intellectual capacity than the normal person, and when one is less than average you know he is pretty low down.

"It is perfectly clear," he declared, "that crime is simply taking a different road from the rest, and the only care for it is edunation, something to do, forming habits and a better distribution of property. Nobody ought to leave school without having some means of making his living. Nobody would commit crime if they could be lawyers, or doctors, or even capitalists."

WORK FOR ALL IN CANADA.

FAVOURABLE TRADE BALANCE.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
OTTAWA, Sunday.

The healthy economic position of the Dominion is reflected in the employment situation on September 1, when the employment index number stood at 109.7, which is higher than in any month since the compilation of this index began seven years ago. Every form of industrial employments showed marked gains when the corresponding dates of preceding years. Increases in the number of workers actually employed over the same month in the preceding three years were 48,000, 133,000 and 166,000 respectively. This is particularly striking in view of the fact that agricultural workers are excluded from the calculations, and, with the present good harvest, the number employed in harvesting is probably the largest employed in the history of Canada.

The present situation is that work is available for everybody desirous of working. The physical volume of business is being well maintained in virtually all branches.

Canadian trade during the twelve months ended last August yielded a favourable balance of £36,000,000, derived from imports to the value of £213,400,000 and exports to the value of £249,400,000. Imports from the United Kingdom totalled £34,600,000, compared with £32,600,000 for the preceding twelve months, while exports to the United Kingdom totalled £87,500,000, compared with £99,800,000 for last year.

AMERICAN'S ESTATE.

ENGLISH BENEFICIARIES.

NEW YORK, Saturday.

Four Englishwomen are the chief beneficiaries under the estate of Mr. Ross W. Wakefield, an American, who died in England last year.

His widow, Mrs. Hilda Wakeman, of Bexley, Kent, receives a life interest in £19,500, and his mother, Mrs. Charlotte Wakeman, of Trowbridge, Wiltshire, a life interest in £26,500. One sister, Mrs. Mary Shaw, of Trowbridge, receives £14,250, and another sister, Mrs. Edyth Doley, of Bournemouth, a similar amount.

TO STOP WAR.

MEXICO SUPPORTS SANTIAGO PROPOSAL.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
MEXICO CITY, Saturday.

The Mexican Senate has approved the proposal made at the Pan-American Conference at Santiago de Chile in 1923, for Treaties between the American nations, including the United States, to prevent armed conflicts by providing that no American nation shall break off relations with or declare war against another nation without first submitting its differences for arbitration by delegates from five other American nations.

This approval was voted, although the Mexican Government was not represented, at the 1923 Conference.

DRAMA OF THE SEA.

FOUR DEATHS ON FRENCH CARGO VESSEL.

PARIS, Saturday.

The story of a tragic drama on a French cargo vessel in the Tropics is told in this morning's *Matin*. This ship, the Beau Soleil, was on her way to Pointe Noire in French West Africa. As she was approaching the Gabon coast, on September 25, the second mate mounted the bridge carrying a revolver, and, without a word of explanation, shot the captain dead. He next shot the wireless operator, who had rushed up on hearing the detonation, and afterwards jumped into the sea and was drowned.

Some days previously the chief engineer had died of some mysterious complaint, which nobody was able to diagnose. Short of officers, the Beau Soleil took refuge in the nearest port.—(Reuter.)

SALE OF GREAT CANADIAN NEWSPAPER.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
TORONTO, Saturday.

The sale of the *Mail and Empire* to a Montreal group of business men, headed by Mr. J. W. Killam, is announced today. The price is understood to be in the neighbourhood of two million dollars (£400,000). The *Empire* is the leading Conservative newspaper in Canada. The new managing editor is Mr. John Scott, hitherto managing editor of the *Toronto Gazette*.

BATTLE RAGES ALL NIGHT.

RENEWED FIGHTING IN NORTH CHINA.

PEKING, Sunday.

A message from Suanhwa (between Peking and Kalgan) states that the sound of heavy artillery and rifle fire was heard there coming from the north during the whole of last night. Serious hostilities, therefore, appear to have broken out between the Shansi and Fengtien forces.

General Chang Tsung-Chang, General Yang Yu-ting, and other Ankuochun (northern alliance) leaders are hastening to Peking. A conference will be held early to-morrow, and it is expected that war against Shansi will be decided upon.

It is understood that Marshal Chang Tso-lin is issuing a *sub-judice* order against General Yen Hsi-shan this evening.

[Note—The relations between the troops of Marshal Chang Tso-lin, the Fengtien ruler, and those of Yen Hsi-shan, the Tachun of Shansi, have been strained since the spring, when the threat of the Shansi authorities to cut communications was the main cause of the northern withdrawal from Honan just when they appeared to be defeating the Nationalists. Recently there was fighting between the two sides near Kalgan, but it was thought that the affair had been patched up, as General Yen Hsi-shan stated that it was only due to a local misunderstanding and that he was taking steps to put matters right. The northerners, however, sent a wire on Friday embodying certain demands, and the present fighting is apparently the outcome of this ultimatum.]

FROM FUNERAL TO FIGHT.

REVOLVER BATTLE IN STREET.

NEW YORK, Friday.

In a drama comparable to the most exciting of screen "thrillers" the police this afternoon prevented a daring pay-roll robbery in a populous section of Brooklyn.

A clergyman was reading the funeral Service over the body of a dead patrolman, while six of his comrades stood with bared heads around the coffin, when suddenly a volley of shots was heard. The startled mourners dashed unceremoniously from the undertaker's in time to observe a blue motor car getting under way fifty yards down the street under the fire of a policeman.

It appeared that a few minutes earlier the car had drawn up in front of a local bank, just as a messenger for large works in the vicinity had drawn more than two thousand pounds in cash to pay the employes. The gunmen ordered him to hand over the money, but Constable Rhode, who was guarding the messenger, replied with a hail of bullets which drove the bandits in confusion back to their car, which immediately raced off down the street.

It was at this moment that the six mourners appeared. They quickly joined in the fusillade, running after the motor car as they fired until the machine, badly driven by its driver, struck an ice wagon in a head-on collision. The bandits were flung out in all directions, but they quickly picked themselves up and scuttled away as fast as possible before the approaching squad of panting policemen. All of them managed to escape save one less nimble youth, who fell into the clutches of his perspiring pursuers.—(Reuter.)

NEW GUNS FOR THE U.S. ARMY.

WEAPONS PERFECTED SINCE THE WAR.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Sunday.

New weapons, far superior to those used by the American Army during the world war, have been developed by the Ordnance branch of the United States War Department. The predominant characteristics of the new weapons over the old are increased ranges, heavier projectiles and greater mobility.

While the United States has not progressed so far as European armies, especially the British Army, in the mechanisation of its fighting equipment, inquiry reveals unusually important advances in the development of the new artillery weapons. Two outstanding examples in the artillery weapons are the 75 millimetre gun and the 75 millimetre pack howitzer. Other improved weapons include a new 155 millimetre field gun and the 75 millimetre pack split trail, an improved 37 millimetre infantry weapon, a new trench mortar, two new 3-inch anti-aircraft guns and a 14-inch howitzer.

NEW FIELD GUN.

The American 75 millimetre field gun, while weighing more than the famous French 75 millimetre field gun used so widely during the war, has a much greater range and a wider field of fire. Where the old weapons had a maximum range of 9,

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A NOVENA OF MASSES will be offered in November for deceased Relatives and Friends of Helpers.
REV. P. J. RYAN, P.P.

NEW TELEPHONE SERVICE TO CANADA.

The Postmaster-General announces the inauguration at 3 p.m. (British time) to-day of a telephone service between Great Britain and Canada.

The service will be available daily between the hours of 12.30 p.m. and 11 p.m. (British time), and will, for the present, be restricted to calls between subscribers in the London telephone area and subscribers in Ottawa, Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, and Hamilton (Ontario).

The charge will be £15 for a call of three minutes' duration, and £5 for each additional minute or part thereof, and the procedure and conditions generally will be the same as in the American telephone service.

At a later stage communication will be extended to other parts of the Dominion of Canada.

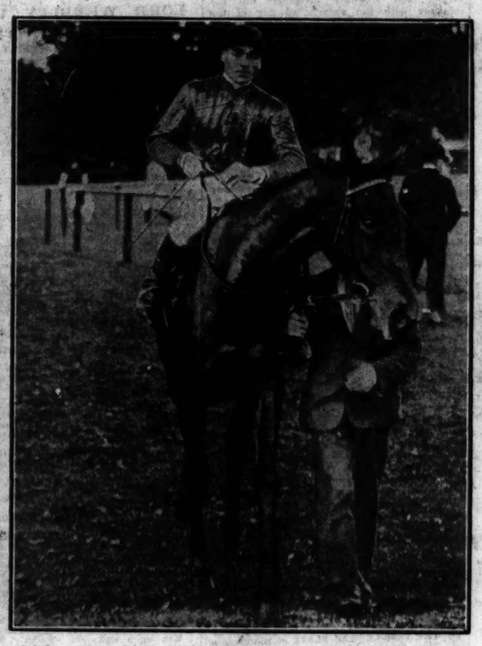
OPENING OF RUGBY SEASON: PHŒNIX PARK RACES.

O'Reilly (Lansdowne) finds touch when hard pressed in the match against Dublin University at the College Park.

A Lansdowne player well tackled when about to pass.

Mrs. Kennedy and the Hon. Mrs. Dowhurst at the Phœnix Park Races.

Mr. J. T. Rogers's Sparsholt winning the Trim Plate at the Phœnix Park Races.



Mr. C. J. Ball's Quick Toy, winner of the La Touche Plate at the Phœnix Park Races.

The crowd rushing to greet Flight-Lieutenant Webster and the other members of the Schneider Cup team at Croydon Aerodrome.

Flight-Lieutenant Kinkead, Sir Philip Sassoon, Flight-Lieutenant Webster and Flight-Lieutenant Worsley at Croydon.

Lady Decies, Lord Decies, the Hon. Gland Asquith, Miss Asquith and Miss Nancy Bressey at the Gymkhana, organised at Whitfield, Waterford, by Lady Susan Dawsay, in aid of the Kilmeaden Jubilee Nurses.

Lieutenant-General Sir Hugh Jeudwin, who is retiring from his post as Director-General of the Territorial Army.

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WRECKED ON PLEASURE TRIP

EXPERIENCE OF A MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Godfrey Dalrymple White, M.P. for Southport, with Lady White, Miss Merial and Master Henry White, arrived at Liverpool yesterday morning in the White Star liner Albertic after a two months' holiday in Canada, during which they were wrecked on the coast of Alaska.

Sir Godfrey said that they joined the pleasure steamer Princess Charlotte at Prince Rupert for a ten days' cruise of the Pacific Coast. One of the ports of call was Skagway, where they made a short tour of Yukon territory, and shortly after leaving it and whilst making the difficult course through the Wrangell Narrows, they encountered a dense fog and ran on to a reef. The rock was not jagged, but the steamer grounded heavily, bursting the oil tanks, losing all her fuel, and, being unable to use her pumps, became helpless.

This occurred about nine o'clock in the evening. By midnight the tide began to rise, and at four a.m. the steamer floated off the rock. Her wireless was picked up by the United States Survey vessel, Explorer, and an hour later she came up and took off all the passengers, numbering about 250, and brought them to Vancouver.

"After the first two or three minutes," added Sir Godfrey, "the passengers showed remarkable composure. Though we were only about four miles from land, it was the calm seas and good weather conditions that saved us from what might have been a nasty experience."

SALONIKA COMRADES' REUNION IN LONDON.

WREATHS PLACED ON THE CENOTAPH.

Over a thousand men and two divisions of nursing sisters and V.A.D.'s who served in Salonika during the war attended the Salonika Comrades' Reunion at the House Guards' Parade, London, yesterday. After the inspection by General Sir George Milne and a brief Service by the Rev. H. M. Webb Peploe, chaplain to the British Salonika Forces, the parade marched to the Cenotaph, where wreaths from the Salonika Reunion Association, the Army of the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, the British Legion of the Irish Free State, the Greek Army and Navy, and one with the French inscription "From the French Army to its British comrades," were placed.

ENGLISH RAILWAY'S NEW CHIEF OFFICERS.

The Press Association is officially informed by the London and North-Eastern Railway Company that Sir John Nicholson, chief engineer for docks, will retire at the end of the year, but, at the desire of the directors, will remain as consulting engineer for docks for a period of two years.

Mr. J. A. Wickham, assistant general manager (Parliamentary) and industrial agent, has been appointed chief engineer for docks in succession to Sir John Nicholson. He will be responsible for the docks in the North-Eastern area and at Grimsby and Immingham. Mr. H. Allaway, at present Continental traffic manager (North), has been appointed assistant general manager (shipping). He will be located at King's Cross Station, but will continue to carry on his existing duties in connection with the Humber shipping services. Mr. W. H. Teasdale, at present advertising manager, has been appointed assistant general manager (Parliamentary) and industrial agent. The new appointments will take effect as from January 1st next.

DUBLIN ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY.

An interesting programme has been arranged by the Dublin Orchestral Society for the first concert of the present season, to be held in the Theatre Royal next Saturday. Dvorak's great Symphony, "From the New World," written by him during his residence in America, is of a peculiar and beautiful sweetness, the themes of the different movements being constructed on imitative negro melodies. This Symphony is one of the last great works of the nineteenth century. Another number of great interest will be Liszt's Concerto in E flat for pianoforte and orchestra, the solo pianist being Mr. Frederick Dawson. The booking for the concert opens to-day at the Theatre Royal.

VULGARISING MUSIC.

HOW IT IS DONE IN RUSSIA.

"Some of the attempts to popularise music would be better described as 'to vulgarise,'" said Sir Henry Hadow at the dinner of the British Federation of Musical Festivals at Bath last night. The Federation was against any lowering of the standard. He objected to any antitheses being drawn between what was popular and what was good, and he pointed to the moral of the democratisation of music in Russia, where the instruments advocated were sirens, steam whistles, firearms and artillery, all doing the same thing, with an anonymous commissar on the roof conducting by means of flags. This, he said, was done to enable concerts to be heard over miles and miles by the entire populace, because concerts in halls created class distinctions between those who were fortunate enough to get in and those who were not.

RETAIL MOTOR INDUSTRY.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

In the early days of motoring filling stations did not exist, and garages, as a rule, were far from being the imposing establishments that they have become. Points at which the motorist could replenish his supplies of petrol and oil were few and far between. It was, therefore, necessary that those places be plainly marked. To meet this need the distributing companies supplied enamelled iron signs, in sharply-contrasting colours. But, with the increase in motoring, garages and filling stations have multiplied until they are now found in the smallest villages, and even in the open country on important roads.

Furthermore, all such places now are plainly evident, and would be so even without signs. Changes in the methods of distributing oil and petrol have taken care of that. The petrol pump and oil cabinet are sufficient indication to the motorist of petrol and oil being available. So enamelled iron signs, once a utility, through changed conditions have become superfluous. Anyone who values the beauty of the countryside would be glad to see the last of them. Many a village street is made hideous by their glaring clash of colours.

The Shell people have announced that they propose to take down all their signs, with the exception of necessary designations on petrol pumps and oil cabinets. It is to be hoped that the other companies will follow this lead, as they did in the case of roadside signs, which were all removed some years ago.

Of course the removal of garage signs on the part of these companies means "scrapping" a fortune, for, in the aggregate, they must have cost hundreds of thousands of pounds. But it will be a fortune well "scrapped." If all are taken down no company will lose sales. Under present conditions they simply cancel each other in their clamouring competition. A countryside with no crudely-coloured enamelled iron in it will make motoring more attractive than ever and remove a long-standing reproach against the retail motor industry.

EXCURSIONIST WINS MOTOR CAR FOR A SHILLING.

When Mr. Fred Rose, Malton Mowbray, went to Skegness by excursion for a few hours by the sea during the recent season, he bought a shilling ticket in a ballot for a motor car, the proceeds of which were in aid of the Skegness Cottage Hospital. On Saturday Councillor H. Thornton, Mayor of Skegness, announced that Mr. Rose was the winner of the car.

17,000 people took part in the competition, and the hospital benefited by £700.

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RACING PROSPECTS.

Newmarket Sales and the Bloodstock Industry: Masked Ruler's Cesarewitch Chances: Nebulous Cambridgeshire Plans.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, Sunday Night.

Several breeders, I am afraid, left Newmarket on Friday a little disappointed with the prices at the yearling sales throughout the four days, and some pessimists were suggesting that a slump in bloodstock has set in. There is no real foundation for such a suggestion, but it would be folly to close one's eyes to the fact that there is some set-back. This does not apply to the best lots, but it does, I think, apply to the second grade lots. The demand for these showed signs of weakening at Newmarket in July last, and it was more marked last week. There was no kick in the market, and the auctioneers had to work very hard to coax bids. It was distinctly a buyers' rather than a sellers' market, and the chronic bargain hunter was generally well pleased with himself.

It is possible that high-water mark in the bloodstock market may have been reached last year, and that we are now getting a slight reaction from the boom years, which is a common phenomenon in every branch of trade and commerce. The curve which has been steadily upward ever since the war may now be stationary, or tending a little downwards for a time, but one thing is forever, lost faith in the future of the industry, as can be seen from the fact that every well-bred yearling filly likely to make a good brood mare is eagerly bid for.

This has been a bad racing season in England. The competition of other sports and the betting tax are put down as causes contributing to this, and they probably have been to a small degree. The atrocious weather has been another contributory cause towards reduced crowds, but I think that the real cause of falling attendances at the meetings in the neighbourhood of the big industrial towns is that people are working harder. The day has passed when the Midland workingman would take Monday off from his work to go racing, and if he found a winner or two would take Tuesday off as well.

MAKING UP LEEWAY.

The strike of last year left an immense amount of industrial leeway to be made up, and the wage-earners have had to get down to work, and to work hard, and have neither the time nor the money to spend on racing just now. The bloodstock market must inevitably react to all this for the time being, but as the trade returns are showing steady increases and the volume of exports is steadily rising, which means that there is more work and more wages, that long-deferred trade boom should not be much longer delayed. When trade booms racing booms, and when racing booms breeding booms.

I have seen it stated since Book Law won the Jockey Club Stakes that she is the best filly we have seen since Sceptre, which sounds like a compliment to the one who was, perhaps, the greatest mare that has ever been seen. Sceptre was trained for the Lincolnshire, and then won four classic races. She was sent off after winning the Oaks to run in Paris, and was back in time to run at Ascot, but was not able to do so, and would have ruined any but a truly great mare. To compare Book Law with her is extravagant laudation.

After all, Lord Astor's filly was beaten in the One Thousand, and she was beaten in this race only by a head, and in receipt of a length last week from Foliation, who could not get near Coronach in last year's St. Leger. The highest marks must be given to Book Law as a good and genuine filly, but I doubt if she is an ounce better than was Lord Rosebery's Bongrace last year.

Bongrace would go with her at a mile and would stay with her at a mile and three-quarters. I doubt, indeed, whether over a distance Book Law would have beaten such a tremendous fighter as Bongrace was. If we take off three fillies in recent years, four with Straitlace, and it is very doubtful whether Book Law has ever done anything on a racecourse or at home equal to what Straitlace could do.

BOOK LAW'S NEXT RACE.

Book Law keeps so fresh and well that in all probability she will be given another race in the Royal Stakes at Newmarket on Friday week. Whether she is also to have one more race before she retires to the stud and to be covered by Hurstwood. This will be in the Champion Stakes on the Tuesday of next week, where she will oppose Colorado. I expect that Colorado will there show how much inferior the three-year-old form of the present season is to that of last year.

There was no performance on a race-course last week that had much bearing on the Cesarewitch except that of the French colt, Masked Ruler, who finished close up to the placed horses in the Jockey Club Stakes, as he was close up to them in the St. Leger last year. Now that Finglas has been struck out of the Cesarewitch, Masked Ruler is the only colt left to classic form left in the Newmarket race. Trying on as well on Thursday, and I imagine that with his reasonable weight, 8st. 5lb., he has a chance on Wednesday week.

Indeed, Mr. A. K. Macomber may be entertaining hopes of bringing off the Cesarewitch-Cambridgeshire double again, as he did two years ago with Forsetti and Masked Marvel. The latter ran well against Fohanaun last week, but it is generally thought that his owner's best for this race will be last year's winner, who is giving a great deal again in his work at Newmarket, and has not looked back since he won at Doncaster.

Adieu has displaced Lightning Artist from favouritism for the Cesarewitch, and we shall see how he runs in the Nottingham Handicap to-morrow. Lord Derby's candidate, Cap-a-Pie, is doing well, and did a rattling good two miles gallop yesterday. We shall know more about the Cambridgeshire after the Duke of York Handicap has been run at Kempton Park on Saturday next.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE PLANS.

Plans regarding the candidates engaged here and for the Cambridgeshire are still a little nebulous. Baron von Oppenheim is coming from Germany this week, and will decide whether his Weissdorn will run on Saturday or not. It is not stable money that has made this German horse favourite for the Cambridgeshire. Apelle, Knight of the Grail, Embargo, Insight II., and Silver Lark are among those holding the dual engagement. Little notice need be taken of the fact that Silver Lark was beaten at Brighton last Monday. He can still be regarded as an attractive Cambridgeshire candidate.

We dropped from the Book Law class to that of Yellow Underwing when we went to Alexandra Park yesterday to endure all the rigours of abominable weather. Yellow Underwing, with Richards up, won his selling race by six lengths and three lengths from Palestro and Thistabel. It was the fourth he has won since Mr. Edge bought him on the same course in July for 100 guineas. He has also been second twice and third twice, and fourth once of the ten occasions on which his new owner has run him.

Richards had an even easier winner when the nine-year-old Houdain made all the running for the Barnet Handicap, which he won by no less than twelve lengths from Mohican.

The best race of the day was the London Sprint Handicap, which Mr. Gilpin hoped to win with Jock Trotter, as he won it last year with Sweet Cicely. Jock Trotter, how ever, made a very slow beginning, and though he made up ground well, he was beaten a length and a half by Lord Wembley. Donoghue is the only jockey who has won on the Irish colt in this country, and he has taken three races on him this season.

Lord Wembley, with other jockeys riding, always stops in the last furlong, no matter how far he has been in front, but Donoghue has the knack of coaxing him to keep going, and he coaxed him to some purpose yesterday. Portland, who started second favourite with Lord Wembley, ran a good race, and was just beaten out of a place by Quiet Stroll.

African Smoke, ridden by the apprentice, M. Kelly, won the Feather-Weight T.Y.O. Plate all the way, beating Picture, a daughter of Gainsborough and Plymstock, the mare who once upset the odds of 8 to 1 laid on Orpheus at Newmarket by two lengths.

LUCINA'S RUNAWAY.

In the Juvenile Selling Plate Goosie filly once had a good lead, with The Inconstant Nymph second. When they had gone three furlongs Wootton's filly, Lucina, took it up, and, drawing clear away, won by six lengths from Fas Encore. This winner, who is a daughter of Milesina, made 300 gns. when sent to the Dublin sales by Mr. Edward Flannery, and was now bought in for 260 gns.

Thirlmere did not run for the October Nursery, which F. Beasley, who rode a very well judged race on Verte Lumiere, won by a neck from Fohanaun filly. The favourite, a neat little chestnut daughter to the last race of the day, the Tottenham Stakes, odds of 3 to 1 were asked for about Toreador, but, to the general consternation, he floundered about in the heavy going, and was beaten three lengths and four lengths by Big Val and La Trace.

A batch of Cesarewitch candidates will run for the Nottingham Handicap over two miles at Colwick Park to-morrow, though as this race has so often led us astray when we have taken the running as a guide to the Newmarket event, it might not be wise to take what happens there too literally. An Irish colt, White Orb, who is, I believe, fancied for the Cesarewitch, will attempt to carry top-weight, and Adieu will also be there, while Richards will ride St. Reynard. Adieu has to give only 5lb. here to La Douraitere, while he has to give her 19lb. in the Cesarewitch.

If Mr. Dawkins, who gave this filly only 6st. 2lb. in the Cesarewitch, has taken her measure rightly, she has no chance to-day. I note, by the way, that she has been given 9st. 5lb. in the Irish Cesarewitch, and has accepted with this. Donoghue is to ride Ballynahinch, and this uncertain colt did well in a gallop at Newmarket last week. Captain Gooch may run both Greek Idol and Dumbledykes, and Beachborough and Poet are likely to be started, but I think ADIEU will win, and the danger to him may be White Orb.

In the Bestwood Nursery Handicap I like best the chance of the NANTGARW COLT, while NOROC may follow up his Pontefract success with a victory in the Scottish Maiden Plate.

GALTEE MORE.

FORM HORSES.

NOTTINGHAM.

2. 0—Cynos.
2.30—Pandoras Box.
3. 0—Desert Song (nap).
3.30—Poet.
4. 0—Galadeer.
4.30—Beauharnais.

Eclipse.

THIRSK MEETING.

NARROW VICTORY OF SOSIE.

1.45—TOPCLIFFE NURSERY HANDICAP PLATE of £200. Two years old. 6 f.

Mr D. McLaren's b. g. KNIPHOFIA, by Fantôme—Caithness. (Mr. W. Bimrell) 1
Mr. W. J. Bellerby's MOONSTRUCK, 7-10 ..... Read 2
Mr. J. E. Auden's MANYERO, 6-12 ..... Wragg 3

Also ran—Manx Maid (Forsyth), Six Wheeler (H. Wragg), Dardanella (Perryman), Maxena (Barsoup), King's Counsel (L. Wragg), Tewsbury (H. Stone), Potato Beetle (G. Bulmer), Spey Royal (C. Parker), Aberdovey (Nevett), East and West (W. Brown), Bright Rave fifty (C. Richards), Kittiwynk (F. Brookes), Highland Fling (D. Jones), Grand Gown (Sicett), Royal Outline (Braithwaite), Azure Lass colt (A. Jarvis).

1.47. (Winner trained by Rimell.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. KNIPHOFIA, 3 to 1 Grand Gown, 7 to 1 each Maxena and Potato Beetle, 8 to 1 Dardanella, 10 to 1 Torbury, 100 to 7 any other.

Won easily by a length and a half; one length. East and West was fourth and Manx Maid last.

2.15—AUTUMN HANDICAP PLATE of £200. 1¼ m.

Mr. W. Websters' bc. FRONT ROW, by Great Sport—Queen of the Ballet. 6, 7-9 ..... H. Wragg 1
Mrs. R. Don's WHINPARK, 5, 8-5 ..... H. Wragg 2
Capt. H. Whitworths' LAYTHAM WHIN, 3, 7-5 ..... W. Stephenson 3

Also ran—Cyzara (G. Hulme), Whinpark (A. Read), Fairholme (Sirett), Capped (A. Berry). Off 2.16. (Winner trained by McCormack.)

Betting—11 to 4 agst. Whinpark, 4 to 1 FRONT ROW, 5 to 1 each Laytham Whin and Capped, 6 to 1 Fairholme, 8 to 1 Marzipan, 100 to 8 Cyzara.

Won by one length; eight lengths. Marzipan was fourth and Capped last.

2.45—MALTON SELLING NURSERY HANDICAP of 200 sovs. 5 f.

Mr. S. Morton's MARZIPAN, by Braishfield—Mirapah, 7-6 ..... Braithwaite 1
Mr. H. Johnsicne's SAUCY GIRL G., 7-6 ..... Wragg 2

Sir F. Freake's CRAIGOWRIE, 7-1 ..... J. Read 3

Also ran—Swish (Mr. Peacock), Miss Maud f. (H. Stone), Lismuna (Sirett), Swaddles (R. Jarvis), Cupboard (C. Richards), Giggleswick (Christie), Off 2.46. (Winner trained by Vasey.)

Betting—7 to 2 agst. Craigowrie, 4 to 1 each Lismura and Saucy Girl c., 5 to 1 WALLPAPER, 8 to 1 each Giggleswick and Swish, 100 to 6 any other.

Won by three lengths; one and a half lengths. Lismura was third and Saucy Girl fourth last.

The winner was bought in for 180 gns.

3.15—NEW BUILDINGS HANDICAP PLATE of £300. 2 m.

Mrs. R. Don's b. g. SOSIE, by Bachelor's Double —Sperrall, 7 ..... H. Wragg 1
Mr. T. Davidson's RED MARTEN, 4, 8-0 ..... Forsyth 2

Lord Ellesmere's GLANYLLYN, 4, 7-8 ..... Wragg 3

Also ran—Ronnie Kelso (J. Taylor), Peardrop (R. Gould), Scarlet Cherry (Perryman), Flash Fox River (Sirett), Passing Cloud (G. Walsh). Off 3.19. (Winner trained by Thomson.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. SOSIE, 3 to 1 Red Marten, 5 to 1 each SOSIE and Bonnie Kelso, 7 to 1 Hall, 10 to 1 Acier, 100 to 6 any other.

Won by a short head; three lengths. Passing Cloud was fourth and Bonnie Kelso last.

3.45—THIRKLEBY SELLING H'CAP PLATE of £200. 6 f.

Mr. S. Morris's b. f. LITTLE SQUIB, by Sky-rocket—Little Mabel, 4, 7-7 ..... Braithwaite 1
Mr. A. Edwards's SKIAS, 7, 7-5 ..... G. Walsh 2
Mr. G. Horton's CHIMPANZEE, 6, 7-3 ..... A. Berry 3

Also ran—Lady Long (Sirett), Perle d'Or (S. Wragg), Garrison (H. Wragg), William's Mount (Thwaites), Miss Sol (C. Brown), Milesina (Nevett), Bridge Ford (S. Blackburn), Mary's Son (G. Lainesi, Lashaway (P. Donoghue), Unison (Christie), Fonsrate (D. Connorton), Sherbrook (J. James), St. Cormac (C. Richards), Ard Or (Stephenson), Misleda (Gilchrist), Limp (J. Read), Likeness (H. Shelley). Off 3.51. (Winner trained by M. Vasey.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Lashaway, 4 to 1 Mary's Son, 5 to 1 Garrison, 10 to 1 each LITTLE SQUIB, Skias and St. Cormac, 100 to 8 Chimpanzee, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a head; half a length.

4.15—RIEVAULX PLATE of £150. 1 m.

Mr. G. Geisthorpe's b. or br. m. COUNTESS ALDEGONDE, by Aldegonde—Lady Scot, 5, 10-4 ..... H. Wragg 1
Mr. J. A. Dawson's HIDALGO II., 4, 10-4 ..... Mr. J. Misa 2
Lord Barnby's LANGTON MAID, 4, 11-0 ..... Mr. G. Armytage 3

Also ran—Golden Optic (Mr. J. Storie), Silent Gun (Mr. H. Barker), Soundless (late Silence) (Owner), Off 4.17. (Winner trained by G. Manser.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. Hidalgo II., 2 to 1 Langton Maid, 5 to 1 Golden Optic, 6 to 1 COUNTESS ALDEGONDE, 100 to 7 any other.

Won by a length; a length. Golden Optic was fourth and Silent Gun last.

PERFECT KNIGHT DISQUALIFIED FOUND TO BE FLYING LABEL.

The inquiry into the identity of the winner of the Stanton Selling Handicap Steeplechase at Wolverhampton last Tuesday has resulted in the disqualification of the winner. The race was won by a horse described on the card as Mrs. Barthrop's Perfect Knight, a nine-year-old bay horse by Amadis, out of Panacea. Subsequent to the race Mr. F. Hutsby, the owner of True Knight, who finished second, lodged an objection to the winner on the ground that he was not the horse described to be, and the Stewards, after investigating the matter, adjourned the inquiry until the Stratford-on-Avon meeting on Saturday, in order to obtain additional evidence in the meantime. On Saturday, after a prolonged inquiry, the Wolverhampton Stewards announced that they had disqualified the horse described as Perfect Knight and had awarded the race to True Knight.

Mr. A. E. Hancock, Clerk of the Course at Wolverhampton, states that the explanation of Mr. Barthrop that Perfect Knight, was not accepted, but the Stewards warned him that he must be more careful in future. Mr. Connors, Mr. O'Brien (from whom purchased), Mr. Howard and Mr. Barthropp were called upon to give evidence, and it was ascertained that the horse which won was not Perfect Knight. The Stewards further directed that True Knight, to whom the race was awarded, should be offered for sale at Ultoxeter on Monday, October 10th.

The real Perfect Knight has had a versatile career. As a two-year-old he carried the Duke's colours, and finished second in the Clearwell Stakes at Newmarket to Mr. J. B. Joel's Humorist, the subsequent Derby winner. He ran in the Two Thousand Guineas, and finished second in the Epsom Handicap, second in the Sandringham Stakes at Sandown, and second in the Newmarket St. Leger.

The following year he was weeded out of the Royal stable, and was purchased by Mr. L. Sherwood, on behalf of Mr. A. E. Aston, for 320 gns., but he failed to win a race for his new connections, who, in disgust sent him to Tattersall's sales at Knightsbridge, where he was sold for 27 gns. to Mrs. M. Morgan, who took him over to Ireland, where she ran him in flat races without success, eventually winning a hurdle race value £5 sovs. with him at Gowran Park, Kilkenny. He subsequently won two steeplechases for Mrs. M. O'Brien, and later ran in the colours of Mr. M. Tanfon and Mr. P. Whittle.

The Press Association learns that the horse which won was found out by the Stewards to be Flying Label, an aged bay horse by Flying Orb, out of Blue Label, which was owned by Mr. M. O'Brien, who has also owned Perfect Knight. Flying Label has not had a very distinguished career on the racecourse. He won a selling handicap hurdle race at Limerick Junction in 1925, and the following year won a similar race at the Tipperary meeting. He was foaled in 1919, and made his debut in a two-year-old plate at the Curragh April meeting in 1921.

WINTER SPORTS.

If you are interested in HUNTING, in COURSING, in FOOTBALL (RUGBY or ASSOCIATION), or in HOCKEY, order a copy of *The Irish Field* for each Saturday during the coming winter. On Sale at all Newsagents. By Post—Six months, 6/6; three months, 3/3. Head Office—11 D'Olier street, Dublin.—(Advt.)

PHŒNIX PARK.

EXCELLENT SPORT.

QUICK TOY WINS CHIEF EVENT.

The heavy rainfall during the early hours of Saturday morning doubtless was responsible for the small attendance at the Phœnix Park on Saturday. It was fortunate for those who did attend, however, that the weather cleared up before racing started, and the afternoon was really a most enjoyable one, with the racing of a very attractive kind. The surprising defeat of King Eagle by Cailin Dubh in the Templeogue Plate and the impressive win of Mr. G. J. Ball's Quick Toy in the La Touche Plate were the features of an excellent afternoon' sport.

King Eagle was regarded as such a certainty for the Templeogue Plate that odds of 6 to 1 were laid on his chance. Cailin Dubh was the only other runner, and there was really very little wagering over the event. For most of the way Mr. Brian O'Donnell's horse looked to have the race at his mercy, but T. Burns, timing his effort on Cailin Dubh to a nicety, drove his mount out in the last few strides to snatch a short-head victory. It may be that Canty on the favourite was caught napping, but any jockey could be excused for taking a bit of liberty under the circumstances. As it happened that a race which promised to be the least attractive of the six provided a real thrill, and, with plenty of runners appearing for the five others on the card, visitors had not a dull moment to the end of the proceedings.

Sister Josephine, on the strength of her running behind Athlone Lass a week earlier at Leopardstown, was made favourite for the Tinode Plate, and in the race she well justified her market position by winning in easy style, and this despite a bad swerve towards the end of the race. She actually won in very easy style, and, even if she did not keep a straight course during the last furlong, her wayward behaviour did not interfere with the chances of any of the others. Sister Josephine is now the property of Mr. M. J. Cleary, and is trained by Mr. James Daly at Clonsilla.

Saucy Jack, Sparshoit, Shrewd King and Minnetonka were well supported for the Trim Plate, and, with the exception of Minnetonka, they were all prominent in the race; but from the distance to the winning post Sparshoit held the issue safe, and his win was readily achieved. This was his second score this season, his previous success being at Leopardstown in April, when he defeated Goose Green in an exciting finish by a neck over the seven furlongs course. Goose Green was again in the field on Saturday, but was meeting Sparshoit on more unfavourable terms and was never in the picture.

After Quick Toy's disappointing display in the Dargle Plate at Leopardstown last Saturday week, there was not much encouragement to fancy her chance in the La Touche Plate, but she finished a fine fifth distance at Leopardstown, but, apparently relishing the deep going, she now never left the issue in doubt. Very quick off the mark, she was in front at all stages and won very easily, indeed. Of the other runners, Tara Hall made the best showing, and improvement was also shown by Silver Work, a colt by Irwarn out of Tut Tut, who is certainly bred to win races.

Mr. R. J. Usher's stable provided a strong favourite for the Tallaght Plate in Fairy Ford, who, however, ran in very disappointing style, and was in the end lucky to finish places by her stable companion, Live Line, who was the outsider of the party of seven runners, and finished third. The spoils went to Mr. G. P. Gilpin's Vaniteuse, an Irishman filly, whose first winning bracket it was. Among the field was Sir Frederick Mahon's Embarras des Richesses, a half-sister by Phalaris to Endowment, who, if breeding goes for anything, should be capable of winning races in the future.

In an open hurdle race for the Tara Plate virtually all the twelve runners had experporters, and it was won after a close finish by the bottom weight, Dorena, who previous to this had run ten times without "catching the judge's eye." Details:—

3.0—THE TEMPLEOGUE PLATE of 100 sovs., of which the second receives 10 sovs. A weight for age race. 1 m.

Mr. F. J. Somerville's bl. f. CAILIN DUBH, by Irishman—Nada the Lily. 3, 7-9 ..... T. Burns 1
Mr. B. O'Donnell's KING EAGLE, 4, 10-5 ..... Jos. Canty 2

(Winner trained by F. Grundy.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. KING EAGLE, 3 to 1 Cailin Dubh, 10 to 1 each Quick Toy and Jed, 100 to 7 any other.

King Eagle led until close home, when Cailin Dubh challenged, and won by a short head. Time—1 min. 50 secs.

There was no bid for the winner.

3.30—THE TINODE PLATE of 100 sovs., of which the second receives 10 sovs. A welter handicap. 5 f.

Mr. J. Cleary's b. f. SISTER JOSEPHINE, by Friar Marcus—Lent Lily. 3, 7-9 ..... G. McMullan 1
Lady Mahon's LAKESIDE, 2, 8-5 ..... M. Wragg 2
Mr. H. I. Usher's EAGLE TRAILER, 2, 8-5 ..... Jos. Canty 3

Also ran—Boniface (Mr. J. Bladon), Solo Snap, 7 to 1 Tormentilla, 10 to 1 Scarlet Orb, 100 to 8 each Quiet Stroll and Warrior's Star, 100 to 6 each Soldiers Chevalier and Miss Mirella, 100 to 7 Scarlet Orb set the pace to Snip Snap, Tormentilla, Lord Wembley, Portland, Chichester Cross, and Lady Trotter, Halfway home Lord Wembley had joined Lord Wembley just in front of Jock Trotter, and resisting the last-named in the last furlong, Lord Wembley won by a length. Half a half; same distance between second and third. Portland was fourth and Tormentilla last.

4.0—BARNET HANDICAP PLATE of £200. 1 m. and 150 yds.

Capt. J. G. R. HOUDALE, by Houdain—Charity, 9, 7-9 ..... J. Dines 1
Mrs. R. Bonor's MOHICAN, 9, 7-9 ..... J. Dines 2
Mr. R. S. Hazard's DUNLAVIN LASS, 4, 7-7 ..... A. Burns 3

Also ran—Disquiss (H. Leach), Tabeenite (P. Beasley), Ballycastle (Smirke), Miracle (L. Read), Waiting (K. Robertson), Grey Photo (Alford), High Song (Southey). Off at 4.0. (Winner trained by Sherwood.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Tabeenite, 4 to 1 Mohican, 9 to 2 HOUDALE, 100 to 7 any other. Won by a length; a length. High Song was fourth and Waiting last.

4.30—TOTTENHAM STAKES, with £200 added. 1¼ m.

Mr. H. Martin's ch. c. GAY VAL, by Valens—Shy Princess, 3, 8-0 ..... Lane 1
Mr. W. A. Read's LA TRACE, 3, 8-4 ..... F. Fox 2
Mr. S. L. Short's TOREADOR, 3, 8-10 ..... G. Richards 3

Also ran—Dakota (R. Dick). Off at 4.30. (Winner trained by Mr. Joseph Smyth.)

Betting—3 to 1 on Toreador, 7 to 1 each agst. BIG VAL or any other.

Won by three lengths; four lengths.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Westminster Gazette :—To-day's Best—Noroc. Double—Nantgarw colt and Noroc.

Daily Express :—Safety Bet—Desert Song (win). Double—San Diago and Desert Song.

Daily Mirror :—Double—Young Sport and Marvella (nap).

Daily Sketch :—Double—Shroud (nap) and Clang.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

NOTTINGHAM MEETING.

Trent Selling Nursery Handicap—Sanfide filly.
Sherwood Forest Nursery Handicap—Glencree filly.
Nottingham Handicap Plate—Gain Or.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Duke of York Handicap, Kempton Park—Foliation at 11.49 a.m. Saturday.
Haughboy Maiden Plate, Chepstow—International.
Hexham engagements—Gracedieu.
Ulverston engagements—Heart of the Forest.
Imperial Produce Stakes, Kempton Park—Saracen, Boomite and Brigadore.
Sinden Handicap Hurdle, Fontwell Park—Glanceus.
Houghton Stakes, Newmarket—Kindred.
Seven Two Years Old Stakes, Chepstow—Dame Quickly.
All engagements this year—Loligo.
All engagements—Arklow, Mulberry Walk.

GOLFERS will find much to interest them in the weekly Golfing Article in *The Irish Field*. Published every Saturday. Price 2d.—(Advt.)

ALEXANDRA PARK MEETING.

LORD WEMBLEY WINS.

1.15—FEATHERWEIGHT TWO-YEAR-OLD PLATE of £100. 5 f.

Major A. F. Vigor's f. AFRICAN SMOKE, by Cigar—Kenya, 6-5 ..... M. Kelly 1
Lord Astor's PICTURE, 6-5 ..... Payne 2
Mr. A. Gemmell's WHITE SHIELD, 6-5 ..... A. Baldwin 3

Also ran—Grand Stand (Tracey), Bombast (L. Cordell), Fortlet Lily (R. Butcher), Tree Country (G. Davidson). Off 1.18. (Winner trained by W. Nightingall.)

Betting—13 to 8 agst. AFRICAN SMOKE, 5 to 2 Picture, 9 to 2 Bombast, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by two lengths; a short head. Bombast was fourth and Grand Stand last.

2.0—JUVENILE SELLING PLATE (2 yrs.) of 200 sovs.

Mr. S. Wootten's gr. f. LUCINA, by Milesius—Lady Lucy, 8-11 ..... R. Dick 1
Mr. M. Corrigan's PAS ENCORE, 8-11 ..... A. Garrett 2
Mr. T. A. Edge's GLEANED, 8-11 ..... Winter 3

Also ran—Ireda (F. Lane), Goosie filly (H. Sonthing), The Inconstant Nymph (G. Richards), Infatuation (F. Fox). Off 2.0. (Winner trained by Owner.)

Betting—9 to 4 agst LUCINA, 3 to 1 The Inconstant Nymph, 100 to 30 Infatuation, 4 to 1 each Gleaned and Goosie filly, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by six lengths; three lengths. The Inconstant Nymph was fourth and Ireda last.

The winner was bought in for 250 guineas.

2.30—TOTTERIDGE SELLING PLATE of £200. 1 m. 150 yds.

Mr. T. A. Edge's br. f. YELLOW UNDERWING, by Earla Mor—Golden Wings, 6, 9-0 ..... G. Richards 1
Sir F. Eley's PALESTRO, 4, 9-0 ..... Bryans 2
Mrs. T. Carthew's THISTABEL, 6, 8-11 ..... Smirke 3

Also ran—Vieux Turnhout (Smyth), Vindictive (H. Leach), Novelties Star (Bullock), Live Line (Fairplace (F. Winter). Off 2.30. (Winner trained by V. Smyth.)

Betting—5 to 4 on YELLOW UNDERWING, 4 to 1 each agst. Palestro and Thistabel, 8 to 1 Curraharic, 100 to 8 any other.

Won by four lengths; four lengths. Curraharic was fourth and Vieux Turnhout last.

The winner was bought in for 360 guineas.

3.0—OCTOBER NURSERY HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. 7 f.

Mrs. J. Bancroft's VERTE LUMIERE, by Irishman—Illumination, 7-8 ..... P. Beasley 1
Lady Garioch's POLYCRITE, 7-10 ..... Southey 2
Mr. W. Walker's FONSALONE, 7-10 ..... Gilbert 3

Also ran—Suspicion (Donoghue), Thyra f. (F. Fox), Polygonum (Beary), Metrical (G. Richards), Fairy Girl (C. Kelly). Off 3.0. (Winner trained by Easterbee.)

Betting—5 to 4 agst. Suspicion, 100 to 30 VERTE LUMIERE, 4 to 1 Thyra, 5 to 1 Metrical, 100 to 12 Mona Lonsdale, 100 to 7 any other.

Won by a neck; a neck. Metrical was fourth and Athenian Girl golding last.

3.30—LONDON SPRINT PLATE (handicap) of £1,000. 5 f.

Mr. U. H. R. Broughton's br. c. LORD WEMBLEY, by Trovonnis—Captivate (Prince Palatine), 4, 9-0 ..... Donoghue 1
Mr. P. P. Gilpin's JOCK TROTTER, 3, 7-12 ..... J. Jarvis 2
Mr. F. E. Peck's QUIET STROLL, 4, 7-4 ..... J. Dines 3

Lord Lonsdale's Snip Snap, 5, 8-10 ..... H. Leader 10
Sir W. Cooke's Tormentilla, 3, 8-3 ..... Beary 0
Mr. S. W. Beer's Presto, 3, 8-3 ..... H. Leach 0
Mr. J. Jay's Scarlet Orb, 3, 8-3 ..... Bullock 0
Mrs. E. Wallace's Warrior's Star, 3, 8-0 ..... M. Burns 0
Mr. S. Joel's Nadia, 3, 7-13 ..... K. Robertson 0
Capt. G. Dunne's Portland, 4, 7-10 ..... Caldwell 0
Mr. O. Howard's Chichester Cross, 3, 7-10 ..... Alford 0

Off at 3.30. (Winner trained by O. Bell.)

Betting—4 to 1 agst. Jock Trotter, 5 to 1 each Lord Wembley and Quiet Stroll, 6 to 1 Snip Snap, 7 to 1 Tormentilla, 10 to 1 Scarlet Orb, 100 to 8 each Quiet Stroll and Warrior's Star, 100 to 6 each Soldiers Chevalier and Miss Mirella, 100 to 7 Scarlet Orb set the pace to Snip Snap, Tormentilla, Lord Wembley, Portland, Chichester Cross, and Lady Trotter. Halfway home Lord Wembley had joined Lord Wembley just in front of Jock Trotter, and resisting the last-named in the last furlong, Lord Wembley won by a length. Half a half; same distance between second and third. Portland was fourth and Tormentilla last.

4.0—SOUTHWELL MAIDEN PLATE, a high-weight handicap of 200 sovs. Three-year-olds, maidens at closing. 1 m. st. lb.

BY-WORD (Mr. R. Day) ..... R. Day 9 0
AMPLIGHTER (Mr. C. E. Howard) ..... Morris 9 0
GALADEER (Mr. J. B. Walker) ..... Whitaker 8 12
EMBROS (Lt. Bilesmere) ..... D. Pickering 8 11
STINGER (Mr. A. R. Heath) ..... Morris 8 7
NOROC (Mrs. F. B. Sneyd) 7lb. ex.) ..... Sneyd 8 5
POUPEE (Sir Charles Hyde) ..... Scobie 8 4
TORCHLIGHT TATTOO (Mr. C. E. Wyham) ..... Bryans 8 3
ASTORIA (Mr. Gerald H. Deane) ..... A. Taylor 8 2
MARVELLA (Sir William Cooke) ..... Platt 8 0
SUDDABY (Mr. Fred Archer) ..... J. Manser 7 11

PROBABLE RUNNERS AND BETTING.

JACOB (Mrs. Arthur James) Frank Bullock 7 10
TUDOR (Lt. Lonsdale) ..... R. Armstrong 7 10
HOWKAR (Capt. J. G. R. Houdain) ..... Sherwood 7 10
LORENSO (Lt. Barnby) ..... M. Yeoman 7 10
BRILLIANT WIT (Mr. Gilbert Rodger) ..... T. Leader 7 10
SHROUD (Mr. T. Auckland) F. Armstrong 7 8
ESPARTO (Mr. J. A. Dawson) ..... Dawson 7 5
BONNY BLINK (Mr. A. T. Reader) Reader 7 3
ALL OVER (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Hugh Fawcus 7 3

Form.	Probable Starters and Jockeys.	Betting Forecast.
000	HY-WORD ..... Sutcliffe	10/1
002	GALADEER ..... S. Donoghue	11/4
000	IMBROS ..... R. Jones	10/1
023	STINGER ..... A. Read	6/1
321	NOROC ..... C. Semblo	4/1
000	TORCHLIGHT TATTOO ..... Dibble	100/8
000	MARVELLA ..... Beary	7/2
004	SUDDABY ..... Thwaites	10/1
000	JACOB ..... Weston	7/1
000	LORENZO ..... Braithwaite	10/1
003	BRILLIANT WIT ..... J. Read	8/1
303	STROUD ..... C. Brown	7/1
040	ESPARTO ..... Caldwell	10/1
000	ALLOVER ..... C. Hill	100/8

4.30—RUFFORD ABBEY HANDICAP PLATE (Forest Div.) of 200 sovs. Second receives 30 sovs., and third 10 sovs. 1 m. Ages st. lb.

LAMPLIGHTER (Mr. C. E. Howard) ..... Harrison 3 8
EL TORERO (M. M. Bousac) S. Donoghue 3 8
MULBERRY WALK (Sir John Robinson) ..... Morris 3 8
RIGHT ANGLE (Mr. A. Sadler) ..... Bullock 3 7
A. Sadler 4 7
RISBORO' (Mr. H. E. West) ..... Frankiss 4 7
COMPOSURE (Lord Derby) ..... Bullock 4 7
BEAUHARNAIS (Mr. Sol Joel) ..... Smith 3 7
WANDERING MAID (Lord Derby) ..... Frank Bullock 3 7
DUKE'S TRIP (Mr. G. P. Bracebridge) ..... Bracebridge 3 7
BUCHYLEEN (Sir Delves Broughton) ..... Farquharson 4 7
LEASINGHAM EARL (Mrs. G. Cappleman) ..... Medley 6 7
BURNT HEATHER (Mr. J. Davy) ..... Scott 6 7
MAINSTAY (Sir W. Gilbey) T. Cannon 4 7
QUEEN OF THE ARENA (Mr. J. W. Hammond) ..... Mercer 4 7
IRISH BOY (Miss R. Hollins) ..... Bullock 5 7
BICARBONATE (Mr. K. G. de Mestre) ..... De Mestre 4 7
KILMACANOGUE (Mr. F. Rhodes) Flynn 4 7
TORMAID (Mr. W. M. Singer) A. Taylor 4 7
ORANGE BILL (Mr. F. N. Smith) ..... Tomlinson 5 7
COLD STEEL (Mrs. T. Carthew) Wootten 3 7
BORJOM (Mrs. Lionel Drage) Butters 3 7
GAY GORDON (Mr. W. Higgs) Higgs 3 7
MERCURY (Dowager Lady Nunburnholme) ..... Boyd-Rochfort 3 7
LYS D'OR (Mr. M. Vagliano) ..... S. Darling 3 7
HADLOW (Mr. J. M. Woodville) Hogg 3 7
GOLD SHOWER (Sir William Cooke) ..... Hall 3 7
HADDOW ..... O'Neill 100/8
GOLD SHOWER ..... L. Read 6/1

ATHLETICS.

CIVIC GUARDS' SPORTS AT TRALEE.

The second annual sports fixture of the Civic Guards (Kerry Division) took place at Tralee Sports Field yesterday, and despite the unfavourable weather a big programme was got through in record time.

B. J. O'Connor, of the Depôt, was an outstanding figure in the cycling items, bringing off first prize in the One Mile Novice Bicycle Race and One Mile Scratch Milner Cup. Anglin (Clonmel), who competed for the Pole Jump, was applauded for an excellent performance of 10ft. 2ins., while Sergt. J. Birmingham accounted for the Discus, while Garda O'Connor (Cahirciveen) was the High Jump from scratch at 6 feet. Details:—

100 Yards—Guards (Competition of Kerry—Final—Cpl. McCarthy, 1; D. L. Kirk, 2. Four competed.

440 Yards (Confined)—Sergeant Farrell (Tralee) 1; Corporal J. Ryan, 2.

220 Yards Boys' Championship of Kerry—J. Dalton, 1; J. O'Hara, 2.

One Mile Cycle (Confined)—Corporal Hilliard, 1; Guard B. Kelly, 2.

100 Yards (Open)—Final—P. J. Kennedy (Carrigtwohill) (9), 1; P. Curling (Tralee) (10), 2. Slinging 56lb., without follow—J. McSweeney (Dublin) (30), 6ins., 1; Sergt. Nathan, 2; Sergt. Birmingham (scr.), 24 feet 4 inches, 3.

One Mile Cycle (Handicap)—Final—B. J. O'Connor (Depôt), 1; R. Cronin (Clonmel), 2. Time —2 mins. 31 secs.

880

RUGBY.

INTERESTING CLUB GAMES.

LANSDOWNE AND WANDERERS STILL UNBEATEN.

SWANSEA BEATEN BY NEW SOUTH WALES XV.

The Rugby season is now in full swing, and Saturday last saw all the senior and junior clubs in Leinster engaged. It was not an ideal afternoon for the game, for a very heavy shower before the scheduled time of starting rendered the various pitches rather on the heavy side. Each of the senior matches had their distinct attraction, but that in the College Park, where Dublin University were opening their season against Lansdowne, was clearly the big event of the afternoon. This match drew a very large gathering, and was productive of a great struggle, victory eventually going to Lansdowne. Wanderers, following their defeat of Old Wesley the previous Saturday, gave another impressive display in overcoming Blackrock College.

An interesting encounter at Sydney Parade found Monkstown, despite brilliant work on the part of J. B. Ganly, going under to Bective Rangers by one try to nil. Old Wesley proved too strong for Palmerston, scoring three tries without a response from the Clonskeagh side. University College opened in auspicious fashion with a deserved success over Clontarf at Castle avenue by eleven points to five.

Up North and in the South there were many interesting matches played, and if enthusiasm and keenness be taken as a healthy sign the prospects for the season are of the brightest.

The visiting New South Wales team, playing under conditions all against them, put up a fine victory against Swansea, scoring eleven points to nil. They play their first international against Ireland at Lansdowne road on November 12th.

CLEVER BACK PLAY BY LANSDOWNE.

TRINITY'S SEVEN FORWARDS HOLD THE SCRIMMAGE.

The success of Lansdowne over Dublin University in the College Park was only achieved after a hard-fought, but highly interesting game. Indeed, for so early in the season, it was a distinctly bright affair, and from start to finish was kept up at a pace which spoke well for the fitness of the players. There was very little between the sides, but Lansdowne, due to the cleverness of their backs, deserved to win, though from a territorial point of view Trinity had really more of the play.

The Varsity again adopting the eighth back game, and judging by their display on Saturday, they can well afford to do so; for their seven forwards beat the Lansdowne pack to pieces in the majority of the scrums. Where the side failed was behind the scrimmage, slowness on the part of Lyburn, the scrum-half, and the failure of M. Cussen to draw his man before passing, spoiling many chances. The Trinity team was largely an experimental one, but has the making of a really good side, and when they get properly into their stride will, we feel certain, uphold the high traditions of Trinity Rugger.

Crawford, at full-back for Lansdowne, tackled soundly, but his kicking was very moderate and his touch finding not at all. The winning three-quarters had some sharp rounds of passing, and Lightfoot and Arigho, on their respective wings, had made a fine pair, while Crowe did well in the centre. Davy played a great game, and was well partnered by O'Reilly, who got through a tremendous amount of work. Ryan, the front rank, beaten in the tight, were good in the loose. Pike was the best, with McNerny and Synge next in order.

On the Trinity side, Radcliffe played well, but he has a tendency to slowness, and rarely inspires confidence. McDowell was fairly safe, and filled the role of seven-eighth, was not a complete success, but he did an amount of clever work, and will improve with experience. Cussen, the youngest of the three-quarters, and Cherry made the most of the limited opportunities he got. Cussen, who is a younger brother of the late H. H. Cussen, and who was on the Blackrock School Cup team of last season, was doubtless feeling the strain of his first game in senior ranks, and will be seen to better advantage later on. The forward line is very useful, and were best represented by Buchanan, Dixon, and Peard.

The students opened strongly, and had much the better of the early play. In this period the Trinity backs frequently got the ball, and Cherry, Nunns, and Greally had good runs; but the Lansdowne defence was very sound. Frees against Lansdowne found Nunns having a couple of shots for goal, which went wide. Nearing the interval Lansdowne attacked, and Davy, receiving from O'Reilly, ran his way through for a try, which was not converted.

The second period was very evenly contested, both sides having strong spells of attack. Nunns had attempts at goal from frees, but his kicking was dead off, and it was nearing the end when an attack by Lansdowne saw Arigho running across the field and sending Lightfoot over for a try, which Hogan goaled. Result—

Lansdowne—1 try (5 points).

Dublin University—Nil.

Teams—

Dublin University—S. T. A. Radcliffe; T. R. McDowal (seven-eighths); J. C. Cherry, C. E. G. Nunns, C. B. Hewatt, J. Greally; M. S. Cussen, R. St. J. Lyburn, A. McM. Buchanan, R. B. Pike, H. L. Dixon, G. McGuire, J. T. Paul, R. W. Pighe.

Lansdowne—W. E. Crawford; E. J. Lightfoot, G. P. S Hogan, M. Crowe, J. E. Arigho; T. A. O'Reilly, H. Davy (captain), H. Bermingham, W. G. Brown, B. F. Hanrahan, J. D. McCleland, J. E. McEnery, T. O. Pike, W. W. Rossiter, J. S. Synge.

Referee—Mr. T. Bell.

WANDERERS' FORWARDS PREVAIL.

BLACKROCK COLLEGE BEATEN BY TEN POINTS.

Wanderers on Saturday confirmed the good impression they had created a week earlier by defeating Blackrock College at Lansdowne road by three goals (15 points) to one goal (5 points). This decisive win in no way flatters the victors, who played well above a team, and man-for-man had the advantage at most points.

Blackrock were unlucky to be deprived of the services of L. D. Stanley, their right wing three-quarter, midway through the first half, this player having to retire owing to an injury to his head. Making due allowance for this handicap, it must still be said that the better side won, for during the opening stages of the game Wanderers were generally the ascendant. Still Blackrock drew first blood. Following a heavy Wanderers' attack the College forwards rushed play to midfield; the ball was kicked ahead, Kennedy fielded, but, surrounded by opponents, had to pass. Scrambling play followed, and J. Gleeson scored a try, which was converted. Shortly after the interval Wanderers' forwards attacked fiercely, and Reilly got over for Kennedy to make the scores level by landing a fine goal. Very soon after Murphy, on the left wing, dribbled clear at midfield. Faced by Willis, he kicked past him, beat him for pace, and, dribbling on, scored in a good position, of which Kennedy took advantage to add the extra points.

Wanderers at once attacked in the second half, but Blackrock rallying had land luck not to score, and it was nearing the end that Peard, intercepting, ran half the length of the field, and, getting over near the posts, enabled Kennedy to kick the third goal.

Wanderers' display was in every way satisfactory. They have a fine robust pack, which is supported by a capable back division. J. D. Clinch seems stronger than ever, and, though closely watched, was seldom suppressed. Reilly and Potterton were also prominent amongst hard-working colleagues. Murray, at the base of the scrum, gave a first-class display; his spoiling and tackling were excellent, and he got the ball out quickly and accurately. The threequarter line combined well, Murphy and Peard showing remarkable pace and determination.

Kennedy played a sound game at full-back, and the same may be said for Willis, his opposite number. The Blackrock middle line lacked cohesion, and the halves were not equal to the opposing pair. The forwards, amongst whom Quinlivan, Heaney and Gleeson were most in evidence, did good work in the loose, but were out-scrummaged. Result—

Wanderers—3 goals (15 points)

Blackrock College—1 goal (5 points).

Teams—

Wanderers—D. Kennedy; W. H. Peard, J. T. Keegan, H. S. Beere, T. V. Murphy; H. N. Peyton, R. J. Murray; E. Ham, J. Carroll, J. D. Clinch, A. J. Fisher, P. Freer, L. Keatinge, H. N. Potterton, J. K. Reilly.

Blackrock College—F. B. Willis; L. D. Stanley, M. Quinn, G. Devenish, B. K. Towers; F. Pullen, J. D. McMullen; S. Keogh, M. Vaughan, J. Keaney, J. Gleeson, M. Gleeson, E. Maguire, T. Quinlivan, P. O'Reilly.

Referee—Dr. J. Beckett.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE START WELL.

TWO TRIES IN LAST FIVE MINUTES.

Clontarf and University College took the field for the first time this season on Saturday, when they met at Castle avenue, a rather level game ending in a win for the Students by a goal, a penalty goal, and a try to a goal—11 points to 5. Rain threatened but held off, and the pitch was very heavy but not greasy. Some of the players were not quite fit, but the College lasted the better; for Clontarf, who led by a couple of points till the last quarter of an hour, then had a couple of tries registered against them, one of which was converted.

Playing down-hill at the outset, Clontarf did most of the attacking. Ten minutes from the start Allen, Wallens, and Lawlor led up to a rush, and the ball rebounding off a College back Wallens secured it to head over for a small score, and failed adding the points. Play then fluctuated for a quarter of an hour, when Brosnan, Hooper and W. Cremin headed a rush for College, and being awarded a free Keohane landed a penalty goal. College did most of the pressing in the second half, but Clontarf had a couple of chances, Butler heading a dribble to the line, but Keohane touched down, and O'Sullivan just missed dropping a goal. In the closing stages Clontarf fell away, and after Morris had almost got over R. Hogan, N. Hogan, and P. Cremin had a nice movement, O'Dwyer scoring behind the posts five minutes from the end, Keohane failing with the kick. Just on "no side" Fitzgerald slipped in under the bar, for Keohane to convert.

For University College, who were without J. Buckley and Sean Lavan, O'Sullivan, at back, was sound in defence; Morris and O'Dwyer were the best of the three-quarters; R. Hogan and Keohane were a good pair of halves, and Brosnan, W. Cremin, Hooper and Fitzgerald the best of the forwards. For Clontarf, F. N. Seymour, in the absence of G. S. Nowlan, did very well at back, and kicked a fine length. Browne and Tyndall were the best of the "threes," while T. Lyons, of Dredeheds, will do well as centre when he gets more experience. Wallens, a brother of the Waterloo and English full-back, was very nippy at out-half, and was well served by Allen. The best of the forwards were E. A. Roche, Butler, J. P. Kavanagh, and O'S. Roche, while in Highton (late Malahide) and O. Mahon (late Belfast Collegians) Clontarf have useful recruits. Result—

University College—2 goals (1 penalty) 1 try (11 points).

Clontarf—1 goal (5 points).

Teams—

Clontarf—F. N. Seymour; A. D. A. Browne, T. Lyons, S. H. Tyndall, T. J. G. Lawlor; W. H. A. Wallens, J. P. Allen; P. Butler, D. Canavan, K. Highton, O. L. Mahony, P. H. Mooney, T. D. Murphy, E. A. Roche, O'S. Roche.

University College—T. O'Sullivan; T. J. Morris, N. V. Hogan, F. Crowley, J. O'Dwyer; R. Hogan, K. Keohane; W. Cremin, J. Duff, J. Fitzgerald, J. Cavanagh, W. Cremin, J. Duff, J. Fitzgerald, J. Hooper. R. McCarthy, C. S. O'Flynn.

Referee—Mr. J. H. Miles.

OLD WESLEY'S IMPROVED FORM.

PALMERSTON WELL BEATEN.

After the first ten minutes or so of this match at Donnybrook on Saturday this superiority of Old Wesley over their opponents became apparent, and, although Palmerston persevered and did better in the closing stages than at any other period of the game, they were fortunate in not having a larger score than 3 tries to nil registered against them. The team work of the winners was up to a good standard, and they played with a liveliness and understanding that augurs well for their future prospects during the season. Fast and clever in the loose, the home forwards also showed a nice appreciation of the necessity of letting their backs have the ball quickly, and the latter took their passes smartly and in their stride, one defect in the play of the side, and that, of course, in the case of a new team, was their inability to finish off serious one. was their inability to finish off serious one. was their inability to finish off serious one.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), AT 2 O'CLOCK, IN JAMES H. NORTH'S & CO.'S ESTATE SALEROOMS, 110 GRAFTON STREET, EXECUTORS' SALE.

P. J. BARRY, L.R.C.S.I., DECEASED.

ASHFIELD PARK HOUSE, ASHDALE RD., TERENURE.

A DESIRABLE, WELL-BUILT, DETACHED RESIDENCE, STANDING IN ABOUT 2 ACRES, WITH GATE LODGE. POSSESSION.

Held under lease for 400 years from 1909, subject to £25 per annum.

Portion of land adjoining garden, consisting of triangular plot, is sublet in plots for 10 years from 1st May, 1926, at rents amounting to £12 per annum; gate lodge let to weekly tenant at 4/- per week. Clear possession (save of plots and gate lodge) will be given to purchaser.

Messrs. O'KEEFE & LYNCH, Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 30 Molesworth street.

41 GROSVENOR ROAD, RATHGAR.

POSSESSION TO PURCHASER.

The House is in perfect order, and does not require any outlay whatever. Lease 735 years. Head rent, £5.

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ON VIEW THIS DAY. SALE TO-MORROW, AT 11 O'CLOCK, 43 FITZWILLIAM PLACE.

FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,

Principally the Property of the late Most Rev. and Right Honourable J. H. BERNARD, D.D., Provost of Trinity College, including: Antique Sideboards, Bureaux, Sofa Table, Revolving Bookcase, Mahogany and other Bookcases and Cabinets, Telescope Dining Table, Mahogany Circular and Half-round Tables, Cottage Pianoforte (Brooklyn), Bonduci Grand Pianoforte, by Broadwood and Son; Sarcophagus, Open Mahgany Sideboard, Benares Tray and Stand, Revolving Bookstands, Cupboards, Seta Chairs, Easy Chairs, Falling-leaf Tables, Occasional Chairs, Hall Table, etc.; Mahogany and other Wardrobes, Chests Drawers, Ash and Painted Bedroom Suites, Duchesse Washstand, Toilet Tables, Mirrors, Pedestals, Toilet Ware, Carpets, Rugs Bedsteads, with Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding; usual Bedroom Furniture, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils,

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS, 110 GRAFTON STREET.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES

ON VIEW TO-DAY, 10 TO 5 O'C. SALE TO-MORROW, "TIVOLI," CASTLE AV., CLONTARF.

CHARMING DETACHED RESIDENCE ON OVER AN ACRE. POSSESSION. Situated in the best part of this healthful district, and possessing fine accommodation. All in good order. Ground rent, £15. Lease, 150 years. Seen on our Order. Photo at Auctioneers. SALE OF HOUSE AT 12 O'CLOCK.

WM. S. BARRETT, Solicitor, 18 South Frederick street.

ALSO AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE.

EXCEPTIONALLY HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, DECORATIVE CHINA, OIL PAINTINGS AND ENGRAVINGS,

Including Chesterfield Suite in velvet pile, Inlaid Mahogany Drawingroom Suite in tapestry, Chippendale Diningroom Suite of 12 Chairs, with Morocco leather seats; magnificent Boule Cabinet and pair of ditto Pier Cabinets, ditto Centre Table, ditto Hall Clock, superb brass case Clock and pair of Candelabra, Gilt and Dresden China Clock and Candelabra, Crystal Chandelier fitted with electric light; Dresden large Centrepiece and pair of Vases, Imari large Vases, Majolica Candelabra, Gilt-frame Screen, Moorish Screen, Indian Bronze Vase, 6ft.; Gilt-frame Girandoles, Carved Walnut Overmantels, Mahogany screw Dining Table, magnificent Carved Oak Sideboard, Carved Walnut Cabinet Sideboard, Oil Paintings, Engravings and Water Colours, Silk and Lace Curtains, bean quality Axminster Carpets and Stairs Carpeting, Carved Walnut Bedroom Suite, with 6ft. mirror door; Wardrobe Toilet Table, with reflex cheval mirrors and marble-top pedestal Washstands; Satin Walnut and Maple Bedroom Suite, Inlaid Walnut Suite, All-brass Bedsteads and Bedding, Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, Table Glass and China, Plated Ware, including a massive Centrepiece, OUTDOOR EFFECTS, including Garden Vases and large Fountain, adorned with life-sized figures.

On View To-day, 10 to 5 o'clock. Admission to View and Sale by Ticket, 1/-. Terms—Cash and 5 per cent. fees.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS, 39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

ASHFIELD PARK HOUSE, TERENURE.

(THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE DR. P. J. BARRY.)

BENNETT & SON, LTD., M.I.A.A., are favoured with instructions from the EXECUTORS of the late P. J. BARRY, to SELL BY AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, and following day, THE

ENTIRE CONTENTS OF THE ABOVE RESIDENCE,

Particularly:—Chippendale and Sheraton Furniture, Old English Satinwood Table, Old Walnut Bureau, Diningroom Furniture, in Mahogany; Carved and Gilt-wood Console Tables and Mirrors, handsome Cut and Coloured Glass Chandelier, Boulle Cabinets and Tables, Pair of Mahogany Display Cabinets, Old Italian Cabinet of Ebony and Ivory, old Walnut Commode of Drawers, Collard and Collard Grand Piano, Billiardroom Appointments; Collection of old China and Glass, Silver and Plated Ware, Oil Paintings, Engravings, Bronzes, Statuettes, Clocks, Carpets, Linen, Blankets, Quilts, Curtains, Miniatures, superior Mahogany Bedroom Furniture; Library of Books on Art, Biography, Irish History, and Medical Works.

ON VIEW TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), OCTOBER 4th, 1927. Admission to View and Sale by Card, 1/- each. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

SOLICITORS: Messrs. O'KEEFE and LYNCH, Molesworth street.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED, M.I.A.A.

ON VIEW TO-DAY, 10 TILL 5.

ADAM'S SALEROOMS,

19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, NORTH.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), 4th OCTOBER, 1927, AND FOLLOWING DAY, at 12 o'clock.

AUCTION SALE OF ANTIQUE and MODERN FURNITURE, CHINA, etc.,

Comprising briefly:—Finely-made Inlaid French Cabinet, Louis and Ormolu and Ebon ditto; Antique Spanish Cabinet and Portoferraio Cabinet; Chesterfield Suites, Couches, Divan, Easy and Occasional Chairs; Occasional, Loo, Sofa, Falling-leaf and other Tables; Antique and Modern Bedroom Sideboard, Mah. and Jacobean Oak ditto, Mirror-back Chiffoniers, Antique Circular and 3-Tier Waiters, Set 10 Antique Hepplewhite Chairs, Sheraton Elbow ditto, Sets Oak and Mah. Dining Chairs, Mah. and Walnut Telescope Dinner Tables, Diningroom Suites, Antique Mah. and Walnut Bureaux, Mah. and Oak Davenports, Writing Tables, 2-Door and Revolving Bookcases, Antique Gilt Chippendale Mirror, Overmantels and Hall Stands, Tables and Chairs; Whatnots, Clocks, Plated Ware, Brass Coals and other Fenders, Coal Boxes, etc.; Oil Paintings, Water-colours and Old Coloured Prints, Old Worcester Dessert Tea and Coffee Services, Ornamental and Table Glass and China, Mah. and Oak and other Bedroom Suites; Mah. 2-Door, Gent.'s, and Combination Wardrobes; Duchess Toilet Tables, Swing Glasses and Ware; Walnut, Oak, Brass and B. and I. Bedsteads; Spring and Hair Mattresses, Blankets and Bedding; good Deal Kitchen Furniture, Kitchen Utensils, Linen, Tapestry Brussels Room and Stair Carpets and Rugs; Linos, Kitchen Mangle, Furniture and Utensils, Meat Safes, Trestles, Large Wooden Seat, Garden Roller, Marker and Tools, etc. Gent.'s Bicycle. On View To-day (Monday), 10 till 5. Sale To-morrow (Tuesday), at 4 o'clock, and following day at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees,

JAMES ADAM & SONS, Auctioneers and Appraisers, 27 MERRION ROW, and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.

NEXT AUCTION:

WEDNESDAY NEXT, OCT. 5th,

ENTRIES CLOSE THIS DAY (MONDAY)

35 Oxford Cross Ewes from H. D. Stevens; 25 Cheviot Ewes and 50 Cross-bred Lambs from Hugh Hoey, of Wicklow; 75 Cross-bred Ewes and Wether Lambs from Granville Proby; 57 Cross-bred Lambs from Lieut. Lindsay; 100 Wether Ewes from Captain Mulhearn; 40 Fat Black-faced Horny Wethers off the Galtee Mountains, also a number of Cross-bred Lambs and Ewes; prices of the different classes will be included in above sale.

GANLY, SONS & CO.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION

EVERY THURSDAY. ENTRIES INVITED.

GANLY, SONS & CO., USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.

FINAL AUCTION.

FRIDAY, 14th OCTOBER.

Early Entries will oblige.

CRAIGIE BROS., 37 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

EVENTS IN IRELAND are fully summarised in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES," with illustrations. Price 1d. Twopence.

BRAY, COUNTY WICKLOW.

SALE OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PREMISES.

TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), 4th OCTOBER, 1927, at 3 o'clock.

ROCHFORT DOYLE begs to announce that, acting on instructions received from Edward Broderick, Esq., he will OFFER FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on TO-MORROW (TUESDAY), 4th OCTOBER, 1927, at the Town Hall, Bray, the following Lots of valuable Property, situated on the Dargle road, Bray, viz.:—

LOT 1. Premises leased to Jane Miller, dated 22nd March, 1880, for a term of 99 years from 1st May, 1879, and containing 1 acre, 1 rood, 25 perches, late Irish Plantation Measure, subject to the yearly rent of £22 10s. Upon the premises there is a nice two-storeyed House, modern in design, and in first-class order, containing 2 sittingrooms, 5 bedrooms, bath, hot and cold water, kitchen, pantry, scullery; good out-offices, garden, and nicely laid-out pleasure grounds, now in the occupation of Robert J. Collins.

LOT 2. Charming slated Bungalow, known as Willsborough, containing half an acre, well planted, with stream running through grounds, containing 2 sittingrooms, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, bath, h. & c., kitchen, pantry, scullery, etc., let to Mr. R. D. Greer, under written agreement, at the yearly rent of £35, payable monthly.

LOT 3. Four-roomed House, with sittingroom, standing on half an acre, containing 2 sittingrooms, 3 bedrooms, maid's room, kitchen, pantry, etc.; let to Mrs. Hall at the yearly rent of £30. Healey-rent, £3 10s. and taxes.

LOT 4. Cottage and garden; let to Reps. of Mr. J. Nolan at the weekly tenancy at 3s. 5d. per week.

LOT 5. Field, containing 1 acre or thereabouts; let to Mr. J. Birney as a yearly tenancy at £4 per annum.

LOT 6. Field, containing 1 acre or thereabouts; let to Mr. W. Stanton as a yearly tenancy at £4 per annum.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to

ROCHFORT DOYLE, Auctioneer, GREYSTONES; or WILLIAM SMYTH and SON, Solicitors having Carriage of Sale, 29 Lower Gardiner street, Dublin.

BE REV. J. C. HEALY, P.P., DECEASED.

SALE OF MODERN HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, Piano, Library and Effects, in The Lime Saloon Four-seater Motor, 1926 (Dodge Bros.), self-starter, electric light, and in excellent condition; Milch Cow, Heifer, Donkey and Cart, Harness, etc., BY AUCTION, at PAROCHIAL HOUSE, KILQUADE, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, 5th OCTOBER, at 12 o'clock.

On View Morning of Sale.

ANDREW J. KEOGH, Auctioneer, 10 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.

BELFAST READERS.

The Irish Times is due to arrive in Belfast at 9.10 a.m. If it is not delivered within a reasonable time please communicate with our Branch Office, 139, Royal Avenue.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning. Price Twopence.

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CURTAINS, perfect Lace, 31 yards long, 3/6 pair; Lace Squares, 55 x 55, and Sideboard Runner, 54 inches, 3/- pair; mill prices; fast washing edges; gift with each order.—Duffy, Harrington Mills, Long Eaton, Notts.

ENGLISH Silver Lever Watch, perfect order, good timekeeper, 50/-; Lady's Silver (nurse's) Watch, perfect order, 20/-; both approval.—M 360, this office. 1 D

FOR Sale, combined Billiard and Dining Table, by Riley, 7ft. by 4, in excellent condition; £9 or nearest offer. 12 Cowper Villas, Rathmines. 29 B

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SAND and Gravel (finest building), delivered west side city; state offers per ton. Address "Z 1837, Sand," this office. 28 A

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WANTED, Yearly Tenancy Hunting Stable; state number, lowest price.—Address 1801, Watch, this office. 30 C

WANTED, medium size Roll Top Desk, cheap.—Reply Ardsallagh, Mayfield road, Terenure. 28 E

MACHINERY.

ANGLE Fencing, Posts 6 ft. long, holed and pointed; Barbed and Plain Fencing Wire, Gates, Angles, Staples, soft and hard, 4-cwt. kegs, 40ft. and 90ft. coils, 4-ft. high; Anvils, Girders, etc.—McGowan Brothers, Store street, Dublin.

ABOUT Turbine—Robert Craig and Sons (Engineers), Ltd., York Street Engineering Works, Great George's street, Belfast. Specialists: Turbine Setting, Centrifugal Pumps and Air Compressors for all powers, quantities and pressures.

ACETYLENE Generators, leading Continental make, with newest improvements; price £8.—Mayne and Co., Ltd., Shelbourne Engineering Works, Dublin.

FOR Sale, Lancashire Boiler, 27 x 7', 6/- pair; 12ft. by 7ft., complete with all mountings.—Hammond Lane Foundry Co., Ltd., 18 and 20 Upper Pembroke street.

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WANTED, Bamford or Bentall Brunsing and Grinding Machine; must be in good condition; capacity, price and other particulars.—M 283, this office. 28 A

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PATRICK Cahill, Optician to His Holiness Pope Pius XI., 13 Wellington quay; 100 years established high class work; moderate price. 78 22

TIMBER.

LARCH, Ash and Sycamore Wanted for cash, large or small quantities, standing or on rails; distance no object; good prices.—S. Hanson, 79 Tritonville road, Sandymount.

TIMBER for Sale—Large quantity of Timber, all sorts, for Sale, in a large demesne in the County of Meath. For particulars apply to Thomas Cranny and Son, 14 Kip place, Dublin. 1 O

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

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GUN Repairs of every description executed on the premises by skilled gunsmiths; moderate charges; best workmanship; particulars attention.—I. Keegan, Gunmaker, Ins quay, Dublin. 2 1

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